Forms & Instructions

California 540 & 540A

2009 Personal Income Tax Booklet

Members of the Franchise Tax Board

John Chiang, Chair Betty T. Yee, Member Michael C. Genest, Member

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD

Table of Contents

Important Due Dates	Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments — Residents	
Do I Have to File?	Schedule D (540) , California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment	33
What's New and Other Important Information for 2009 4	FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments	35
Which Form Should I Use? 5	FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals	
Instructions for Form 540/540A 7	Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals	38
Sales and Use Tax Rates by County18	Instructions for Form 540-ES	41
Additional Information	Instructions for Schedule CA (540)	43
Frequently Asked Questions	Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record	50
Credit Chart	FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit	51
Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions	Instructions for FTB 3506	53
How To Get California Tax Information	2009 California Tax Table	57
Privacy Notice23	2009 California Tax Rate Schedules	62
Form 540A, California Resident Income Tax Return	Automated Phone Service	63
Form 5/10 California Resident Income Tay Return 27		

Important Due Dates

When the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the deadline to file and pay without penalty is extended to the next business day.

April 15, 2010	Last day to file and pay the 2009 amount you owe to avoid penalties and interest.* See form FTB 3519 on page 37 for more information.
	*If you are living or traveling outside the United States on April 15, 2010, the due dates for filing your return and paying your tax are different. See form FTB 3519 on page 37 for more information.
October 15, 2010	Last day to file or e-file your 2009 return to avoid penalties and interest computed from the original due date of April 15, 2010.
April 15, 2010 June 15, 2010 September 15, 2010 January 18, 2011	Due dates for 2010 estimated tax payments. Generally, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if your California withholding in each payment period totals 90% of your required annual payment. Also, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you will pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your return under \$500 (\$250 if married/registered domestic partner (RDP) filing separately). However, if you do not pay enough tax either through withholding or by making estimated tax payments, you may have an underpayment penalty. See Form 540-ES instructions on page 41 for more information.

\$\$\$ for You

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) – EITC reduces your federal tax obligation, or allows a refund if no federal tax is due. You may qualify if:

- You earned less than \$43,279 (\$48,279 if married filing jointly) and have qualifying children.
- You have no qualifying children and you earned less than \$13,440 (\$18,440 if married filing jointly).

Call the IRS at 800.829.4477, when instructed enter topic 601, see your federal income tax booklet, or go to the IRS website at irs.gov and search for **eitc assistant**. Currently, no comparable state credit exists.

Refund of Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) - If you worked for at least two employers during 2009 who together paid you more than \$90,669 in wages, you may qualify for a refund of excess SDI. See the instructions on page 13.

Common Errors and How to Prevent Them

Help us process your return quickly and accurately. When we find an error, it requires us to stop to verify the information on the return, which slows processing. The most common errors consist of:

- Claiming the wrong amount of estimated tax payments
- Claiming the wrong amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions
- Making tax computation errors
- Calculating the wrong amount of total credits

To avoid errors and help process your return faster, use these helpful hints when preparing your return.

Claiming estimated tax payments:

- Verify the amount of estimated tax payments claimed on your return matches what you sent to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) for that year. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account to view your total estimated tax payments before you file your return.
- Verify the overpayment amount from your 2008 tax return you requested to be applied to your 2009 estimated tax.
- If the FTB records do not match the amount of estimated tax payments claimed, a "Return Information Notice" will be sent explaining the difference.

Claiming standard deduction or itemized deductions:

See Form 540/540A, line 18 instructions and worksheets for the amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions you can claim.

Computing your tax:

- Verify the total tax amount on Form 540/540A, line 64 is calculated correctly.
- Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **tax calculator** to compute your tax with the tax calculator or with the tax tables.
- Locate the correct tax amount from the tax table (page 57) and transfer it to your return correctly.
- Verify any affected schedule to ensure that the total tax amount is correctly transferred over.

Calculating total credits:

 Verify the total credits on Form 540/540A, line 47 to ensure the amount is calculated correctly.

By using the helpful hints above, you assist in preventing delays in processing your return and unnecessary account adjustments.



Census Day is April 1, 2010 - The 2010 Census is a count of everyone living in the United States. This count is mandated by the U.S. Constitution. You should receive your 2010 Census questionnaire in mid-March. The 2010 questionnaire is one of the shortest in history. It's just 10 questions and it takes about 10 minutes to complete.

Every year Californians pay taxes to the Federal government. Every decade Californians have an opportunity to receive money back from the Federal government through the census. Don't let California go undercounted.

For more information, visit www.census.gov and www.californiacompletecount.org



Do I Have to File?

Steps to Determine Filing Requirement

Step 1: Is your gross income (all income received from all sources in the form of money, goods, property, and services that are not exempt from tax) more than the amount shown in the California Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 2.

Step 2: Is your adjusted gross income (federal adjusted gross income from all sources reduced or increased by all California income adjustments) more than the amount shown in the California Adjusted

Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 3.

Step 3: If your income is less than the amounts on the chart you may still have a filing requirement. See "Requirements for Children with Investment Income" and "Other Situations When You Must File" on this page. Do those instructions apply to you? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 4.

Step 4: Are you married/RDP filing separately with separate property income? If no, you do not have a filing requirement. If yes, prepare a return. If you owe tax, you have a filing requirement.

On 12/31/09,	and on 12/31/09,	Califo	rnia Gross In	come	California Adjusted Gross Income			
my filing status was:	my age was:		Dependents		Dependents			
	(If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2010, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2009)	0	1	2 or more	0	1	2 or more	
Single or Head of household	Under 65 65 or older	14,622 19,522	17,889 21,972	20,339 23,932	11,698 16,598	14,965 19,048	17,415 21,008	
Married/RDP filing jointly Married/RDP filing separately (The income of both spouses/RDPs must be combined; both spouses/RDPs may be required to file a tax return even if only one spouse/RDP had income over the amounts listed.)	Under 65 (both spouses/RDPs) 65 or older (one spouse/RDP) 65 or older (both spouses/RDPs)	29,245 34,145 39,045	32,512 36,595 41,495	34,962 38,555 43,455	23,396 28,296 33,196	26,663 30,746 35,646	29,113 32,706 37,606	
Qualifying widow(er)	Under 65 65 or older		17,889 21,972	20,339 23,932		14,965 19,048	17,415 21,008	
Dependent of another person Any filing status	Any age	More than your standard deduction (Use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 9 to figure your standard deduction.)					orksheet for	

Requirements for Children with Investment Income

Federal law allows parents' election to report a child's interest and dividend income from a child 18 and under or a student under age 24 on their return. California allows you to report your child's interest and dividend income on your return if they are under age 14. For each child under age 14 who received more than \$1,900 of investment income in 2009, complete Form 540 and form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children Under Age 14 with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Form 540 for your child.

If you qualify, you may elect to report your child's income of \$9,500 or less (but not less than \$950) on your return by completing form FTB 3803. Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. To make this election, your child's income must be only from interest and/or dividends. To get form FTB 3800 or FTB 3803, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63 or go to ftb.ca.gov.

Other Situations When You Must File

If you have a tax liability for 2009 or owe any of the following taxes for 2009, you must file Form 540.

- Tax on a lump-sum distribution.
- Tax on a qualified retirement plan including an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA) or an Archer Medical Savings Account (MSA).
- Tax for children under age 14 who have investment income greater than \$1,900 (see paragraph above).
- Alternative minimum tax.
- Recapture taxes.
- Deferred tax on certain installment obligations.
- Tax on an accumulation distribution from a trust.

Filing Status

Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal income tax return, unless you are in a same-sex marriage (explained under What's New on page 6) or a registered domestic partnership (RDP). If you are a same-sex married individual or an RDP and file single for federal, you must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing

separately for California. If you are a same-sex married individual or an RDP and file head of household for federal purposes, you may file head of household for California purposes only if you meet the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a domestic partnership.

Exception: If you file a joint return for federal purposes, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2009.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2009.

Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state, community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception.

If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California that you would have used to file a federal income tax return.

If you filed a joint return and either you or your spouse/RDP was a nonresident for 2009, file the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - RDPs under California law must file their California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/ RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information on what states have legal unions that are considered substantially equivalent, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for attorney general.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to

(continued on next page)

Do I Have to File? (continued)

both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Single – If any of the following was true on December 31, 2009:

- You were not married or an RDP.
- You were divorced under a final decree of divorce, legally separated under a final decree of legal separation, or terminated your registered domestic partnership.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2009, and did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2009.

Married/RDP Filing Jointly – If any of the following is true:

- You were married or an RDP as of December 31, 2009, even if you did not live with your spouse/RDP at the end of 2009.
- Your spouse/RDP died in 2009 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2009.
- Your spouse/RDP died in 2010 before you filed a 2009 return.

Married/RDP Filing Separately

- Community property rules apply to the division of income if you use the married/RDP filing separately status. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/RDP Filing Separate Returns, or FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
- You cannot claim a personal exemption credit for your spouse/RDP even if your spouse/RDP had no income, is not filing a return, and is not claimed as a dependent on another person's return.
- You may be able to file as head of household if your child lived with you and you lived apart from your spouse/RDP during the entire last six months of 2009.

Head of Household

For the specific requirements that must be met to qualify for head of household filing status, get FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status Information. In general, head of household filing status is for unmarried individuals and certain married individuals or RDPs living apart who provide a home for a specified relative. You may be entitled to use head of household filing status if all of the following apply:

- You were unmarried and not in a registered domestic partnership, or you met the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a registered domestic partnership on December 31, 2009.
- You paid more than one-half the cost of keeping up your home for the vear in 2009.
- For more than half the year, your home was the main home for you and one of the specified relatives who by law can qualify you for head of household filing status.
- You were not a nonresident alien at any time during the year.

For a child to qualify as your foster child for head of household purposes, the child must either be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by order of a court.

For more information, get FTB Pub. 1540 at ftb.ca.gov or see code 934 on page 63 to order FTB Pub.1540 by telephone.

Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child

Fill in the circle on Form 540/540A, line 5 and use the joint return tax rates for 2009 if all five of the following apply:

- Your spouse/RDP died in 2007 or 2008 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2009.
- You have a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child whom you can claim as a dependent.
- This child lived in your home for all of 2009. Temporary absences. such as for vacation or school, count as time lived in the home.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for this child.
- You could have filed a joint return with your spouse/RDP the year he or she died, even if you actually did not do so.

What's New and Other Important Information for 2009

Differences between California and Federal Law

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpavers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

2009 Tax Law Changes/What's New

Tax Increase – Beginning on January 1, 2009, the tax rate increased by

Dependent Exemptions Credits – Beginning on January 1, 2009, the dependent exemption credit decreased from \$309 to \$98 per dependent exemption.

Home Credit – For taxable years beginning on or after March 1, 2009. and before March 1, 2010, a home credit against net tax will be allowed for the purchase of a never been occupied home in an amount equal to the lesser of five percent of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). For more information, go

to ftb.ca.gov and search for home credit or get FTB Pub. 3528, New Home Credit.

California Film and Television Tax Credit – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, a film and television credit against the net tax will be allowed. The credit, which is allocated and certified by the California Film Commission, is 20% of expenditures attributable to a qualified motion picture and 25% of production expenditures attributable to an independent film or a TV series that relocates to California. The California Film Commission will accept applications on a first come, first served basis beginning on July 1, 2009. For more information, go to film.ca.gov and search for incentives.

New Jobs Credit - For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, a new jobs credit against net tax will be allowed for a qualified employer in the amount of \$3,000 for each qualified full-time employee hired during the taxable year that increases the employer's number of full-time employees over the previous year. This is determined on an annual full-time equivalent basis. Any credits not used in the taxable year may be carried forward up to eight years. For more information go to ftb.ca.gov and search for new jobs or get form FTB 3527, New Jobs

Natural Heritage Preservation Credit – The funding for the Natural Heritage Preservation Credit is available beginning January 1, 2010, until June 30, 2015. Currently there is no funding available to award or claim credits for the period from July 1, 2008, to December 31, 2009. However, carryover is not affected for previously awarded credits.

Mandatory Electronic Payments - You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment

(continued on page 6)

Which Form Should I Use?



e-file and you won't have to decide which form to use! The software will select the correct form for you.

Were you and your spouse/RDP residents during the entire year 2009?

Yes. Check the chart below to see which form to use.

No. Use the Long or Short Form 540NR. To download or order the California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Booklet, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see page 23, "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

	Form 540 2EZ Form not included in this booklet. If you qualify to use Form 540 2EZ, see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23 to download or order this form.	Form 540A	Form 540
Filing Status	Single, married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, qualifying widow(er)	Any filing status	Any filing status
Dependents	0-3 allowed	All dependents you are entitled to claim	All dependents you are entitled to claim
Amount of Income	Total income of: • \$100,000 or less if single or head of household • \$200,000 or less if married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) You cannot use Form 540 2EZ if you (or your spouse/RDP) can be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer, and your TOTAL income is less than or equal to \$11,187 if single; \$22,324 if married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or \$15,124 if head of household.	Any amount of income	Any amount of income
Sources of Income	Only income from: Wages, salaries, and tips Taxable interest, dividends, and pensions Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants (only if reported on Form(s) W-2) Capital gains from mutual funds (reported on Form 1099DIV, box 2a only) Unemployment compensation reported on Form 1099-G Paid Family Leave Insurance U.S. social security benefits Tier 1 and tier 2 railroad retirement payments	Only income from: Wages, salaries, and tips Interest and dividends Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants Capital gains from mutual funds (reported on Form 1099DIV, box 2a only) Unemployment compensation reported on Form 1099-G Paid Family Leave Insurance U.S. social security benefits Tier 1 and tier 2 railroad retirement payments Fully and partially taxable IRA distributions, pensions, and annuities Alimony	All sources of income
Adjustments to Income	No adjustments to income	Allowed if the amount is the same as your federal adjustments to income. If you claimed educator expenses or the tuition and fees deduction, do not file Form 540A. Instead file Form 540.	All adjustments to income
Standard Deduction	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Itemized Deductions	No itemized deductions	Allowed if the amount is the same as your federal itemized deductions (except for state, local, and foreign taxes paid)	All itemized deuctions
Payments	Only withholding shown on Form(s) W-2 and 1099-R	Withholding shown on Form(s) W-2 and 1099-R Estimated tax payments Payments made with extension voucher Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI)	Withholding shown on Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 1099, 592-B, and 593 Estimated tax payments Payments made with extension voucher Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI)
Tax Credits	Personal exemption credit Senior exemption credit Up to three dependent exemption credits Nonrefundable renter's credit	Personal exemption credit Senior exemption credit Blind exemption credit Dependent exemption credit Nonrefundable renter's credit Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit	All tax credits
Other Taxes	Only tax computed using the 540 2EZ Table	Tax computed using the tax table Mental Health Services Tax	All taxes



If you qualify to use 540 2EZ or 540A, you may be eligible to use CalFile. Visit ftb.ca.gov and search for calfile. It's fast, easy, and free.

If you don't qualify for CalFile, you qualify for e-file.

Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile.

What's New and Other Important Information for 2009 (continued from page 4)

exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000 for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty.

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**.

Conformity – For updates regarding the following federal act, go to **ftb.** ca.gov and search for conformity.

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Estimated Tax Payments – Installments due for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2010, shall be 30% of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, 40% of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and 30% of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.

Taxpayers with a tax liability less than \$500 (\$250 for married/RDP filing separately) do not need to make estimated tax payments.

Same-Sex Married Couples – Married couples must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. On May 26, 2009, the California Supreme Court ruled that the Proposition 8 constitutional amendment is valid and only marriage between a man and a woman is recognized in California. However, the court also held that same-sex couple marriages performed in California after 5:00 p.m. on June 16, 2008, and before November 5, 2008, are valid marriages for California purposes. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for same sex married couples.

Same-Sex Marriages Outside the State of California — On October 11, 2009, the Governor signed Senate Bill 54, which provides that a marriage between two persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California prior to November 5, 2008, that was valid by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted, is valid in California. The bill also provides that a marriage between two persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California on or after November 5, 2008, that was valid by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted have the same rights and responsibilities as spouses with the sole exception of the designation of "marriage."

Consequently, beginning in taxable year 2010, persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California that is valid according to the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted must file their California income tax return using either the joint or separate filing status.

Southern California Wildfires 2008 – For tax treatment information for victims of wildfires in Los Angeles and Ventura counties that commenced in October 2008 or November 2008 and wildfires in Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Santa Barbara counties that commenced in November 2008, get FTB Pub. 1034, Disaster Loss How to Claim a State Tax Deduction.

Santa Barbara Wildfires – For tax treatment information for victims of the Santa Barbara county wildfires that commenced in May 2009, get FTB Pub. 1034.

Other Important Information

Net Operating Loss – For taxable years beginning in 2008 and 2009, California has suspended the net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover an NOL during the suspension period. However, taxpayers with net business income of less than \$500,000 or with disaster loss carryovers are not affected by the NOL suspension rules.

The carryover period for suspended losses is extended by:

- Two years for losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2008.
- One year for losses incurred in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2009.

Also, NOL carryovers and the number of taxable years to which the loss may be carried are modified. For more information, see form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations – Individuals.

NOL carrybacks shall not be allowed for any net operating losses attributable to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2011. For more information on NOL carrybacks, see form FTB 3805V.

Business Tax Credit Limitation – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2010, there is a limitation on the application of business tax credits for taxpayers whose net business income is \$500,000 or more. The limitation is equal to 50 percent of the net tax before the application of any credits.

Round Cents to Dollars – Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round \$50.50 up to \$51 or round \$25.49 down to \$25. If you do not round, the FTB will disregard the cents.

Direct Deposit Refund – You can request a direct deposit refund on your tax return whether you e-file or file a paper return. Be sure to fill in the routing and account numbers carefully and double-check the numbers for accuracy to avoid it being rejected by your bank.

ReadyReturn – If you are single and your income is only from wages, you may qualify for ReadyReturn. It simplifies the filing process by pre-filling a tax return with information the state already has. For more information and to see if you qualify, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **readyreturn** or call 800.338.0505.

Withholding on California Real Estate — For transactions occurring on or after January 1, 2007, that require withholding, a seller of California real estate may elect an alternative to withholding 3 1/3 percent of the total sales price. The seller may elect an alternative withholding amount based on the maximum tax rate for individuals, corporations, or banks and financial corporations, as applied to the gain on the sale. The seller is required to certify under penalty of perjury the alternative withholding amount to the FTB. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, the buyer is required to withhold on each installment sale payment if the sale of California real property is structured as an installment sale.

Tax Shelter – If the individual was involved in a reportable transaction, including a listed transaction, the individual may have a disclosure requirement. Attach federal Form 8886, Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement, to the back of the California return along with any other supporting schedules. If this is the first time the reportable transaction is disclosed on the return, send a duplicate copy of the federal Form 8886 to the address below. The FTB may impose penalties if the individual fails to file federal Form 8886, or fails to provide any other required information. A material advisor is required to provide a reportable transaction number to all taxpayers and material advisors for whom the material advisor acts as a material advisor.

ATSU 398 MS F385 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1673 SACRAMENTO CA 95812-9900

For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **tax shelters**.

Instructions for Form 540/540A — California Resident Income Tax Return

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC)

Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040EZ) before you begin your California Form 540/540A. Use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Form 540/540A. Complete and mail Form 540/540A by April 15, 2010. If unable to mail your tax return by the due date, see page 2.



You may qualify for the federal earned income credit. See page 2 for more information. No comparable state credit exists

Note: The lines on Form 540/540A have been renumbered with gaps in the line number sequence. For example, lines 20 through 30 do not appear on Form 540/540A, so the line number that follows line 19 on Form 540/540A is line 31.

Filling in Your Tax Return

- Use black or blue ballpoint pen on the tax return you send to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).
- Enter your social security number(s) (SSN) or individual taxpayer
- identification number(s) (ITIN) at the top of Form 540/540A, Side 1. Print numbers and CAPITAL LETTERS between the combed lines. Be sure to line up dollar amounts.
- Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round \$50.50 up to \$51 or round \$25.49 down to \$25.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank unless the instructions for a line specifically tell you to enter -0-. **Do not** enter a dash, or the word "NONE."

Name(s) and Address

Print your first name, middle initial, last name, and address in the spaces provided at the top of Form 540/540A.

Private Mail Box

Include the Private Mail Box (PMB) in the address field. Write "PMB" first, then the box number. Example: 111 Main Street PMB 123.

Enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.

Principal Business Activity (PBA) Code (Form 540 only)

For federal Schedule C (Form 1040) business filers, enter the numeric principal business activity code from federal Schedule C (Form 1040), line B.

If you or your spouse/RDP filed your 2008 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2008 tax return.

Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSN in the spaces provided. To protect your privacy, your SSN is not printed on the tax booklet with your name and address. If filing a joint tax return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

If you do not have an SSN because you are a nonresident or resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the IRS issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space for the SSN. An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for an SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9.

Filing Status

Line 1 through Line 5 – Filing Status

Fill in only one of the circles for line 1 through line 5. Enter the required additional information if you filled in the circle on line 3 or line 5. For filing status requirements, see page 3.

Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal

Exception: If you file a joint tax return for federal, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2009.

A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2009.

Caution - Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state. community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception.

If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California you would have used to file a federal income tax return.

Same-sex married individuals or registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file single for federal must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately for California.

If you filed a joint tax return and either you or your spouse/RDP was a nonresident for 2009, you must file the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.

Exemptions

Line 6 – Can be Claimed as Dependent



Fill in the circle on line 6 if someone else can claim you or your spouse/RDP as a dependent on his or her tax return, even if he or she chooses not to.

Line 7 – Personal Exemptions

Did you fill in the circle on line 6?

Follow the instructions on Form 540/540A, line 7.

Yes Ignore the instructions on Form 540/540A, line 7. Instead, enter in the box on line 7 the amount shown below for your filing status:

- Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter -0-.
- Head of household, enter -0-.
- Married/RDP filing jointly and both you and your spouse/RDP can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-.
- Married/RDP filing jointly and only one spouse/RDP can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return.

Line 8 – Blind Exemptions

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor's statement to the back of Form 540/540A indicating you or your spouse/RDP are visually impaired. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 9 – Senior Exemptions

If you were 65 years of age or older by December 31, 2009,* you should claim an additional exemption credit on line 9. If you are married or an RDP, each spouse/RDP 65 years of age or older should claim an additional credit. You may contribute all or part of this credit to the California Seniors Special Fund. See page 22 for information about this fund.

*If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2010, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2009.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 10 – Dependent Exemptions

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, write each dependent's name and relationship to you in the space provided. If you are claiming more than three dependents, attach a separate schedule. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

Line 11 – Exemption Amount

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total dollar amount of all exemptions for personal, blind, senior, and dependent.

Taxable Income

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section.

Instructions: Form 540/540A e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Line 12 - State Wages



Enter the total amount of your state wages from all states from each of your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. This amount appears on Form W-2, box 16.

If you received wages and do not have a Form W-2, see "Attachments to your tax return" on page 17.

Line 13 – Federal Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) from Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; or 1040EZ, line 4

Same-sex married couples (SSMCs) or RDPs who file a California tax return as married/RDP filing jointly and have no SSMC adjustments or RDP adjustments between federal and California, combine their individual AGIs from their federal tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Enter the combined AGI on Form 540/540A, line 13.

SSMC adjustments and RDP adjustments include but are not limited to the following:

- Transfer of property between spouses/RDPs
- Capital loss
- Transactions between spouses/RDPs
- Sale of residence
- Dependent care assistance
- Investment interest
- · Qualified residence interest acquisition loan & equity loan
- Expense depreciation property limits
- Individual Retirement Account
- Interest education loan
- · Rental real estate passive loss
- Rollover of publicly traded securities gain into specialized small business investment companies

Same-sex married individuals filing as married/RDP filing separately, former spouses of a same-sex marriage filing separately, and SSMCs with SSMC adjustments will use the California SSMC Adjustment Worksheet in FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California SSMC Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Form 540/540A. line 13.

RDPs filing as married/RDP filing separately, former RDPs filing separately, and RDPs with RDP adjustments will use the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet in FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Form 540/540A, line 13.

Line 14 (Form 540) – California Adjustments – Subtractions [from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B]

If there are no differences between your federal and California income or deductions, do not file a Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments — Residents.

If there are differences between your federal and California income or deductions, complete Schedule CA (540). Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540) beginning on page 43. Enter on line 14 the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B. If a negative amount, see Schedule CA (540), line 37 instructions, page 48.

Line 14a (Form 540A) – State Income Tax Refund

Enter the amount of any state income tax refund shown on your federal Form 1040, line 10. If you filed federal Forms 1040A or 1040EZ, enter -0-.

Line 14b (Form 540A) – Unemployment Compensation

Enter the total of any unemployment compensation and/or Paid Family Leave Insurance benefits reported on federal Form(s) 1099-G, Certain Government Payments, and shown on your federal return. These types of income are not taxed by California and should be included on line 14b and in the total for line 14g.

Line 14c (Form 540A) – Social Security Benefits (and Tier 1 or Tier 2 Railroad Retirement Benefits)

- Enter the amount of U.S. social security benefits or equivalent tier 1 railroad retirement benefits reported on federal Form 1040A, line 14b or Form 1040, line 20b
- Enter the amount of tier 1 (non-social security equivalent) and tier 2 railroad retirement benefits included in the amount on federal Form 1040A, line 12b or Form 1040, line 16b.

Do not include any other pension amounts on this line. If you filed Form 1040EZ, enter -0-.

Line 14d (Form 540A) – California Nontaxable Interest or Dividend Income

California does not tax interest earned from:

- · United States savings bonds.
- United States Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.
- Bonds or obligations of United States territories, and government agency obligations specifically exempted by federal law.

Enter only the amount of interest that you received from these sources and that you included in the amount reported on your federal Form 1040A, line 8a; Form 1040, line 8a; or Form 1040EZ, line 2.

Interest from municipal or state bonds from a state other than California: This interest is taxed by California. You may not use Form 540A. Use Form 540, e-file, or CalFile.

Interest from Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Bonds, Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) Bonds, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities: This interest is taxed by California. Do not enter it on line 14d.

Exempt-interest dividends from mutual funds: Certain mutual funds are qualified to pay "exempt-interest dividends" if at least 50% of their assets consist of tax-exempt government obligations. The portion of the dividends that are tax-exempt will be shown on your annual statement from the mutual fund. If the amount of California tax-exempt interest is more than the amount of federal tax-exempt interest, enter the difference on line 14d. If the amount of California tax-exempt interest is less than the amount of federal tax-exempt interest, you may not use Form 540A. Use Form 540, e-file, or Califile

Line 14e (Form 540A) – California Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distributions

Differences may exist between the taxable amounts of federal and California IRA distributions, pensions, and annuities. Enter any differences on line 14e and line 14f.

You cannot use Form 540A if you have Roth IRA conversions or distributions. Use Form 540, e-file, or CalFile.

The method of taxing IRA distributions is generally the same for California and federal purposes. However, there may be significant differences in the taxable amount depending on when you made your contributions.

The maximum IRA contribution allowed as a deduction for California was less than the maximum amount allowed for federal for years 1975 and 1982 through 1986. If you made contributions during these years, report the difference between the deduction you took for federal and the deduction you took for California on this line. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Report the difference between your California and your federal taxable IRA distributions on line 14e. Attach Form 1099-R to your Form 540A if tax was withheld.

Line 14f (Form 540A) – Non-taxable Pensions and Annuities

Generally, you will not make any adjustments on this line. You should not make an adjustment solely because the pension was earned in another state. Federal and State tax laws require California residents to pay state income tax on all taxable pensions, regardless of where they were earned. However, California law treats railroad retirement benefits differently. If you received tier 2 railroad retirement benefits, tier 1 (non-social security equivalent) (included in the amount on federal Form 1040A, line 12b or Form 1040, line 16b), or partially taxable distributions from a pension plan, you may need to make the adjustment described on this page.

If you received a federal Form RRB-1099-R, Annuities or Pensions by the Railroad Retirement Board, for railroad retirement benefits and included all or part of these benefits in federal AGI on line 13, enter the taxable benefit amount on line 14f.

If you began receiving a retirement annuity between July 1, 1986, and January 1, 1987, and you elected to use the three-year recovery rule for California, make an adjustment because your federal taxable amount is less than your California taxable amount. Figure the difference between the gross distribution shown on your Form 1099-R, box 1 and the taxable amount shown in box 2a. Enter the difference in parentheses on line 14f. For example: "(12,325)."

If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit sharing or retirement plan and choose the 10-year averaging method you may pay less tax on the distribution. To use this method file Form 540. See the instructions for Form 540 and get Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions (not in this booklet), for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on

California law now conforms to certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) related to pension plans and deferred compensation, as those provisions apply for federal purposes including amendments to the IRC that may be enacted in the future.

Line 14g (Form 540A) – Total California Income Adjustments

Combine line 14a through line 14f. If the result is less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses. For example, "(13,325)."

Line 15 (Form 540) – Subtotal

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. Enter the result on line 15. If the amount on line 13 is less than zero, combine the amounts on line 13 and line 14 and enter the result in parentheses. For example: "(12,325)."

Line 16 (Form 540) – California Adjustments – Additions [from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C]

If there are differences between your federal and California income or deductions, complete Schedule CA (540). Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540) beginning on page 43. Enter on line 16 the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C. If a negative amount, see Schedule CA (540), line 37 instructions, page 48.

Line 18 – California Itemized Deductions or California Standard Deduction

Decide whether to itemize your charitable contributions, medical expenses, interest paid, taxes, etc., or take the standard deduction. Your California income tax will be less if you take the larger of:

- Your California itemized deductions.
- Your California standard deduction.

California itemized deductions may be limited based on federal AGI. To compute limitations, use Schedule CA (540). RDPs use your recalculated federal AGI to figure your itemized deductions.

On federal tax returns, individual taxpayers who claim the standard deduction are allowed an additional deduction for state and local real estate taxes paid, new motor vehicle taxes, and disaster losses. For California, deductions for state and local real estate taxes paid, new motor vehicle taxes, and disaster losses are only allowed for those individual taxpayers who itemized their deductions.

If married or an RDP and filing separate tax returns, you and your spouse/ RDP must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.

Form 540 – If someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, use the Form 540 - California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on this page.

Form 540A - If someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, use the Form 540A – California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on this page.

Form 540 - Itemized deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44. Enter the result on Form 540, line 18.

If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Form 540, first complete a sample federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete Schedule CA (540), Part IÌ, line 38 through line 44. Attach both the federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and California Schedule CA (540) to the back of your tax return.

Form 540A - Itemized deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing the Form 540A - California Itemized Deductions Worksheet on the next page. Enter the result on Form 540A, line 18.

If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Form 540A, first complete a federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete the Form 540A -California Itemized Deductions Worksheet on the next page. **Do not** attach federal Schedule A (Form 1040) to your Form 540A.

Standard deduction. Find your standard deduction on the California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People on this page. If you filled in the circle on Form 540/540A, line 6, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on this page.

Instructions: Form 540/540A

California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People

Do not use this chart if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on his or her tax return.

(or your opouror, rize) as a appoint on the contraction					
Your Filing Status	Enter On Line 18				
1 – Single	\$7,274 \$3,637 \$7,274				
The California standard deduction amounts are less that dard deduction amounts.	an the federal stan-				

Form 540 – California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents Use this worksheet only if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on his or her tax return. **Use whole** dollars only.

1. Enter your earned income from: line 3 of the "Standard Deduction Worksheet" in the instructions for federal Form 1040; Form 1040A; or from line A of the worksheet on the back of Form 1040EZ	1	
2. Minimum standard deduction	2	\$950.00
3. Enter the larger of line 1 or line 2 here	3	
 4. Enter the amount shown for your filing status Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter \$3,637 Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er), enter \$7,274 	4	
5. Standard deduction. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4 here and on Form 540, line 18	. 5	

Form 540A – If you filled in the circle on Form 540A, line 6, enter your wages, salaries, and tips on the Form 540A — California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents, line 1 on this page. If you have earned income other than wages, then file Form 540 and use the standard deduction worksheet for that form.

Form 540A – California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents Use this worksheet only if someone else can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on his or her tax return. Use whole dollars only.

1.	all your Form(s) W-2, box 1.(You may also refer to federal Form 1040EZ, line 1;		
	Form 1040A, line 7; or Form 1040, line 7)	1_	
2.		2	\$300.00
3.	Add line 1 and line 2. Enter total here	3	
4.	Minimum standard deduction	4	\$950.00
	Enter the larger of line 3 or line 4 here	5	
6.	 Enter the amount shown for your filing status: Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter \$3,637 	6	
	 Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) enter \$7,274 		
7.	Standard deduction. Enter the smaller of	_	
	line 5 or line 6 here and on Form 5404 line 18	/	

Instructions: Form 540/540A e-file at ftb.ca.gov

	Form 540A – California Itemized Deductions Wo Use whole dollars only.	orksheet
1.	Federal itemized deductions: Add the amounts	
	on federal Schedule A (Form 1040),	
0	lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28	
2.	Add the following amounts from federal	
	Schedule A (Form 1040) and enter on line 2	
	Line 5, state and local	
	income tax or general sales tax:	
	State Disability Insurance (SDI): Line 7, now meter vehicle tow	
	• Line 7, new motor vehicle tax:	0
2	Line 8, foreign income taxes: Cubtract line 2 from line 1. This amount is your.	2
٥.	Subtract line 2 from line 1. This amount is your total California itemized deductions	3
	Is the amount on Form 540A, line 13, more than	ა
4.		
	the amount shown below for your filing status? Single or married/RDP	
	filing separately \$160,739	
	Married/RDP filing jointly or	
	qualifying widow(er) \$321,483	
	Head of household\$21,403	
	Yes Continue to line 5 of this worksheet	
	No Enter on Form 540A, line 18, the larger of:	
	• The amount on line 3; or,	
	 Your standard deduction* shown below: 	
	Single or married/RDP	
	filing separately\$3,637	
	Married/RDP filing jointly, head of	
	household, or qualifying widow(er) \$7,274	
	Do not complete the rest of this worksheet.	
5.	Using California amounts, add the amounts on	
-	federal Schedule A, (Form 1040) lines 4, 14, 20,	
	and any gambling losses included on line 28	5
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 3	
	If zero, skip line 7 through line 12, enter	
	the amount from line 3 on line 13 and	
	continue to line 14.	
7.	Multiply line 6 by 80% (.80)	7
8.	Amount from Form 540A, line 13	8
9.	Enter the amount shown below for your	
	filing status	9
	Single or married/RDP filing separately \$160,739	
	Married/RDP filing jointly or	
	qualifying widow(er)	
	Head of household \$241,113	
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 8	10
	If zero or less, skip line 11 and line 12,	
	enter the amount from line 3 on line 13 and	
44	continue to line 14.	44
11.	Multiply line 10 by 6% (.06)	11
12.	Compare line 7 and line 11. Enter the smaller	10
40	amount here	12
١٥.	Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 12	12
11	from line 3	13
14.		
	The amount on line 13; or, Your standard deduction* shown below:	
	Single or married/RDP filing separately \$3,637	
	Married/RDP filing jointly, head of	
	household, or qualifying widow(er) \$7,274	
*Sta	andard Deduction for Dependents	

If someone else can claim you as a dependent use the standard deduction amount from line 7 of the "Form 540A – California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" on the previous page instead of the standard deduction amount shown above.

Line 19 (Form 540) – Taxable Income Capital Construction Fund (CCF). If you claim a deduction on your federal Form 1040, line 43 for the contribution made to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on line 19 by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 19, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see federal Publication 595, Capital Construction Fund for Commercial Fishermen.

Tax

When figuring your tax, use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

Line 31 (Form 540A) – Tax

If your taxable income on line 19 is:

- \$100,000 or less, use the tax table beginning on page 57. Use the correct column for your filing status.
- Over \$100,000, use the tax rate schedules on page 62. Use the correct tax rate schedule for your filing status.

Line 31 (Form 540) – Tax

To figure your tax, use one of the following methods and fill in the matching circle on line 31:

- Tax Table. If your taxable income on line 19 is \$100,000 or less, use the tax table beginning on page 57. Use the correct filing status column in
- Tax Rate Schedules. If your taxable income on line 19 is over \$100,000, use the tax rate schedule for your filing status on page 62.
- FTB 3800. Generally, use form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children Under Age 14 with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Form 540 for your child who was under age 14 on January 1, 2010, and who had more than \$1,900 of investment income. Attach form FTB 3800 to the child's Form 540.
- FTB 3803. If, as a parent, you elect to report your child's interest and dividend income of \$9,500 or less (but not less than \$950) on your tax return, complete form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. File a separate form FTB 3803 for each child whose income you elect to include on your Form 540. Add the amount of tax, if any, from each form FTB 3803, line 9, to the amount of your tax from the tax table or tax rate schedules and enter the result on Form 540, line 31. Attach form(s) FTB 3803 to your tax return.

To prevent possible delays in processing your tax return or refund, enter the correct tax amount on this line. To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax calculator.



CalFile or e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to ftb.ca.gov.

Line 32 – Exemption Credits

Exemption credits reduce your tax. If your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) on line 13 is more than the amount shown below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

For purposes of computing limitations based upon AGI, SSMCs and RDPs recalculate their AGI using a federal pro forma, California SSMC Adjustments Worksheet (located in FTB Pub. 776), or California RDP Adjustments Worksheet (located in FTB Pub. 737). If your recalculated federal AGI is more than the amount shown below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

	Is Form 540/540A,
If your filing status is:	line 13 more than:
Single or married/RDP filing separately	\$160,739
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$321,483
Head of household	\$241.113

Complete the AGI Limitation Worksheet on the next page.

Follow the instructions on Form 540/540A, line 32.

Line 34 (Form 540) – Tax from Schedule G-1 and FTB 5870A

If you received a qualified lump-sum distribution in 2009 and you were born before January 2, 1936, get Schedule G-1, to figure your tax by special methods that may result in less tax.

Form 540/540A, line 32......n_

If you received accumulation distributions from foreign trusts or from certain domestic trusts, get form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, to figure the additional tax.

To get these forms, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Special Credits and Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

Form 540A - Did you pay rent for at least six months in 2009 on your principal residence located in California?

You may qualify to claim this credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 50.

Go to line 47.

Form 540 - A variety of California tax credits are available to reduce your tax if you qualify. To figure and claim most special credits, you must complete a separate form or schedule and attach it to your Form 540. (Note: If your net business income is \$500,000 or more and you have business tax credits, complete Schedule P (540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations – Resident. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.)

The Credit Chart on page 21 describes the credits and provides the name, credit code, and number of the required form or schedule. Many credits are limited to a certain percentage or a certain dollar amount. In addition, the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by tentative minimum tax (TMT). Answer the following questions before you claim credits on your

- 1. Do you qualify to claim the nonrefundable renter's credit? Complete the qualification record on page 50.
 - Check \square **Yes** or \square **No.** then go to Question 2.
- 2. Are you claiming any other special credit listed on the Credit Chart on page 21?
 - **No** If you checked "Yes" for Question 1 and entered an amount on Form 540, line 46, go to line 47. If you checked "No" for Question 1, skip to the instructions for line 48.
 - Yes Figure your credit using the form, schedule, worksheet, or certificate identified on the Credit Chart. Then go to Box A to see if the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by TMT. If you checked "Yes" for Question 1, verify you entered your nonrefundable renter's credit on line 46.

Box A – Did you complete federal Schedule C, D, E, or F and claim or receive any of the following (**Note:** If your business gross receipts are less than \$1,000,000 from all trades or businesses, you do not have to report alternative minimum tax (AMT). For more information, see line 61 instructions, on page 12.):

Instructions: Form 540/540A

- Accelerated depreciation in excess of straight-line
- Intangible drilling costs
- Depletion
- Circulation expenditures
- Research and experimental expenditures
- Mining exploration/development costs
- Amortization of pollution control facilities
- Income/loss from tax shelter farm activities
- Income/loss from passive activities
- Income from long-term contracts using the percentage of completion method
- Pass-through AMT adjustment from an estate or trust reported on Schedule K-1 (541)
- Excluded gain on the sale of qualified small business stock

Complete Schedule P (540). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Go to Box B.

Box B – Did you claim or receive any of the following:

- Investment interest expense 226
- Income from incentive stock options in excess of the amount reported on your tax return 225
- Income from installment sales of certain property

Yes Complete Schedule P (540). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Go to Box C.

Box C -	If your filing status is:	Is Form 540, line 17 more than:
Mari	ried/RDP filing jointly or qualif	\$221,674 Tying widow(er)\$295,564 \$147,781
Yes	Complete Schedule P (540). Publications" on page 63.	See "Order Forms and
No	Your credits are not limited. (Form 540, line 41.	Go to the instructions for

Line 41 and Line 42 (Form 540) - New Jobs Credit

Qualified employers who had a net increase of qualified employees during the current taxable year or qualified employers who first commenced business in California during the current taxable year may be eligible to claim this credit. Use form FTB 3527, New Jobs Credit, to determine the amount of the credit available. Enter on line 41 the amount of the credit generated from form FTB 3527, line 12.

Answer the following question to determine the amount of the credit you can claim. Are you required to complete Schedule P (540)?

Yes Enter on line 42 the amount of the New Jobs credit claimed from Schedule P (540), Part III.

Use this worksheet to figure the credit.

- 2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3527, line 14.....2_
- Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on Form 540, line 42* and form FTB 3527, line 15 3

*	If you have	other	credits	with I	limited	carry	overs,	you i	may	want t	o ap	ply
	ose credits											

credit on line 42.

Important: Attach form FTB 3527 and Schedule P (540) to your Form 540.

Line 43 through Line 45 (Form 540) – Additional Special Credits

A code number identifies each credit. To claim only one or two credits, enter the credit name, code number, and amount of the credit on line 43 and line 44.

To claim more than two credits, use Schedule P (540), Part III. See Schedule P (540) instructions, "How to Claim Your Credits".

Instructions: Form 540/540A e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Do not claim the New Jobs credit on line 43, line 44, or line 45. Only use line 42 to claim the New Jobs credit.

Important: Attach Schedule P (540) and any supporting schedules or statements to your Form 540.

Carryovers: If you claim a credit with carryover provisions and the amount of the credit available this year exceeds your tax, carry over any excess credit to future years until the credit is used (unless the carryover period is a fixed number of years). If you claim a credit carryover for an expired credit, use form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure the amount of the credit. Otherwise, enter the amount of the credit on Schedule P (540), Part III, and do not attach form FTB 3540.

Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household — Code 170

You may **not** claim this credit if you used the married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) filing status.

Claim the credit if unmarried and not an RDP at the end of 2009 (or if married/or an RDP, you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for all of 2009 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status); and if you furnished more than one-half the household expenses for your home that also served as the main home of your child, step-child, or grandchild for at least 146 days but not more than 219 days of the taxable year. If the child is married or an RDP, you must be entitled to claim a dependent exemption credit for the child.

Also, the custody arrangement for the child must be part of a decree of dissolution or legal separation or part of a written agreement between the parents where the proceedings have been initiated, but a decree of dissolution or legal separation has not yet been issued.

Use the worksheet below to figure the Joint Custody Head of Household credit using whole dollars only.

1.	Enter the amount from Form 540, line 35 1 _		
2.	Credit percentage — 30%	Χ	.30
	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.		
	Enter the result or \$387, whichever is less 3 _		

If you qualify for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, claim only one credit. Select the credit that allows the maximum benefit.

Credit for Dependent Parent — Code 173

You may not claim the Credit for Dependent Parent if you used the single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married/RDP filing jointly filing

Claim this credit only if all of the following apply:

- You were married/or an RDP at the end of 2009 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status.
- Your spouse/RDP was not a member of your household during the last six months of the year.
- You furnished over one-half the household expenses for your dependent mother's or father's home, whether or not she or he lived in your home.

To figure the amount of this credit, use the worksheet above for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household. If you qualify for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, claim only one. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit.

Credit for Senior Head of Household — Code 163 You may claim this credit if you:

- Were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2009.*
- Qualified as a head of household in 2007 or 2008 by providing a household for a qualifying individual who died during 2007 or 2008.
- Did not have AGI over \$62,874 for 2009.
- * If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2010, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2009.

If you meet all the conditions listed above, you do not need to qualify to use the head of household filing status for 2009 in order to claim this credit.

Use this worksheet to figure this credit using whole dollars only.

1.	Enter the amount from Form 540, line 19		
2.	Credit percentage — 2%2	Χ	.02
	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.		
	Enter the result or \$1,185, whichever is less		

Credit for Child Adoption Costs — Code 197

For the year in which an adoption decree or an order of adoption is entered (e.g., adoption is final), claim a credit for 50% of the cost of adopting a child who was both:

- A citizen or legal resident of the United States.
- In the **custody** of a California public agency or a California political

Treat a prior unsuccessful attempt to adopt a child (even when the costs were incurred in a prior year) and a later successful adoption of a different child as one effort when computing the cost of adopting the child. Include the following costs if directly related to the adoption process:

- Fees for Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency.
- Medical expenses not reimbursed by insurance.
- Travel expenses for the adoptive family.

Note:

- This credit does not apply when a child is adopted from another country or another state, or was not in the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
- Any deduction for the expenses used to claim this credit must be reduced by the amount of the child adoption costs credit claimed.

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only. If more than one adoption qualifies for this credit, complete a separate worksheet for each adoption. The maximum credit is limited to \$2,500 per minor child.

1.	Enter qualifying costs for the child		
2.	Credit percentage — 50%2	Х	.50
3.	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.		
	Do not enter more than \$2,500		

Your allowable credit is limited to \$2,500 for 2009. Carry over the excess credit to future years until the credit is used.

Line 46 – Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

Did you pay rent for at least six months in 2009 on your principal residence located in California?

You may qualify to claim this credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 50.

No Go to line 47.

Line 48 (Form 540)

Subtract the amount on line 47 from the amount on line 40. Enter the result on line 48. If the amount on line 47 is more than the amount on line 40, enter -0-. If you owe interest on deferred tax from installment obligations, include the additional tax, if any, in the amount you enter on line 48. Write "IRC Section 453 interest" or "IRC Section 453A interest" and the amount on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 48.

Other Taxes

Attach the specific form or statement required for each item below.

Line 61 (Form 540) – Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) If you claim certain types of deductions, exclusions, and credits, you may

owe AMT if your total income is more than:

- \$78,817 married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widower(er)
- \$59,114 single or head of household
- \$39,407 married/RDP filing separately

A child under age 14 may owe AMT if the sum of the amount on line 19 (taxable income) and any preference items listed on Schedule P (540) and included on the return is more than the sum of \$5,500 and the child's earned

AMT income does not include income, adjustments, and items of tax preference related to any trade or business of a qualified taxpayer who has gross receipts, less returns and allowances, during the taxable year of less than \$1,000,000 from all trades or businesses.

Get Schedule P (540) for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Line 62 – Mental Health Services Tax

If your taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, compute the Mental Health Services Tax on the next page using whole dollars only:

A. Taxable income from Form 540/540A, line 19	
B. Less.	\$(1,000,000)
C. Subtotal	x 01
E. Mental Health Services Tax – Enter this amount	
here and on Form 540/540A, line 62	

Line 63 (Form 540) – Other Taxes and Credit Recapture

If you received an early distribution of a qualified retirement plan and were required to report additional tax on your federal tax return, you may also be required to report additional tax on your California tax return. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. If required to report additional tax, report it on line 63 and write "FTB 3805P" to the left of the amount.

California conforms to federal law for income received under IRC Section 409A on a nonqualified deferred compensation (NQDC) plan and discounted stock options and stock appreciation rights. Income received under IRC Section 409A is subject to an additional 20% tax plus interest. Include the additional tax, if any, on line 63. Write "NQDC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount.

If you used form(s)

- FTB 3501, Employer Child Care Program/Contribution Credit
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Credit Summary
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

Include the additional tax for credit recapture, if any, on line 63. Write the form number on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 63.

Payments

To avoid a delay in the processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 71 through line 78.

Line 71 – California Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total California income tax withheld from your:

- Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, box 17
- Form(s) W-2G, Certain Gambling Winnings, box 14
- Form(s) 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, box 16
- Form(s) 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement, or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. box 10

Do not include city, local, or county tax withheld or tax withheld by other states. Do not include withholding from Forms 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, or Form 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, on this line. For more details, see instructions for line 73 on this page.

Generally, tax should not be withheld on federal Form 1099-MISC. If you want to pre-pay tax on income reported on federal Form 1099-MISC, use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Line 72 – 2009 CA Estimated Tax and Other Payments

Enter the total of any:

- California estimated tax payments you made using 2009 Form 540-ES or Web Pay
- Overpayment from your 2008 California income tax return that you applied to your 2009 estimated tax
- Payment you sent with form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals
- California estimated tax payments made on your behalf by an estate, trust, or S corporation on Schedule K-1 (541) or Schedule K-1 (100S)



To view payments made or get your current account balance, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated taxes but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim the entire amount paid, or each may claim part of the joint estimated tax payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the tax returns so the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court-ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers.

Send statements to:

JOINT ESTIMATED CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225 TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO, CA 94240-0040

If you or your spouse/RDP made separate estimated tax payments, but are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Attach a statement to the front of Form 540/540A explaining that payments were made under both SSNs.

Instructions: Form 540/540A

You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2010 and did not have a California tax liability in

Line 73 (Form 540) – Real Estate and Other Withholding

Enter the total of California withholding from Form 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, and Form 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement. Attach a copy of Form(s) 593 and 592-B to the lower front of Form 540, Side 1.

Caution: Do not include withholding from federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, or 1099 on this line.

Line 74 – Excess California SDI (or VPDI) Withheld

You may claim a credit for excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) if you meet all of the following conditions:

- You had two or more California employers during 2009.
- You received more than \$90,669 in wages.
- The amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld appear on your Form(s) W-2. Be sure to attach your Form(s) W-2 to your Form 540/540A.

If SDI (or VPDI) was withheld from your wages by a single employer, at more than 1.1% of your gross wages, you may not claim excess SDI (or VPDI) on your Form 540/540A. Contact the employer for a refund.

To determine the amount to enter on line 74, complete the Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet below. If married/RDP filing jointly, figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet Use whole dollars only.

Follow the instructions below to figure the amount of income tax to enter on Form 540/540A, line 74. If you are married/RDP and file a joint return, you must figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

			You	Your Spouse/ RDP
1.	Add amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld shown on your Forms W-2. Enter the total here	1.		1101
2.	2009 SDI (or VPDI) limit	2	\$ 997.36	\$997.36
3.	Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the results here. Combine the amounts on line 3 and enter the total, in whole dollars only on Form 540/540A, line 74	3		
	If zero or less, enter -0- on line 74.			

Line 75 through Line 78 – Child and Dependent Care **Expenses Credit**

Claim this credit if you paid someone to care for your qualifying child under the age of 13, other dependent who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself, or spouse/RDP if physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. The care must be provided in California. To claim this credit, your federal AGI must be \$100,000 or less and you must complete and attach form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, included in this booklet.

Line 75 and Line 76

Enter the qualifying person's SSN. Do not enter more than one qualifying person's SSN on line 75 or line 76 from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2. If you have more than two qualifying persons, enter only the first two qualifying persons listed on form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2.

Instructions: Form 540/540A e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Line 77

Enter the amount from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 8.

Line 78

Enter the credit amount from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 12.

Line 79 (Form 540)

For the Claim of Right crédit, follow the reporting instructions in Schedule CA (540) under the Claim of Right.

Claim of Right: If you are claiming the tax credit on your California return, include the amount of the credit in the total for this line. Write in "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit to the left of the amount column.

To determine if you are entitled to this deduction, refer to your prior year California 540/540A, 540NR Long Form, Schedule CA (540), or Schedule CA (540NR), column E, to verify the amount was included in your CA taxable income. If the amount repaid under a "Claim of Right" was not originally taxed by California, you are not entitled to claim the deduction.

Overpaid Tax or Tax Due

If you received a refund for 2008, you may receive a federal Form 1099-G. The refund amount reported on your federal Form 1099-G will be different from the amount shown on your tax return if you claimed the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. This is because the credit is not part of the refund from withholding or estimated tax payments.

To avoid delay in processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 91 through line 94.

Line 91 – Overpaid Tax

Form 540 – If the amount on line 79 is more than the amount on line 64, your payments and credits are more than your tax. Subtract the amount on line 64 from the amount on line 79. Enter the result on line 91.

Form 540A – If the amount on line 79 is more than the amount on line 70, your payments and credits are more than your tax. Subtract the amount on line 70 from the amount on line 79. Enter the result on line 91.



Choose e-file and Direct Deposit and get your refund faster.

Line 92 – Amount You Want Applied to Your 2010 Estimated Tax

Apply all or part of the amount on line 91 to your estimated tax for 2010. Enter on line 92 the amount of line 91 that you want applied to your 2010 estimated tax

An election to apply an overpayment to estimated tax is binding. Once the election is made, the overpayment cannot be applied to a deficiency after the due date of the return.

Line 93 – Overpaid Tax Available This Year

If you entered an amount on line 92, subtract it from the amount on line 91. Enter the result on line 93. Choose to have this entire amount refunded to you, make contributions to the California Seniors Special Fund (see page 22), or make other voluntary contributions from this amount. If you make a contribution, skip line 94 and go to the Use Tax section of the tax return

Line 94 – Tax Due

Form 540 – If the amount on line 79 is less than the amount on line 64, subtract the amount on line 79 from the amount on line 64. Enter the result on line 94. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.

Form 540A – If the amount on line 79 is less than the amount on line 70, subtract the amount on line 79 from the amount on line 70. Enter the result on line 94. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.

There is a penalty for not paying enough tax during the year. You may have to pay a penalty if:

- The tax due on line 94 is \$500 or more (\$250 or more if married/RDP filing separately).
- The amount of state income tax withheld on line 71 is less than 90% of the amount of your total tax on line 64.

If this applies to you, see instructions on line 113.

Increasing your withholding could eliminate the need to make a large payment with your tax return. To increase your withholding, complete EDD Form DE 4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer's appropriate payroll staff. Get this form from your employer or by

calling EDD at 888.745.3886. Download the DE 4 at www.edd.ca.gov or to use the online calculator, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for de 4.

Form DE 4 specifically adjusts your California state withholding and is not the same as the federal Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.

Use Tax

Line 95 – Use Tax. This is not a total line.

As explained on page 19, California use tax applies to purchases from out of state sellers (for example, purchases made by telephone, over the Internet, by mail, or in person). For questions on whether a purchase is taxable, go to State Board of Equalization's website at **boe.ca.gov**, or call their Taxpayer Information Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929.

Note: The following businesses must continue to report purchases subject to use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization:

- Businesses that have a California seller's permit.
- Businesses that are not required to hold a California seller's permit, but receive at least \$100,000 in gross receipts.

If you are not required to report purchases subject to use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization, you may report use tax on your income tax return. To report use tax on your income tax return, complete the Use Tax Worksheet below.

If you owe use tax but you do not report it on your income tax return, you must report and pay the tax to the State Board of Equalization. For information on reporting use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization, go to their website at **boe.ca.gov**.

Failure to timely report and pay the use tax due may result in the assessment of penalties.

See page 19 for a general explanation of California use tax.

	Use Tax Worksheet Use whole dollars only.	
	Enter purchases from out-of-state sellers made without payment of California sales/use tax. See worksheet instructions below Enter the decimal equivalent of the applicable sales and use tax rate. See table on page 18	
3.	Multiply line 1 by the tax rate on line 2. Enter result here	
4.	Enter any sales or use tax you paid to another state for purchases included on line 1. See worksheet instructions below	.00
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. This is the total use tax due Enter the amount due on line 95. If the amount is less than zero, enter -0	.00

Worksheet, Line 1, Purchases Subject to Use Tax

- Report items that would have been taxable in a California store. For example, you would include purchases of clothing, but not purchases of prescription medicine.
- İnclude handling charges.
- Do not include any other state's sales or use tax paid on the purchases.
- Enter only purchases made during the year that corresponds with the tax return you are filing.
- If you traveled to a foreign country and brought items back to California, generally the use tax is due on the purchase price of the goods you listed on your U.S. Customs Declaration less the \$800 per-person exemption. This \$800 exemption does not apply to goods sent or shipped to California by mail or other common carrier.
- If your filing status is "married/RDP filing separately," you may elect to report one-half of the use tax due or the entire amount on your income tax return. If you elect to report one-half, your spouse/RDP may report the remaining half on his or her income tax return or on the individual use tax return available from the State Board of Equalization.

Note: Report and pay any use tax you owe on the following purchases to the State Board of Equalization, **not** on your income tax return:

- Vehicles, vessels, and trailers that must be registered with the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- Mobile homes or commercial coaches that must be registered annually as required by the Health and Safety Code.
- Vessels documented with the U.S. Coast Guard.
- · Aircraft.

 Leases of machinery, equipment, vehicles, and other tangible personal property.

Worksheet, Line 2, Sales and Use Tax Rate

- Enter the decimal equivalent of the sales and use tax rate applicable to the place in California where the property is used, stored, or otherwise consumed. For example, the decimal equivalent of 8.25% is 0.0825, and the decimal equivalent of 8.375% is 0.08375.
- If you do not know the applicable rate, see the table on page 18,
 "Sales and Use Tax Rates by County." If you have questions regarding
 the use tax rate in effect in your area, please go to the State Board of
 Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov or call their Taxpayer Information
 Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929.

Worksheet, Line 4. Credit for Tax Paid to Another State

This is a credit for tax paid to other states. You cannot claim a credit
greater than the amount of tax that would have been due if the purchase
had been made in California. For example, if you paid \$8.00 sales tax to
another state for a purchase, and would have paid \$6.00 in California,
you can claim a credit of only \$6.00 for that purchase.

Contributions

You can make voluntary contributions to the funds listed on Form 540, Side 3 or Form 540A, Side 2. See page 22 for a description of the funds.

Amount You Owe

Add or subtract correctly to figure the amount you owe.

Line 111 - Amount You Owe

If you have an amount on line 94, add the amount on line 94, line 95, and line 110, if any. Enter the result on line 111.

If you have an amount on line 93, subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 93. If the combined amount of line 95 and line 110 is more than line 93, enter the difference on line 111.

To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Form 540/540A by the extended due date even if you cannot pay the amount you owe.

Mandatory Electronic Payments. You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000 for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty.

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**.

Payment Options

- Electronic Funds Withdrawal Instead of paying by check or money order, use this convenient option if you e-file. Simply provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and the date you want the balance due to be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer this option.
- Web Pay Pay the amount you owe using our secure online payment service. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay.
- Credit Card Use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your tax. If you pay by credit card, do not mail form FTB 3519 to us. Call 800.272.9829 or go to the Official Payments Corp. website at officialpayments.com, and use the jurisdiction code 1555.
 Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service.
- Check or Money Order Using blue or black ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Do not send cash. Write your SSN or ITIN and "2009 Form 540" or "2009 Form 540A" as applicable on the check or money order. Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your tax return.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution. **Do not** combine your 2009 tax payment and any 2010 estimated tax payment in the same check. Prepare two separate checks and mail each in a separate envelope.

If you e-filed your tax return, mail your check or money order with form FTB 3582, Payment Voucher for Individual e-filed Returns. **Do not** mail a copy of your e-filed tax return.

Instructions: Form 540/540A

A penalty may be imposed if your check is returned by your bank for insufficient funds.

Paying by Credit Card — Whether you e-file or file by mail, use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes (tax return balance due, extension payment, estimated tax payment, or tax due with bill notice). There is a convenience fee for this service. This fee is paid directly to Official Payments Corp. based on the amount of your tax payment.

Convenience Fee

- 2.49% of the tax amount charged (rounded to the nearest cent)
- Minimum fee: \$1

Example:

Tax Payment = \$754.00 Convenience Fee = \$18.77

When will my payments be effective?

Your payment is effective on the date you charge it.

What if I change my mind?

If you pay your tax liability by credit card and later reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest, and other fees imposed by the FTB for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.

How do I use my credit card to pay my income tax bill?

Once you have determined the type of payment and how much you owe, have the following ready:

- Your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card
- Credit card number
- Expiration date
- Amount you are paying
- Your and your spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN
- First 4 letters of your and your spouse's/RDP's last name
- Taxable year
- Home phone number (including area code)
- ZIP Code for address where your monthly credit card bill is sent
- FTB Jurisdiction Code: 1555

Go to the Official Payments Corp. online payment center at **officialpayments.com** or call 800.2PAY.TAX or 800.272.9829 and follow the recorded instructions. Official Payments Corp. provides customer assistance Monday through Friday, 5:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. PST.

Payment Date:
Confirmation Number:
If you cannot pay the full amount or can only make a partial payment for
the amount shown on Form 540, line 114 or Form 540A, line 111, see the

Interest and Penalties

If you file your tax return or pay your tax after the due date, you may owe interest and penalties on the tax due.

Do not reduce the amount on line 91 or increase the amount on line 94 by any penalty or interest amounts. Enter on Form 540, line 112 the amount of interest and penalties.

Line 112 (Form 540) – Interest and Penalties

information regarding Installment Payments on page 20.

Interest. Interest will be charged on any late filing or late payment penalty from the original due date of the return to the date paid. In addition, if other penalties are not paid within 15 days, interest will be charged from the date of the billing notice until the date of payment. Interest compounds daily and the interest rate is adjusted twice a year. The FTB website has a chart of interest rates in effect since 1976. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for interest.

Late Filing of Return. If you do not file your tax return by October 15, 2010, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the tax return. The maximum total penalty is 25% of the tax not paid if the tax return is filed after October 15, 2010. The minimum penalty for filing a tax return more than 60 days late is \$100 or 100% of the balance due, whichever is less.

Instructions: Form 540/540A e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Late Payment of Tax. If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2010, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. The penalty is 5% of the tax not paid when due plus 1/2% for each month, or part of a month, the tax remains unpaid. If you have paid at least 90% of the tax shown on the return by the original due date of the tax return, we will waive the penalty based on reasonable cause. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2010, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest.

Penalties. To avoid late payment penalties for use tax, you must report and pay the use tax with a timely filed income tax return, or California Individual Use Tax return.

Other Penalties. We may impose other penalties if a payment is returned for insufficient funds. We may also impose penalties for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud.

Line 113 – Underpayment of Estimated Tax

You may be subject to an estimated tax penalty if any of the following is true:

- Your withholding and credits are less than 90% of your current tax year liability.
- Your withholding and credits are less than or 100% of your prior year tax liability (110% if AGI is more than \$150,000 or \$75,000 if married/RDP filing separately).
- You did not pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under \$500.

The FTB can figure the penalty for you when you file your tax return and send you a bill.

Is line 94 less than \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately)?

Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.

Continue. You may be subject to an estimate payment penalty.

Is line 94 less than 10% of the amount on line 48? Form 540 filers: this excludes the tax on lump-sum distributions on Form 540, line 34.

Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.
You may be subject to an estimate payment penalty; get form
FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and
Fiduciaries (or form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by
Farmers and Fishermen).

The underpayment of estimated tax penalty shall not apply to the extent the underpayment of an installment was created or increased by any provision of law that is chaptered during and operative for the taxable year of the underpayment. To request a waiver of the underpayment of estimated tax penalty, get form FTB 5805 or form FTB 5805F.

If you complete one of these forms, attach it to the back of your Form 540/540A. Enter the amount of the penalty on line 113 and fill in the correct circle on line 113. Complete and attach the form if you claim a waiver, use the annualized income installment method, or pay tax according to the schedule for farmers and fishermen, even if you do not owe a penalty.

See "Important Due Dates" on page 2, for more information on estimated tax payments and how to avoid the underpayment penalty.

See the instructions for Form 540, line 114 for information about figuring your payment, if any.

Line 114 (Form 540) – Total Amount Due

Is there an amount on line 111?

Yes Add line 111, line 112, and line 113. Enter the result on line 114. For payment options, see line 111 instructions.

No Go to line 115.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Refund or No Amount Due

Line 115 (Form 540A) – Refund or No Amount Due

If you did not enter an amount on line 95 or line 110, enter the amount from line 93 on line 115. This is the amount that will be refunded to you. If it is less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Form 540A requesting the refund.

Subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 93. If the result is zero or more, enter the result on line 115. If the combined amount of line 95 and line 110 is more than line 93, enter the difference on line 111.

Line 115 (Form 540) – Refund or No Amount Due

Did you report amounts on line 95, line 110, line 112, or line 113?

No Enter the amount from line 93 on line 115. This is your refund amount. If it is less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Form 540 requesting the refund.

Yes Combine the amounts from line 95, line 110, line 112, or line 113. If the result is:

- More than line 93, subtract line 93 from the sum of line 95, line 110, line 112, and line 113 and enter the result on line 114. This is your total amount due. For payment options, see line 111 instructions.
- Less than line 93, subtract the sum of line 95, line 110, line 112, and line 113 from line 93 and enter on line 115. This is your refund amount

Want a fast refund? Get your refund in 10 days or less when you e-file your tax return.

Direct Deposit (Refund Only)

Line 116 and Line 117 - Direct Deposit of Refund

Direct deposit is fast, safe, and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on Form 540/540A, line 116 and line 117. Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. Verify routing and account numbers with your financial institution. **Do not** attach a voided check or deposit slip. See the illustration below.

Individual taxpayers may request that his or her refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.

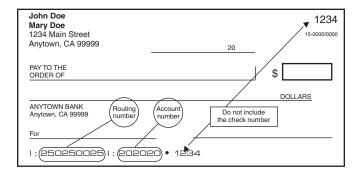
The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025. The account number can be up to 17 characters and can include numbers and letters. Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. On the sample check, the account number is 202020.

Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.

Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 116 and line 117 must equal the total amount of your refund on line 115. If line 116 and line 117 do not equal line 115, the FTB will issue a paper check.

Caution: Check with your financial institution to make sure your deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The FTB is not responsible for a lost refund due to incorrect account information entered by you or your representative.

Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, the FTB will issue a paper check.



Sign Your Tax Return

You must sign your tax return in the space provided on Form 540, Side 3 or Form 540A, Side 2. If you file a joint tax return, your spouse/RDP must sign the tax return also.

Joint Tax Return. If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. This means that if one spouse/RDP does not pay the tax due, the other may be liable. See "Innocent Joint Filer Relief," on page 19.

Paid Preparer's Information. If you pay a person to prepare your Form 540/540A, that person signs and completes the area at the bottom of Form 540, Side 3 or Form 540A, Side 2 including an identification number (social security number, FEIN, or PTIN). A paid preparer must give you two copies of your tax return: one to file with the FTB, and one to keep for your records.

Third Party Designee. If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2009 tax return with the FTB, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of your tax return. Also print the designee's name and telephone number. If you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your tax return to discuss it with the FTB, enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name and print the preparer's telephone number.

If you check the "Yes" box you, and your spouse/RDP, if filing a joint tax return, are authorizing the FTB to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your tax return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the FTB any information that is missing from your tax return.
- Call the FTB for information about the processing of your tax return or the status of your refund or payments.
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request.
- Respond to certain FTB notices about math errors, offsets, and tax return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the FTB. If you want to expand or change the designee's authorization, get form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration for the Franchise Tax Board.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2010 tax return. This is April 15, 2011, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, notify us by telephone at 800.852.5711 or by writing to Franchise Tax Board, PO Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240-0040, include your name, SSN, and the

Power of Attorney. If another person prepared your tax return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to this tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" (POA) authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records.

For more information, get form FTB 1144, Power of Attorney Pamphlet, and form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration, available at ftb.ca.gov. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Filing Your Tax Return

Attachments to your tax return.

Do I need to attach a copy of federal Form 1040?

Form 540A Filers:

Do not attach a copy of your federal 1040 return to Form 540A.

Form 540 Filers:

Other than Schedule A (Form 1040) or Schedule B (Form 1040), did you attach any federal forms or schedules to your federal Form 1040?' If No, do not attach a copy of your federal 1040 return to Form 540. If Yes, attach a copy of your federal 1040 return and all supporting federal forms and schedules to Form 540.

Exception: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, complete and attach a copy of the federal Schedule A (Form 1040) to Form 540.

Do not attach any documents to your tax return unless specifically instructed. This will help us reduce government processing and storage costs.

Federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, and 1099, and CA Form(s) 592-B and 593. Attach all the Form(s) W-2 and W-2G you received to the front of your tax return. Also, attach any Forms(s) 1099, 592-B, and 593 showing California income tax withheld.

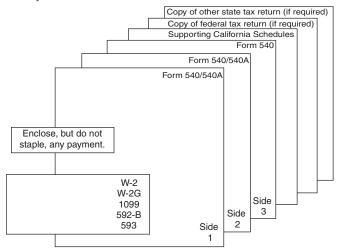
Instructions: Form 540/540A

If you do not receive your Form(s) W-2 by January 31, 2010, contact your employer or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account. Only your employer can issue or correct a Form W-2. If you cannot get a copy of your Form W-2, you must complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63 or go to ftb.ca.gov.

If you forget to send your Form(s) W-2 or other withholding forms with your income tax return, do not send them separately, or with another copy of your return. Wait until the FTB requests them from you.

Assembling Your Tax Return

Assemble your tax return in the order shown below.



Mailing Your Tax Return

If your tax return shows a refund or no amount due, mail your tax return to the following address:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002

If your tax return has an amount due, mail your tax return to the following address:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001

Sales and Use Tax Rates by County

(includes state, local, and district taxes) As of December 31, 2009

Note: All tax rates listed include the 1 percent statewide sales and use tax increase effective April 1, 2009. Tax rates were 1 percent less prior to April 1, 2009 unless otherwise noted. (For example, the tax rate in San Francisco effective April 1, 2009 is 9.50%. The tax rate prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.50%)

Rate	County	Rate
9.75%	Orange ¹	8.75%
8.25%	Placer	8.25%
8.75%	Plumas	8.25%
8.25%	Riverside	8.75%
8.25%	Sacramento ¹	8.75%
8.25%	San Benito ¹	8.25%
9.25%	San Bernardino ¹	8.75%
8.25%	San Diego ¹	8.75%
8.25%	San Francisco	
8.975%	San Joaquin ¹	8.75%
8.25%	San Luis Obispo1	8.25%
8.25%	San Mateo	9.25%
8.75%	Santa Barbara	8.75%
8.75%	Santa Clara ¹	9.25%
8.25%	Santa Cruz ¹	9.00%
8.25%	Shasta	8.25%
8.25%	Sierra	8.25%
8.25%	Siskiyou	8.25%
9.75%	Solano	8.375%
8.75%	Sonoma ^{1,4}	9.00%
9.00%	Stanislaus ¹	
8.75%	Sutter	8.25%
	Tehama	8.25%
8.25%	Trinity	8.25%
8.25%	Tulare ¹	
8.25%	Tuolumne ¹	8.25%
8.25%	Ventura ¹	8.25%
8.75%	Yolo ¹	8.25%
8.375%	Yuba	8.25%
	9.75% 8.25% 8.25% 8.25% 9.25% 8.25%	9.75% Orange¹ 8.25% Placer 8.75% Plumas 8.25% Riverside 8.25% San Benito¹ 9.25% San Bernardino¹ 8.25% San Diego¹ 8.25% San Diego¹ 8.25% San Diego¹ 8.25% San Joaquin¹ 8.25% San Luis Obispo¹ 8.25% San Mateo 8.75% Santa Barbara 8.75% Santa Clara¹ 8.25% Santa Cruz¹ 8.25% Santa Cruz¹ 8.25% Santa Sarbara 8.75% Santa Sarbara 8.75% Santa Clara¹ 8.25% Santa Cruz¹ 8.25% Sierra 8.25% Trinity 8.25% Tuolumne¹ 8.25% Tuolumne¹ 8.25% Ventura¹

- 1. Many cities in California impose a district tax which results in a higher sales and use tax rate than in other parts of the county. If you are reporting an item that was purchased for use in one of these counties, please check the following city list to see if a higher rate applies to your city. The tax rates shown apply within the city limits of the listed community.
- 2. The tax rate in the county of Amador prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25%.
- 3. The tax rate in the county of Los Angeles prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25%. The tax rate in the county of Los Angeles between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was 9.25%.
- 4. The tax rate in the counties of Marin and Sonoma prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.75%.

County	City	Citywide Rate
Colusa	. Williams	8.75%
Contra Costa	.El Cerrito	9.75%
Contra Costa	. Pinole	9.75%
	.Richmond	
El Dorado	. Placerville	8.50%
El Dorado	. So. Lake Tahoe	8.75%
	. Reedley	
Fresno	Sanger	9.725%
Fresno	Selma	9.475%
Humboldt	.Arcata (effective 4/1/09)1	9.00%
Humboldt	.Eureka (effective 4/1/09) ²	8.50%
Humboldt	Eureka (effective 4/1/09) ²	9.00%
Kern	. Arvin (effective 4/1/09)4	9.25%
Kern	. Delano	9.25%
Lake	. Clearlake	8.75%
Lake	. Lakeport	8.75%
Los Angeles	. Avalon	10.25%
Los Angeles	.El Monte (effective 7/1/09) ⁵	10.25%
Los Angeles	. Inglewood	10.25%
Los Angeles	. Pico Rivera (effective 7/1/09) ⁶	10.75%
Los Angeles	. South Gate	10.75%
Marin	. San Rafael	9.50%
Mendocino	.Fort Bragg	8.75%
Mendocino	. Point Arena	8.75%
	.Ukiah	
	. Willits	
	.Los Banos	
Merced	. Merced	8.75%
	. Mammoth Lakes	
	. Del Rey Oaks	
Monterey	. Pacific Grove	9.25%

Monterey	. Salinas	8.75%
Monterey	. Sand City	8.75%
Monterey	Seaside	9.25%
Nevada	. Nevada City	. 8.875%
Nevada	. Truckee	. 8.875%
Orange	La Habra (effective 4/1/09) ⁷	9.25%
Orange	Laguna Beach (effective 7/1/09) ¹⁵	8 75%
Sacramento	Galt (effective 4/1/09)8	9.25%
San Benito	. Galt (effective 4/1/09) ⁸	9.25%
San Benito	San Juan Bautista	9.00%
San Bernardino	Montclair	9.00%
San Bernardino	.San Bernardino	9.00%
San Diago	FI Caion (affactive 4/1/00)9	0.75%
San Diego	.El Cajon (effective 4/1/09) ⁹ La Mesa (effective 4/1/09) ¹⁰	0.50%
San Diego	National City	0.75%
Can Diago	. Vista	0.250/
Can Jaguin	Manteca	0.25%
San Joaquin	Ctookton	0.000/
Sali Juaquili	Stockton	0.75%
San Luis Obispo	Arroyo Grande	0.75%
San Luis Obispo	Grover Beach	0.75%
	. Morro Bay	
San Luis Upispo	.Pismo Beach	8.75%
San Luis Ubispo	San Luis Obispo	8.75%
Santa Clara	. Campbell (effective 4/1/09)''	9.50%
Santa Cruz	. Capitola	9.25%
Santa Cruz	. Santa Cruz	9.50%
Santa Cruz	. Scotts Valley (effective 4/1/09) ¹²	9.25%
	. Watsonville	
	. Santa Rosa	
	. Sebastopol	
	Ceres	
Tulare	. Dinuba	9.50%
Tulare	. Farmersville	9.25%
Tulare	. Porterville	9.25%
	. Tulare	
Tulare	. Visalia	9.00%
Tuolumne	Sonora	8.75%
Ventura	SonoraOxnard (effective 4/1/09) ¹³ Port Hueneme (effective 4/1/09) ¹⁴	8.75%
Ventura	Port Hueneme (effective 4/1/09) ¹⁴	8.75%
Yolo	.Davis	8.75%
Yolo	.West Sacramento	8 75%
	.Woodland	
1010		0.10/0

Calinaa

- The tax rate in Arcata prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25% The tax rate in Eureka prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25%

- The tax rate in Trinidad prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25% The tax rate in Arvin prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25% The tax rate in El Monte prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25% The tax rate in El Monte between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was 9.75%
- The tax rate in Pico Rivera prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25% The tax rate in Pico Rivera between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was 10.25%
- The tax rate in La Habra prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.75%
- The tax rate in Galt prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.75%

- 9. The tax rate in Gal Cajon prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25%
 10. The tax rate in La Mesa prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25%
 11. The tax rate in Campbell prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25%
 12. The tax rate in Scotts Valley prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.50%
 13. The tax rate in Oxnard prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25%
- The tax rate in Port Hueneme prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.25% The tax rate in Laguna Beach prior to April 1, 2009 was 8.25%
- The tax rate in Laguna Beach between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was 9.25%

Additional Information

California Use Tax General Information

The use tax has been in effect in California since July 1, 1935. It applies to purchases from out-of-state sellers and is similar to the sales tax paid on purchases you make in California. If you have not already paid all use tax due to the State Board of Equalization, you must report and pay the use tax due on your state income tax return. See the information below and the instructions for line 95 of your income tax return.

In general, you should pay California use tax on purchases made from out-of-state (for example, by telephone, over the Internet, by mail, or in person) if:

- The seller does not collect California sales or use tax.
- You use, give away, store, or consume the item in this state.

Example: You live in California and purchase a dining table from a company in North Carolina. The company ships the table from North Carolina to your home for your use and does not charge California sales or use tax. You owe use tax on the purchase.

Complete the Use Tax Worksheet on page 14 to calculate the amount due.

Extensions to file. If you request an extension to file your income tax return, wait until you file your return to report your purchases subject to use tax and make your use tax payment.

Penalty. Failure to timely report and pay the use tax due may result in the assessment of penalties.

Changes in use tax reported. Do not file an Amended Income Tax Return (Form 540X) to revise the use tax previously reported. If you have changes to the amount of use tax previously reported on the original return contact the State Board of Equalization.

For assistance with your use tax questions, go to the State Board of Equalization's website at **boe.ca.gov** or call their Taxpayer Information Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929. Income tax information is not available at this number.

Collection Fees

The FTB is required to assess collection and filing enforcement cost recovery fees on delinquent accounts.

Deceased Taxpavers

A final return must be filed for a person who died in 2009 if a return normally would be required. The administrator or executor, if one is appointed, or beneficiary must file the return. Print "deceased" and the date of death next to the taxpayer's name at the top of the return.

If you are a surviving spouse/RDP and no administrator or executor has been appointed, file a joint return if you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership during 2009. Indicate next to your signature that you are the surviving spouse/RDP.

You may also file a joint return with an administrator or executor acting on behalf of the deceased taxpayer.

If you file a return and claim a refund due to a deceased taxpayer, you are certifying under penalty of perjury either that you are the legal representative of the deceased taxpayer's estate (in this case, attach certified copies of the letters of administration or letters testamentary) or that you are entitled to the refund as the deceased's surviving relative or sole beneficiary under the provisions of the California Probate Code. You must also attach a copy of federal Form 1310, Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer, or a copy of the death certificate when you file a return and claim a refund due.

Innocent Joint Filer Relief

If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for paying the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. However, you may qualify for relief of payment on all or part of the balance as an innocent joint filer. For more information, get FTB Pub. 705, Innocent Joint Filer - Relief From Paying California Income Taxes, at ftb.ca.gov or call 916.845.7072, Monday - Friday between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. except holidays.

Registered Domestic Partners

If you are an RDP and need more information on how to file your return, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Military Personnel

If you are a member of the military and need additional information on how to file your return, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

Requesting a Copy of Your Tax Return

The FTB keeps personal income tax returns for three and one-half years from the original due date. To get a copy of your return, write a letter or complete form FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return. In most cases, a \$20 fee is charged for each taxable year you request. However, no charge applies for victims of a designated California or federal disaster; or you request copies from a field office that assisted you in completing your return. See "Where To Get Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23 to download or order form FTB 3516.

Mello-Roos

You cannot deduct Mello-Roos taxes if they are assessed to fund local benefits and improvements that tend to increase the value of your property. Mello-Roos taxes may appear on your annual county property tax bill with other deductible property taxes. You may only be able to deduct a portion of the total property tax shown on your bill.

For more information, you can:

- Contact your Mello-Roos District.
- Get federal Publication 17, Your Federal Income Taxes-Individuals, Chapter 22.

Vehicle License Fees for Federal Schedule A

On your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you may deduct the California motor vehicle license fee listed on your Vehicle Registration Billing Notice from the Department of Motor Vehicles. The other fees listed on your billing notice such as registration fee, weight fee, and county fees are not deductible.

Voting Is Everybody's Business

You may register to vote if you meet these requirements:

- You are a United States citizen.
- You are a resident of California.
- You will be 18 years old by the date of the next election.
- You are not in prison or on parole for the conviction of a felony.

You need to re-register every time you move, change your name, or wish to change political parties. In order to vote in an election, you must be registered to vote at least 15 days before that election. If you need to get a Voter Registration Card, call the California Secretary of State's voter hotline at 800.345.VOTE or go to sos.ca.gov.

It's Your Right . . . Register and Vote

If You File Electronically

If you e-file your return, make sure all the amounts entered on the paper copy of your California return are correct before you sign form FTB 8453, California e-file Return Authorization for Individuals, or form FTB 8879, California e-file Signature Authorization for Individuals. If you are requesting direct deposit of a refund, make sure your account and routing information is correct. Your return can be transmitted to FTB by your preparer or electronic e-file service only after you sign form FTB 8453 or form FTB 8879. The preparer or electronic e-file service must provide you with:

- A copy of form FTB 8453 or FTB 8879.
- Any original Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 592-B, 593, 1099-G, and other Form(s) 1099 that you provided.
- A paper copy of your California tax return showing the data transmitted

You cannot retransmit an e-filed tax return once we've accepted the original. You can correct an error only by completing Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, and mailing the paper copy to us. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23.

Frequently Asked Questions

(Go to ftb.ca.gov for more frequently asked questions.)

What if I can't file by April 15, 2010, and I think I owe tax?

You must pay 100% of the amount you owe by April 15, 2010, to avoid interest and penalties. If you cannot file because you have not received all your Form(s) W-2, estimate the amount of tax you owe by completing form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, on page 41. Mail it to the FTB with your payment by April 15, 2010, or pay online at ftb.ca.gov. Then, when you receive all your Form(s) W-2, complete and mail your return by October 15, 2010 (you must use Form 540A or Form 540).

2. I never received a Form W-2. What should I do?



If all of your Form(s) W-2 were not received by January 31, 2010, contact your employer. Only an employer issues or corrects a Form W-2. For more information, call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code **204** when instructed.

If you cannot get a copy of your Form(s) W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement, or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23. For online wage and withhold information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb account**.

3. How can I get help?

Throughout California more than 1,200 sites provide trained volunteers offering free help during the tax filing season to persons who need to file simple federal and state income tax returns. Many military bases also provide this service for members of the U.S. Armed Forces. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **vita** to find a list of participating locations or call the FTB at 800.852.5711 to find a location near you.

4. What do I do if I can't pay what I owe with my 2009 return?

Pay as much as possible when you file your return. If unable to pay your tax in full with your return, make a request for monthly payments. However, interest accrues and an underpayment penalty may be charged on the tax not paid by April 15, 2010, even if your request for monthly payments is approved. To make monthly payments, complete form FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request, online or mail it to the address on the form. Do not mail it with your return.

The Installment Agreement Request might not be processed and approved until after your return is processed, and you may receive a bill before you receive approval of your request.



To order this form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or by phone, call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Forms and Publications," and enter code **949** when instructed.



For information on how to pay by credit card, go to **ftb.ca.gov**, or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code **610** when instructed.

5. How long will it take to get my refund?



If you e-file, you get the fastest possible refund. Your refund check is mailed within seven to ten calendar days (or if you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your checking or savings account within five to seven banking days) from the time the FTB receives your e-filed return. For more information about e-filing, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code **112** when instructed.

If you do not e-file your return, you will receive your refund check within six to eight weeks after you file your return. If you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your account within six to eight weeks after you file your return.

6. I expected my refund by now. How can I check on the status?

Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **refund status**. You will need your social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and the refund amount from your return.

You can also call our automated phone service. See page 63 for more information.

7. I discovered an error on my tax return. What should I do?

If you discover that you made an error on your California income tax return after you filed it (paper or e-filed), use Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, to correct your return. Get Form 540X at **ftb.ca.gov** or call 800.338.0505 and enter code **908**. You cannot e-file an amended return.

8. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) made changes to my federal return. What should I do?

If your federal income tax return is examined and changed by the IRS and you owe additional tax, report these changes to the FTB within six months of the date of the final federal determination. If the changes the IRS made result in a refund due for California, claim a refund within two years of the date of the final federal determination. Either use Form 540X to correct the California income tax return you already filed, or send a copy of the federal changes to:

ATTN RAR/VOL MS F310 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1998 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-1998

or Fax the information to 916.843.2269.

If you have a question relating to the IRS audit adjustment call 916.845.4028.

For general tax information or questions, call 800.852.5711.

Regardless of which method you use to notify the FTB, you must include a copy of the final federal determination along with all data and schedules on which the federal adjustment was based. Get FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities to California, for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

File Form 540X only if the change affected your California tax liability.

9. How long should I keep my tax information?

Requests for information regarding your California income tax return usually occurs within the California statute of limitations period, which is usually the later of four years from the due date of the return or four years from the file date of the return. (**Exception:** An extended statute of limitations period applies for California or federal tax returns related or subject to a federal audit.)

Keep a copy of your return and the records that verify the income, deductions, adjustments, or credits reported on your return. Some records should be kept longer. For example, keep property records as long as needed to figure the basis of the property or records needed to verify carryover items (i.e., net operating losses) or records needed to track deferred gains on a 1031 exchange.

10. I will be moving after I file my return. How do I notify the FTB of my new address?

Notify the FTB of your new address by using form FTB 3533, Change of Address. This form is available at **ftb.ca.gov** or you may call 800.852.5711, select "Personal Income Tax," then select option 6 to report a change of address.

After filing your return, report a change of address to us for up to four years, especially if you leave the state and no longer have a requirement to file a California return.

11. Are all domestic partners required to file joint or separate returns under the new law?

No, only domestic partners who are registered with the California Secretary of State are required to file using the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status.

CREDIT CHART

Credit Name	Code	Description
Child Adoption – Worksheet on page 12	197	50% of qualified costs in the year an adoption is ordered
Child and Dependent Care Expenses – FTB 3506	None	Similar to the federal credit except that the California credit amount is based on a
See the instructions on page 53		specified percentage of the federal credit and is refundable
Community Development Financial Institution	209	20% of each qualified deposit made to a community development financial institution
Deposits – Certification Required		Obtain certification from: California Organized Investment Network (COIN), Department of Insurance
		300 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600, Sacramento CA 95814. Website: insurance.ca.gov.
Dependent Parent – See page 12	173	Must use married/RDP filing separately status and have a dependent parent
Disabled Access for Eligible Small Business –	205	Similar to the federal credit but limited to \$125 based on 50% of qualified expenditures
FTB 3548		that do not exceed \$250
Donated Agricultural Products Transportation – FTB 3547	204	50% of the costs paid or incurred for the transportation of agricultural products donated
	100	to nonprofit charitable organizations
Employer Child Care Contribution – FTB 3501	190	Employer: 30% of contributions to a qualified plan
Employer Child Care Program – FTB 3501	189	Employer: 30% of cost for establishing a child care program or constructing a child care facility
Enhanced Oil Recovery – FTB 3546	203	One third of the similar federal credit and limited to qualified enhanced oil recovery projects located within California.
Enterprise Zone Employee – FTB 3553	169	5% of wages from work in an enterprise zone
Enterprise Zone Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3805Z	176	Business incentives for enterprise zone businesses
Environmental Tax – FTB 3511	218	Five cents (\$.05) for each gallon of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel produced during the taxable year by a small refiner at any facility located in this state
Joint Custody Head of Household –	170	30% of tax up to \$387 for taxpayers who are single or married/RDP filing separately, who have a
Worksheet on page 12		child and meet the support test
Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3807	198	Business incentives for LAMBRAs
Low-Income Housing – FTB 3521	172	Similar to the federal credit but limited to low-income housing in California
Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA) Hiring – FTB 3808	211	Percentage of qualified wages paid to qualified disadvantaged individuals
Natural Heritage Preservation – FTB 3503	213	55% of the fair market value of any qualified contribution of property donated to the state, any local
•		government, or any nonprofit organization designated by a local government
New Home – Pub. 3528	219	The lesser of 5% of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or \$10,000. The credit is
		taken equally over three years.
New Jobs – FTB 3527	220	\$3,000 allowed for a qualified employer for each increase in qualified full-time employees hired in
		the current taxable year.
Nonrefundable Renter's – See page 50	None	For California residents who paid rent for their principal residence for at least 6 months in 2009 and
		whose AGI does not exceed a certain limit
Other State Tax – Schedule S	187	Net income tax paid to another state or a U.S. possession on income also taxed by California
Prior Year Alternative Minimum Tax – FTB 3510	188	Must have paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year and have no alternative minimum tax liability in 2009
Prison Inmate Labor – FTB 3507	162	10% of wages paid to prison inmates
Research – FTB 3523	183	Similar to the federal credit but limited to costs for research activities in California
Senior Head of Household –	163	2% of taxable income up to \$1,185 for seniors who qualified for head of household in 2007 or 2008
Worksheet on page 12		and whose qualifying individual died during 2007 or 2008
Targeted Tax Area (TTA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3809	210	Business incentives for TTA business

Repealed Credits:

The expiration dates for these credits have passed. However, these credits had carryover provisions. You may claim these credits only if there is a carryover available from prior years. If you are not required to complete Schedule P (540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations -Residents, get form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure your credit carryover to future years. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23.

Agricultural Products	Joint Strike Fighter Property Cost	Rice Straw. 206 Ridesharing. 171
Commercial Solar Energy	Hiring & Sales or Use Tax	Salmon & Steelhead Trout Habitat200Restoration200Solar Energy180Solar Pump179Solar or Wind Energy System217
Energy Conservation182Farmworker Housing207Joint Strike Fighter Wages215	Recycling Equipment	Water Conservation

Owe Money?

Web Pay lets you pay online, so you can schedule it and forget it! Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **web pay**.

Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions

Make voluntary contributions of \$1 or more in whole dollar amounts to the funds listed below. To contribute to the California Seniors Special Fund, use the instructions for code 400 below. The amount you contribute either reduces your overpaid tax or increases your tax due. You may contribute only to the funds listed and cannot change the amount you contribute after you file your return. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for voluntary contributions.

Code 400, California Seniors Special Fund – If you and/or your spouse/RDP are 65 years of age or older as of January 1, 2010, and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$196 or \$98 per spouse/RDP. Contributions made to this fund will be distributed to the Area Agency on Aging Councils (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizens issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.

Code 401, Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund -

Contributions will provide grants to California scientists who study Alzheimer's disease and related disorders. This research includes basic science, diagnosis, treatment, prevention, behavioral problems, and caregiving. With one-half million Californians living with the disease and another 2 million providing care to a loved one with Alzheimer's, our state is in the early stages of a major public health crisis. Your contribution will ensure that Alzheimer's disease receives the attention, research, and resources it deserves.

Code 402, California Fund for Senior Citizens (CSL) – Contributions will provide support to the California Senior Legislature (CSL). The CSL is made up of volunteers who develop statewide senior related legislative proposals in areas of health, housing, transportation, and community services to be presented to the State Legislature. For more information go to 4csl.org.

Code 403, Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program – Contributions will be used to help protect and conserve California's many threatened and endangered species and the wild lands that they need to survive, for the enjoyment and benefit of you and future generations of Californians.

Code 404, State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of **Child Abuse** – Contributions will be used to fund programs for the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect.

Code 405, California Breast Cancer Research Fund – Contributions will fund research toward preventing and curing breast cancer. Breast cancer is the most common cancer to strike women in California. It kills 4,000 California women each year. Contributions also fund research on prevention and better treatment, and keep doctors up-to-date on research progress. For more about the research your contributions support, go to **cbcrp.org**. Your contribution can help make breast cancer a disease of the past.

Code 406, California Firefighters' Memorial Fund – Contributions will be used for the repair and maintenance of the California Firefighters' Memorial on the grounds of the State Capitol, ceremonies to honor the memory of fallen firefighters and to assist surviving loved ones, and for an informational guide detailing survivor benefits to assist the spouses/ RDPs and children of fallen firefighters.

Code 407, Emergency Food For Families Fund – Contributions will be used to help local food banks feed California's hungry. Your contribution will fund the purchase of much-needed food for delivery to food banks, pantries, and soup kitchens throughout the state. The State Department of Social Services will monitor its distribution to ensure the food is given to those most in need.

Code 408, California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund – Contributions will be used to preserve the memory of California's fallen peace officers and assist the families they left behind. Since statehood, over 1,300 courageous California peace officers have made the ultimate sacrifice while protecting law-abiding citizens. The non-profit charitable organization, California Peace Officers' Memorial Foundation, has accepted the privilege and responsibility of maintaining a memorial for fallen officers on the State Capitol grounds. Each May, the Memorial Foundation conducts a dignified ceremony honoring fallen officers and their surviving families by offering moral support, crisis counseling, and financial support that includes academic scholarships for the children of those officers who have made the supreme sacrifice. On behalf of all of us and the law-abiding citizens of California, thank you for your participation.

Code 409, California Military Family Relief Fund – Contributions will be used to provide financial aid grants to members of the California National Guard who are California residents, and have been called to active duty.

Code 410, California Sea Otter Fund – The California Coastal Conservancy and the Department of Fish and Game will each be allocated 50% of the contributions. The California Coastal Conservancy will use the contributions for research and programs related to the near-shore ecosystem, including sea otters. The Department of Fish and Game will use the contributions to establish a sea otter fund within the department's index coding system for increased investigation. prevention, and enforcement action.

Code 411, California Ovarian Cancer Research Fund – Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the cause, cure, and prevention of ovarian cancer.

Code 412, Municipal Shelter Spay-Neuter Fund – Contributions will be used to provide low cost or free spay-neuter services and for administrative costs.

Code 413, California Cancer Research Fund – Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the causes, detection, and prevention of cancer and to expand community-based education on cancer, and to provide prevention and awareness activities for communities that are disproportionately at risk or afflicted by cancer.

Code 414, ALS/Lou Gehrig's Disease Research Fund – Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the cause, cure, and prevention of ALS.

How To Get California Tax Information

Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications

By Internet – You can download, view, and print California income tax forms and publications at ftb.ca.gov or you may have these forms and publications mailed to you. Many of our most frequently used forms may be filed electronically, printed out for submission, and saved for record keeping.

By phone – To order 2007-2009 California tax forms and publications:

- Refer to the list on page 63 and find the code number for the form you want to order.
- Call 800.338.0505.
- Select "Personal Income Tax."
- Select "Forms and Publications."
- Enter the three-digit form code when you are instructed.

Allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, allow three weeks to receive your order.

In person - Many post offices and libraries provide free California tax booklets during the filing season.

Employees at libraries and post offices cannot provide tax information or assistance.

By mail - Write to:

TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 307 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307.

Letters

If you write to us, be sure your letter includes your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number and your daytime and evening telephone numbers. Send your letter to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040

We will respond to your letter within 10 weeks. In some cases, we may call you to respond to your inquiry, or ask you for additional information. Do not attach correspondence to your tax return unless the correspondence relates to an item on the return.

Your Rights As A Taxpayer

The FTB's goals include making certain that your rights are protected so that you have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our state tax system. FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights, includes information on your rights as a California taxpayer, the Taxpayers' Rights Advocate Program, and how to request written advice from the FTB on whether a particular transaction is taxable. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications." on this

Privacy Notice

Reasons for Information Requests – We ask for return information so that we can administer the tax law fairly and correctly.

Rights and Responsibility - You have the right to see our records that contain your personal information. To obtain information about your records, you may write to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD DISCLOSURE OFFICER MS A181 PO BOX 1468 SACRAMENTO CA 95812-1468

or call: 800.852.5711 within the United States, or 916.845.6500 outside of the United States.

Your Responsibility - California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 18501 and 18621 require you to file a return on the forms we prescribe if you meet certain requirements. It is mandatory that you furnish all requested information. You may be charged penalties and interest, and in certain cases, you may be criminally prosecuted if you do not provide the information we ask for, or you provide fraudulent information.

Information Disclosures – As provided by law, we may give your tax information to other tax officials to determine your tax liability or collect tax amounts you owe. If you owe the Franchise Tax Board money we may also give your information to employers, financial institutions, county recorders, or others who hold assets belonging to you.

For full text of Franchise Tax Board's Privacy Notice, get form FTB 1131.

Need help with your return?

We provide free assistance to individuals with limited income and/or over the age of 60 who need help in completing simple federal and state income tax returns. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for vita.



The window to your info ftb.ca.gov

The window to your information . . . MyFTB Account

MyFTB Account is a secure online service allowing you to:

- View estimated tax payments, recent payments made, and the total balance due on your account.
- Look up your California wage and withholding and FTB-issued 1099-G and 1099-INT records.
- Link to additional services offered by FTB:
 - Make payments online
 - Apply for an installment agreement
 - Check your refund status

- Check your e-file return status
- Request a paper copy of your filed tax return
- Sign-up for estimated tax payment email reminders

Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

Marketing page

FORM

California Resident Income Tax Return 2009

Your	first	name	Initial	Last name	Your SS	SN or ITIN	P	
If joint return, spouse's/RDP's first name		Initial	Last name	Spouse	s's/RDP's SSN or ITIN	AC		
in joint return, apouse a/rior a matriame			IIIIIai	Last name	Opouse	3 331 01 1111		
Address (number and street, PO Box, or PMB no.)						/Ste. no.	A	
011					01.1	LZIDO	R	
City (іт уо	u have a foreign address, see page 7)			State	ZIP Code	RP	
or	lf v	vou filed vour 2008 tax return under	a dif	erent last name, write the last name only from the 2	2008 tax returi	n.		
Prior	•	•		● Spouse/RDP	1 1 1	<u> </u>		
Filing	1 2 3		nter	4 Head of household (with qualify 4) 5 Qualifying widow(er) with dependence's/RDP's SSN or ITIN above and full name here from your federal filing status, fill in the circle here	ndent child. E ere	inter year spouse/RDP	died	_
	6	If someone can claim you (or your	spo	use/RDP) as a dependent, fill in the circle here (see	page 7)	● 6○		
Exemptions	7 8 9	For line 7, line 8, line 9, and line 10: N Personal: If you filled in 1, 3, or 4 a If you filled in the circle on line 6, so Blind: If you (or your spouse/RDP) Senior: If you (or your spouse/RDP)	Multi bove ee pa are v	oly the amount you enter in the box by the pre-print in the box. If you filled in 2 or 5, enter 2 in ge 7	ed dollar amo the box. ed, enter 2	unt for that line. 7	\$ \$	y
	11	Exemption amount: Add line 7 thro	ugh	ine 10. Transfer this amount to line 32		11	\$	_
	13	Enter federal adjusted gross income	fron	x 16 n Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; or 1040EZ, line ges 8 and 9 for line 14a through line 14f.				00
		a State income tax refund		14a	00			
ţ		b Unemployment compensation .		14b	00			
nen		c U.S. social security or railroad re			00			
and		d California non-taxable interest of			00			
ne \dit		e California IRA distributionsf Non-taxable pensions and annui			00			
Income and ome Adjustments		•		Add line 14a through line 14f		14g		00
0 0				-		,	, -	
xabl ia In	17	Subtract line 14g from line 13. This	is yo	our California adjusted gross income		17	7 1	00
Taxable California Inc	18	shown below for your shown below for your Single or Married/RIP Married/RDP filing in	filin OP fi	eductions or standard deduction g status: ing separately	\$7 274	18		00
	19	Subtract line 18 from line 17. This i	s you	ır taxable income . If less than zero, enter -0		19		00
	31	Tax. See Tax Table				31		00
dits	32	Exemption credits. Enter the amoun			00			
and Credits	40	If line 13 is more than \$160,739, se	e pa	ge 10	00			
o pi	46			12)		47		ეე
an	47 48	Subtract line 47 from line 31)			48	 	00
Тах	62			2)				00
		, ,	-	I tax. If less than zero, enter -0			,	

Your	nam	e:	Your SSN or ITIN:					
	70	Enter the	mount from Side 1, line 64			. 70		_ 00
	72	2009 CA 6	income tax withheld (see page 13)stimated tax and other payments (see page 13)			● 72		_ 00
Payments	75 76 77 78	Qualifying Qualifying Enter the Child and	perdent Care Expenses Credit (see page 13). Attach form FTB person's social security number	 line 12.	• 76 • 7700	● 78	·	_ 00
Overpaid Tax/	92 93	Amount of Overpaid 1	ax. If line 79 is more than line 70, subtract line 70 from line 79 line 91 you want applied to your 2010 estimated tax			● 92 · ● 93 ·		00
Use	95	Use Tax. 1	his is not a total line. (see page 14) ● 95	, ,	00			
Contributions	Alzhe CA F Rare State CA B CA F Emer	eimer's Dise und for Sen and Endan c Children's reast Cance irefighters' rgency Food	Code	00	CA Peace Officer Memorial CA Military Family Relief F CA Sea Otter Fund CA Ovarian Cancer Resear Municipal Shelter Spay-Ne CA Cancer Research Fund ALS/Lou Gehrig's Disease	rch Fund	• 409 • 410 • 411 • 412 • 413	00 00 00 00 00 00
Amount You Owe	113	Mail to: F Pay Onlir Underpay	YOU OWE. Add line 94, line 95, and line 110 (see page 15). DRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942867, SACRAMENTO CA e – Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay. ment of estimated tax. If form FTB 5805 is attached, fill in this	94267-00	001			00
Deposit	Fill i	Mail to: F n the infori	or NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 9 RANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 9 nation to authorize direct deposit of your refund into one or two ed the routing and account numbers? Use whole dollars only	94240-00 o accoun				00
and Direct [All o	-	ring amount of my refund (line 115) is authorized for direct de Checking Savings		the account shown below:		deposit amount	00
Refund	● R	outing nun	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				deposit amount	_ 00
		alties of pe ct, and con	jury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompa plete.	inying sch	nedules and statements, and t	to the best of my kr	owledge and belief, i	t is
Sig			Your signature Spouse's/RDP's signa	ture (if filin	g jointly, both must sign) [Daytime phone numbe	r (optional)	
He	re		X Paid preparer's signature (declaration of preparer is based on all information)	ation of wh		Date Paid prepa	arer's SSN/PTIN	
		ıl to use's/RDP's	Firm's name (or yours, if self-employed) Firm's ad	dress		● FEIN		
	return age 1		Do you want to allow another person to discuss this return	n with us	(see page 17)?	● □ Yes	□ No	
			Print Third Party Designee's Name		(Tele) phone Number		_

If joint return, spouse's/RDP's first name

Fiscal year filers only: Enter month of year end: month_
Your first name Initial Last name

	FORM
	540 C1 Side 1
Your SSN or ITIN	р
Spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN	AC
Apt. no./Ste. no. PBA	Code
State ZIP Code	<u>, , , , R</u>
State ZIF Code	RP
108 tax return.	
re	
) ● 6 🔿	
llar amount for that line.	Whole dollars only
7 🔲 X \$98 = \$	
8 X \$98 = \$	
. • 9 X \$98 = \$	
●10 □ X \$98 = \$ 11 \$	
11 ψ	
00	
4	00
umn B ● 14	
• 17_	00
3,637	
,274	1
J • 18	00

California Resident Income Tax Return 2009

Initial

Initial Last name

Last name

Address	number and street, PO Box, or PMB no.)	Apt. no./Ste. no. PBA Code			B
City (If y	u have a foreign address, see page 7)	State	ZIP Code	. =	RP
_ (0	you filed your 2008 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2 Taxpayer • Spouse/RDP	2008 tax	return.		
	Married/RDP filing separately. Enter spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN above and full name he Head of household (with qualifying person). (see page 4)		• C)	
6	If someone can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent, fill in the circle here (see page	7)	● 6○)	
Exemptions 10	For line 7, line 8, line 9, and line 10: Multiply the amount you enter in the box by the pre-printed of Personal: If you filled in 1, 3, or 4 above, enter 1 in the box. If you filled in 2 or 5, enter 2, in the box. If you filled in the circle on line 6, see page 7	7 8 • 9	□ X \$98□ X \$98□ X \$98□ X \$98	= \$ = \$ = \$	ars only
Taxable Income 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	State wages from your Form(s) W-2, box 16	33,637 67,274	}	14 15 16 17	00 00 00 00 00
32 33 34	Tax. Fill in the circle if from: O Tax Table Tax Rate Schedule FTB 3800 FTExemption credits. Enter the amount from line 11. If your federal AGI is more than \$160,739 Subtract line 32 from line 31. If less than zero, enter -0	9, see pa 	ige 10 ;	32 33	00 00 00 00 00
31 32 × 33 34	If the circle on line 6 is filled in, STOP. (see page 9)	ГВ 3803 Э, see pa		31 32 33 34	

year 2010.

	40	Enter the amount from Side 1, line 35	40	00
	41	New jobs credit, amount generated		
		(see page 11) ● 41 00		
Special Credits	42	New jobs credit, amount claimed (see page 11) ● 4200		
ر ا	43	Enter credit namecode no		
eci		and amount ▶ 4300		
Sp	44	Enter availit name		
	44	Enter credit namecode no and amount		
	45	To claim more than two credits (see page 11)		
		Nonrefundable renter's credit (see page 12)		
		Add line 42 through line 46. These are your total credits	47	00
		Subtract line 47 from line 40. If less than zero, enter -0		00
es	61	Alternative minimum tax. Attach Schedule P (540)		
Other Taxes		Mental Health Services Tax (see page 12)		
Je .		Other taxes and credit recapture (see page 13)		
Ö		Add line 48, line 61, line 62, and line 63. This is your total tax	• 64	00
	71	California income tax withheld (see page 13)	● 71	00
		2009 CA estimated tax and other payments (see page 13).		
		Real estate and other withholding (see page 13)		
		Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld (see page 13)		
	Chi	Id and Dependent Care Expenses Credit (see page 13). Attach form FTB 3506.		
ıts				
ner	75	Qualifying person's social security number	-	
Payments	76	Qualifying person's social security number		
	70	dualitying person's social security number	-	
	77	Enter the amount from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 8		
	78	Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 12	• 78	00
	79	Add line 71, line 72, line 73, line 74, and line 78. These are your total payments (see page 14)	. 79	00
_				
<u>م</u> م	91	Overpaid tax. If line 79 is more than line 64, subtract line 64 from line 79		00
aid	92	Amount of line 91 you want applied to your 2010 estimated tax		00
Overpaid Tax D	93	Tax due. If line 79 is less than line 64, subtract line 79 from line 64.		00
Ó.	34	Tan aug. II IIIIg 13 is is stati iiii g 04, suuli agi iiii g 13 HUIII IIII g 04	. 3 1	100
Jse	95	Use Tax. This is not a total line (see page 14)		
		, , 5, ,		

Your name: _____ Your SSN or ITIN: _____

			Code	Amount
	California Ser	niors Special Fund (see page 22)		00
		isease/Related Disorders Fund		00
		nd for Senior Citizens		00
		angered Species Preservation Program		00
		n's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse		00
S	California Bre	ast Cancer Research Fund	● 405	00
Contributions	California Fire	efighters' Memorial Fund	● 406	00
ont	Emergency Fo	ood for Families Fund	● 407	00
重	California Pea	ace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund	● 408	00
ŏ		itary Family Relief Fund		00
O		n Otter Fund		00
	California Ova	arian Cancer Research Fund	● 411	00
	Municipal Sh	elter Spay-Neuter Fund	● 412	00
		ncer Research Fund		00
	ALS/Lou Geh	rig's Disease Research Fund	• 414	00
	110 Add cod	e 400 through code 414. This is your total contribution	● 110	00
st and		late return penalties, and late payment penalties		00
res		ount due (see page 16). Enclose, but do not staple, any payment		00
nte	114 IUIAI AIII	ount due (see page 10). Enclose, but au not staple, any payment		00
Direct Deposit	Mail to: Fill in the info	OOR NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 93 (see page 16). FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002 rmation to authorize direct deposit of your refund into one or two accounts. Do not attach a voic ified the routing and account numbers? Use whole dollars only.		
ct	-	owing amount of my refund (line 115) is authorized for direct deposit into the account shown	below:	
<u>r</u> e		☐ Checking		
0		Savings		
dan	• Routing nu		● 116 Direct depos	sit amount
Refund	THE PEHIAMIN	g amount of my refund (line 115) is authorized for direct deposit into the account shown below Checking	vv.	
Be	1 1 1 1			_ 00
	● Routing nu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• 117 Direct depos	it amount
Und	er penalties of	the instructions to find out if you should attach a copy of your complete federal return. perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and sta	tements, and to the bes	st of my
knov	wledge and be	lief, it is true, correct, and complete. Your signature Spouse's/RDP's signature	Daytime phone number (opt	ional)
Si	gn	(if a joint return, both must sign)		ional)
	ere	V		
		X Paid preparer's signature (declaration of preparer is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge	Date Paid preparer's S'	EN/DTIN
	unlawful rge a	i aiu preparei 5 signature (ueciaration di preparer is daseu di an inidrination di wnich preparer has any knowledge	Paid preparer's S	DIV/PTIIN
spou	use's/RDP's	Firm's name (or yours, if self-employed) Firm's address	● FEIN	
•	ature.	Tillio dutition	FEIN	
	t return? page 17)	Do you want to allow another person to discuss this return with us (see page 17)?	●□Yes □No	
		Print Third Party Designed's Name Tale) aphone Number	

Your name: _____ Your SSN or ITIN: _____

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

2009 California Adjustments — Residents

CA (540)

	ortant: Attach this schedule behind Form 540, Side 3 as a supporting Californ (s) as shown on return	nia schedule.	SN or ITIN	
Par	t I Income Adjustment Schedule	Federal Amounts	Subtractions	Additions
	on A – Income	A Federal Amounts (taxable amounts from your federal return)	B Subtractions See instructions	C Additions See instructions
7	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. See instructions before making an entry in column B or C \dots 7			
8	Taxable interest			
9	Ordinary dividends. See instructions. (b)9(a)			
10	Taxable refunds, credits, offsets of state and local income taxes			
11	Alimony received			
12	Business income or (loss)			
13	Capital gain or (loss). See instructions			
14	Other gains or (losses)			
15	IRA distributions. See instructions. (a)			
16	Pensions and annuities. See instructions. (a)			
17	Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc			
18	Farm income or (loss)			
19	Unemployment compensation in excess of \$2,400 per recipient			
20	Social security benefits (a)20(b)			
21	Other income.		(a	а
	a California lottery winnings e NOL from FTB 3805D, 3805Z,		b	b
			C	C
	c Federal NOL (Form 1040, line 21) f Other (describe):		d	d
	d NOL carryover from FTB 3805V		e	e
	<u></u>		ι _f	f
22	Total. Combine line 7 through line 21 in column A. Add line 7 through line 21f in			
	column B and column C. Go to Section B			
Sect	on B – Adjustments to Income			
23	Educator expenses			
24	Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis			
	government officials			
25	Health savings account deduction			
26	Moving expenses			
27	One-half of self-employment tax			
28	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans			
29	Self-employed health insurance deduction			
	Penalty on early withdrawal of savings			
31a	Alimony paid. (b) Recipient's: SSN			
	Last name 31a			
32	IRA deduction			
33	Student loan interest deduction			
34	Tuition and fees deduction			
35	Domestic production activities deduction			
36	Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in columns A, B, and C.			
	See instructions			
27	Total Cubinate line Of from line Of in columns A. B. and O. O. instructions			
37	Total. Subtract line 36 from line 22 in columns A, B, and C. See instructions			

Part II Adjustments to Federal Itemized Deductions

38	Federal itemized deductions. Add the amounts on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28	38	
39	Enter total of federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 5 (State Disability Insurance, and state and local income tax, or General Sales Tax), line 7 (new motor vehicle tax), and line 8 (foreign income taxes only). See instructions	39	
40	Subtract line 39 from line 38	40	
41	Other adjustments including California lottery losses. See instructions. Specify	41	
42	Combine line 40 and line 41	42	
43	Is your federal AGI (Form 540, line 13) more than the amount shown below for your filing status? Single or married/RDP filing separately		
	No. Transfer the amount on line 42 to line 43 Yes. Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet in the instructions for Schedule CA (540), line 43	43	
44	Enter the larger of the amount on line 43 or your standard deduction listed below Single or married/RDP filing separately		
	Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)\$7,274 Transfer the amount on line 44 to Form 540, line 18	44	

California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

Do not complete this schedule if all of your California gains (losses) are the same as your federal gains (losses).

D (540)

IValli	N OF ITIN				
	(a) Description of property (identify S corporation stock) Example: 100 shares of "Z" (S stock)	(b) Sales price	(c) Cost or other basis	(d) Loss If (c) is more than (b) subtract (b) from (c)	(e) Gain If (b) is more than (c), subtract (c) from (b)
1a					
1b					
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Net gain or (loss) shown on California Schedule(s) K-Capital gain distributions (federal Form 1099-DIV, box Total 2009 gains from all sources. Add column (e) am 2009 loss. Add column (d) amounts of line 1a, line 1b California capital loss carryover from 2008, if any. See Total 2009 loss. Add line 5 and line 6	2a minus box 2c)	o, line 2, and line 3	See instructions	. 3

Instructions for California Schedule D (540)

California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC)

General Information

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Purpose

Use California Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, **only** if there is a difference between your California and federal capital gains and losses.

Get FTB Pub. 1001, for more information about the following:

- Disposition of property inherited before 1987.
- Gain on the sale or disposition of a qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specific entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.

- Capital loss carryback.
- Capital gain on Cash for Clunkers rebates under the federal Car Allowance Rebate System (CARS) program.

Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business Stock. California law (R&TC Section 18152.5) provides an exclusion (similar to the federal exclusion under IRC Section 1202) of 50% of the gain on the sale of qualifying small business stock originally issued after 8/10/93 that was held for more than five years. However, for California purposes, at least 80% of the issuing corporation's payroll must be attributable to employment located within California, and at least 80% of the value of the corporation's assets must be used by the corporation to actively conduct one or more qualified trades or businesses in California.

If you have gain on the sale of qualified small business stock that qualifies for the federal Section 1202 exclusion, go to the specific line instructions for line 1b.

Installment Sales. If you sold property at a gain (other than publicly traded stocks or securities) and you will receive a payment in a tax year after the year of sale, you must report the sale on the installment method unless you elect not to do so. Get form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income. Also, use that form if you received a payment in 2009, for an installment sale made in an earlier year.

You may elect not to use the installment sale method for California by reporting the entire gain on Schedule D (540) (or Schedule D-1, Sale of Business Property, for business assets) in the year of the sale and filing your return on or before the due date.

At-Risk Rules and Passive Activity Limitations. If you dispose of (1) an asset used in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, or (2) any part of your interest in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, and the amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, get and complete federal Form 6198, At-Risk Limitations, using California amounts to figure your California deductible loss under the at-risk rules. Once a loss becomes

allowable under the at-risk rules, it becomes subject to the passive activity rules. Get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations.

Specific Line Instructions

Line 1a - List each capital asset transaction.

Column (a) – Description of Property. Describe the asset you sold or exchanged.

Column (b) – Sales Price. Enter in this column either the gross sales price or the net sales price. If you received a Form 1099-B, Proceeds From Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions; Form 1099-S, Proceeds From Real Estate Transactions; or similar statement showing the gross sales price, enter that amount in column (b). However, if box 2 of Form 1099-B indicates that gross proceeds less commissions and option premiums were reported to the IRS, enter that net amount in column (b). If you entered the net amount in column (b), do not include the commissions and option premiums in column (c).

Column (c) – Cost or Other Basis. In general, the cost or other basis represents the cost of the property plus purchase commissions and improvements, minus depreciation, amortization, and depletion. Enter the cost or adjusted basis of the asset for California purposes. Use your records and California tax returns for years before 1987 to determine the California amount to enter in column (c). If you used an amount other than cost as the original basis, your federal basis may be different from your California basis. Other reasons for differences include:

- Depreciation Methods and Property Expensing Before 1987, California law disallowed the use of accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS) and disallowed the use of an asset depreciation range 20% above or below the standard rate. Before 1999, California had different limits on the expensing of property under IRC Section 179. California law permits rapid write-off of certain property such as solar energy systems, pollution control devices, and property used in an Enterprise Zone, LAMBRA, Targeted Tax Area, or Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ).
- Inherited Property The California basis of property inherited from a decedent is generally fair market value (FMV) at the time of death.
- S Corporation Stock Prior to 1987, California law did not recognize S corporations; therefore, your California basis in S corporation stock may differ from your federal basis. In general, your California basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received after 1986, while your stock was California S corporation stock. Your federal basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received during the time your stock qualified for federal S corporation treatment. Effective for taxable years beginning on or after 1/1/02, any corporation with a valid federal S corporation election is considered an S corporation for California purposes. Existing law already requires federal C corporations to be treated as C corporations for California purposes.
- Special Credits California law authorizes special tax credits not allowed under federal law or computed differently under federal law. In many instances if you claimed special credits related to capital assets, you must reduce your basis in the assets by the amount of credit.

Other adjustments may apply differently to the federal and California basis of your capital assets. Figure the original basis of your asset using the California law in effect when the asset was acquired, and adjust it according to provisions of California law in effect during the period of your ownership.

Line 1b – R&TC Section 18152.5 Exclusion. If the gain qualifying for the IRC Section 1202 exclusion also qualifies for the California exclusion under R&TC Section 18152.5: Enter in column (a) "Section 18152.5 Exclusion." Complete column (b) and column (c) according to the instructions for line 1a. Enter in column (d) the amount of gain that qualifies for the California exclusion. En ter in column (e) the entire gain realized. If the gain qualifying for the IRC Section 1202 exclusion does not qualify for the California exclusion: Complete column (a), column (b), and column (c) according to the instructions for line 1a. Enter -0- in column (d) and enter the entire gain realized in column (e).

Line 2 – Net Gain or (Loss) Shown on California Schedule(s) K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568). Combine gain(s) and loss(es) from all California Schedule(s) K-1(100S, 541, 565, and 568), Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, Etc. See California Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568) instructions for more information on capital gains and losses. Enter the net loss on line 2, column (d), or the net gain on line 2, column (e).

Line 3 – Capital Gain Distributions. If you receive federal Form 2439, Notice to Shareholder of Undistributed Long-Term Capital Gains, from a mutual fund, do not include the **undistributed** capital gain dividends on Schedule D. If you receive federal Form 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions, enter the amount of **distributed** capital gain dividends.

Line 6 – 2008 California Capital Loss Carryover. If you were a resident of California for all prior years, enter your California capital loss carryover from 2008. However, if you were a nonresident of California during any taxable year that generated a portion of your 2008 capital loss carryover, recalculate your 2008 capital loss carryover as if you resided in California for all prior years. Get FTB Pub. 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency, for more information. Enter your California capital loss carryover amount from 2008 on line 6.

Line 8 – Net Gain or Loss. If the amount on line 4 is more than the amount on line 7, subtract line 7 from line 4. Enter the difference as a gain on line 8.

If the amount on line 7 is more than the amount on line 4, subtract line 4 from line 7 and enter the difference as a negative amount on line 8.

Use the worksheet on this page to figure your capital loss carryover to 2010. **Line 9** – If line 8 is a net capital loss, enter the smaller of the loss on line 8 or \$3,000 (\$1,500 if you are married or an RDP filing a separate return).

Line 12a – Compare the amounts entered on line 10 and line 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column B.

For example:

Loss on line 10 is less than loss on line 11.

Federal loss on line 10 is	(\$1,000)
California loss on line 11 is	(\$2,000)
Difference between line 10 and line 11	\$1,000
Gain on line 10 and loss on line 11.	
Federal gain on line 10 is	\$3,000
California loss on line 11 is	(\$3,000)
Difference between line 10 and line 11	. \$6,000

Line 12b – Compare the amounts on line 10 and 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column C.

For example:

Loss on line 10 is more than loss on line 11.

California loss on line 11 is	(\$1,000)
Difference between line 11 and line 10	`\$1,000
Loss on line 10 and gain on line 11.	
Federal loss on line 10 is	(\$2,000)
California gain on line 11 is	`\$5,000
Difference between line 10 and line 11	

California Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet

- 4. Subtract line 3 from line 2. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount.....4

TAXABLE YEAR

CALIFORNIA FORM

2009

Depreciation and Amortization AdjustmentsDo not complete this form if your California depreciation amounts are the same as federal amounts.

3885A

rt I Identify the Activity	y as Passive or Nonpassive. (See instructions.)	Business or a	ctivity to which forr	n FTB 3885A re	elates
•	mpleted for a passive activity.	,				
•	mpleted for a nonpassive activ	ritv.				
	se Certain Tangible Property (
Enter the amount from	ine 12 of the Tangible Property	/ Expense Worksheet in	the instructions		2	2
rt III Depreciation	(a) Description of property placed in service	(b) Date placed in service	(c) California basis for depreciation	(d) Method	(e) Life or rate	(f) California depreciation deduction
California depreciation f Total California deprecia	e 3, column (f)or assets placed in service priction from this activity. Add the	or to 2009 amounts on line 2, line	e 4, and line 5			5 6
California depreciation f Total California deprecia Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than	or assets placed in service price	or to 2009	e 4, and line 5orm 4562, line 22	(d) Code		5
California depreciation f Total California deprecia Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than	or assets placed in service prior tion from this activity. Add the n from this activity. Enter depr n line 7, enter the difference he line 7, enter the difference her	or to 2009	e 4, and line 5		8	5 6 7 a b
California depreciation f Total California deprecia Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than rt IV Amortization Total California amortiza	or assets placed in service prior tion from this activity. Add the n from this activity. Enter depring line 7, enter the difference here (a) Description of cost	amounts on line 2, line eciation from federal Fore and see instructions and see instructions (b) Date amortization begins amounts on line 9, co	e 4, and line 5	(d) Code section	8 (e) Period or percentage	5 6 7 a b California amortization deduction
California depreciation f Total California deprecia Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than rt IV Amortization Total California amortiza California amortization	or assets placed in service prior tion from this activity. Add the n from this activity. Enter deprior line 7, enter the difference her (a) Description of cost attion from this activity. Add the of costs that began before 2009	amounts on line 2, line eciation from federal Fore and see instructions and see instructions (b) Date amortization begins amounts on line 9, co 9.	e 4, and line 5	(d) Code section		5 6 7 a b California amortization deduction 0 1
California depreciation f Total California deprecia Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than rt IV Amortization Total California amortiza California amortization Total California amortiza	or assets placed in service priction from this activity. Add the n from this activity. Enter depriction from this activity. Enter depriction from the difference here (a) Description of cost attion from this activity. Add the of costs that began before 2009 attion from this activity. Add the	amounts on line 2, line eciation from federal Fore and see instructions e and see instructions (b) Date amortization begins amounts on line 9, co 9	ce 4, and line 5	(d) Code section		5 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
California depreciation f Total California deprecia Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than rt IV Amortization Total California amortiza California amortization Total California amortiza Total federal amortization	or assets placed in service priction from this activity. Add the n from this activity. Enter depriction from this activity. Enter depriction from the difference here (a) Description of cost attion from this activity. Add the of costs that began before 2009 attion from this activity. Add the on from this activity. Enter amo	amounts on line 2, line eciation from federal F and see instructions e and see instructions Date amortization begins	California basis for amortization Calline 11 orm 4562, line 22	(d) Code section		5 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
California depreciation f Total California depreciat Total federal depreciatio a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than rt IV Amortization Total California amortizat California amortization Total California amortizat Total federal amortizatio a If line 12 is more tha	or assets placed in service priction from this activity. Add the n from this activity. Enter depriction from this activity. Enter depriction from the difference here (a) Description of cost attion from this activity. Add the of costs that began before 2009 attion from this activity. Add the	amounts on line 2, line eciation from federal F and see instructions e and see instructions Date amortization begins Date amounts on line 9, co	California basis for amortization Caline 11 Corm 4562, line 22	(d) Code section		5

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM FIB 3885A

Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

General Information

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information on differences between California and federal law for the following items:

- Amortization of certain intangibles (IRC Section 197)
- Qualified Indian Reservation property

- Grapevines subject to Phylloxera or Pierce's disease
- Additional depreciation

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Purpose

Use form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, only if there is a difference between the amount of depreciation and amortization allowed as a deduction using California law and the amount allowed using federal law. California law and federal law have not always allowed the same depreciation methods, special credits, or accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery periods or the basis on which the depreciation is figured for California may be different from the amounts used for federal purposes. You will probably have reportable differences if all or part of your assets were placed in service:

• Before 1/1/87. California disallowed depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS). Continue to figure California

- depreciation for those assets in the same manner as in prior years for those assets.
- On or after 1/1/87. California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. California did not conform to all changes to federal law enacted in 1993; therefore, the California basis or recovery periods may be different for some assets.
- On or after 9/11/01. If you claimed the 30% additional depreciation for federal purposes, California has not conformed to the federal Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 which allows taxpayers to take an additional first year depreciation deduction and Alternative Minimum Tax depreciation adjustment for property placed in service after 9/10/01.
- California generally conforms to the federal 2003 increase (IRC Section 280F) for the limitation on luxury automobile depreciation. In addition, SUVs and minivans built on a truck chassis are included in the definition of trucks and vans when applying the 6,000 pound gross weight limit. However, California does not conform to the IRC Section 168(k) provisions (30% and 50% additional first year depreciation).

Differences may also occur for other less common reasons, and the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) list them on the line for the type of income likely to be affected. Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about figuring and reporting these adjustments.

If reporting a difference for assets related to a passive activity, get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, for more information about passive activities.

Do not use form FTB 3885A to report depreciation expense from federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses. Instead, see the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 41.

Specific Line Instructions

Prepare and file a separate form FTB 3885A for each business or activity on your return that has a difference between California and federal depreciation or amortization. Enter the name of the business or activity in the space provided at the top of the form. If you need more space, attach additional sheets. However, complete Part II, Election to Expense Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179), only once.

Part I Identify the Activity as Passive or Nonpassive

Line 1 – Check the box to identify the activity as passive or nonpassive. A passive activity is any activity involving the conduct of any trade or business in which you did not materially participate. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.

If the activity is passive, use this form as a worksheet to figure the depreciation adjustment to carry to form FTB 3801. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities of persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. California did not conform to this provision.

Part II Election To Expense Certain Tangible Property

If you qualify, you may elect to expense part of the cost of depreciable personal property used in your trade or business and certain other property described in federal Publication 946, How to Depreciate Property. To qualify, you must have purchased property, as defined in the IRC Section 179(d)(2), and placed it in service during 2009, or have a carryover of unused cost from 2008. If you elect this deduction, you must reduce your California depreciable basis by the IRC Section 179 expense.

Although federal law increased the IRC Section 179 expense to \$250,000, under California law, the maximum deduction allowed for 2009 is \$25,000.

Complete the worksheet in the next column to figure IRC Section 179 expense for California. Include all assets qualifying for the deduction because the limit applies to all qualifying assets as a group rather than to each asset individually. Refer to federal Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, for more information.

Ton	wible Duenouty Fyrance	Markahaat				
1 2 3 4	Maximum dollar limitation Total cost of Section 179 p Threshold cost of Section reduction in limitation Reduction in limitation. St If zero or less, enter -0 Dollar limitation for tax ye If zero or less, enter -0	of for California property placed in 179 property befo ubtract line 3 from ar. Subtract line 4	service	2	\$25,000 \$200,000	
-	(a) Description of property	(b) Cost	(c) Elected cost			
6						
8	Listed property (elected S Total elected cost of Section Add line 6 column (c) and	on 179 propertý. line 7		8		
	Tentative deduction. Enter					
	Carryover of disallowed de Enter the smaller of busing			10		
1	or line 5		11.			
	or line 5					
	Subtract line 12 from the	result	13	.		

Part III Depreciation

Line 3 – Complete column (a) through column (f) for each tangible asset or group of assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis for assets on which you elected to take the Section 179 deduction. It will be the difference between line 6, column (b) and line 6, column (c) of the Tangible Property Expense Worksheet in Part II.

Line 8a and Line 8b – Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

- Yes Enter the amount from line 8a or line 8b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).
- No Include the amount from line 8a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business, activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E, Supplemental Income and Loss, activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F, Profit or Loss From Farming, activities.

 Include the amount from line 8b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR)

in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Part IV Amortization

Line 9 – Complete column (a) through column (f) for intangible assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis and the California recovery period.

Line 14a and Line 14b – Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

- Yes Enter the amount from line 14a or line 14b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).
- No Include the amount from line 14a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Include the amount from line 14b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Instructions for Form FTB 3519

Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals

What's New

Mandatory Electronic Payments - You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000 for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals who do not send the payment electronically may be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on the Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay.

General Information

Use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, only if both of the following apply:

You cannot file your 2009 return by April 15, 2010.

- Note: Fiscal Year Filers, your return is due the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of your fiscal year.
- You owe tax for 2009.

When you file your 2009 return, you can e-file or CalFile. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for **e-file options**. If you use form FTB 3519, you **may not** file Form 540 2EZ or Short Form 540NR.

Use the worksheet below to determine if you owe tax. If you do not owe tax, do not complete or mail form FTB 3519. However, file your return by October 15, 2010. If you owe tax, choose one of the following payment options:

Web Pay: To make a payment online or to schedule a future payment (up to one year in advance), go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.

- Credit Card: Use your major credit card. Call 800.272.9829 or go to official payments.com, use code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.
- Check or Money Order: Complete the payment form below using blue or black ink, and mail it with your check or money order to the "Franchise Tax Board." Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.
- Installment Agreement: Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for installment agreement or get FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request Booklet.

Penalties and Interest

If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2010, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. If you pay at least 90% of the tax shown on the return by the original due date of the return, we will waive the penalty based on reasonable cause. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2010, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest. Pay your additional tax with another form FTB 3519. If you do not file your tax return by October 15, 2010, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the return. For Fiscal Year Filers, your tax return is due the 15th day of the 10th month following the close of your fiscal year.

Taxpayers Residing or Traveling Outside the USA

If you are residing or traveling outside the USA on April 15, 2010, the deadline to file your return and pay the tax is June 15, 2010. Interest will accrue from the original due date (April 15, 2010) until the date of payment. If you need additional time to file, you will be allowed a six-month extension without filing a request. To qualify for the extension, file your tax return by December 15, 2010. To avoid any late-payment penalties, pay your tax liability by June 15, 2010. When filing your tax return, attach a statement to the front indicating that you were "Outside the USA on April 15, 2010.

1	Total tax you expect to owe. This is the amore Payments and credits:	ount yo	u expect to ente	on Form 5	40/540A, line 64; o	or Long Form 540NR, line 74	1_	(00_
	a California income tax withheld (includ	ing rea	al estate and no	nresident w	vithholding)		00		
	 California estimated tax payments and (To check your estimated tax payment) 						00		
	c Other payments and credits, including form FTB 3519						00		
3	Total tax payments and credits. Add line 2	2a, line	2b, and line 2c				3	0	00_
4	 Tax due. Is line 1 more than line 3? No. Stop here. You have no tax due. lextension will apply. Yes. Subtract line 3 from line 1 and e schedule your payment. For check or FTB 3519 below. Fill in your name(s), "Franchise Tax Board." Write your SS form and mail to: FRANCHISE TAX BO 	Do not nter or money addres N or IT	mail form FTB a l line 4. This is y order payment ss, and SSN(s) TN and "2009 F	3519. If you your tax du s, using blu or ITIN(s), TB 3519" o	u file your tax retu e. For online payn ue or black ink, er and separate forn in the check or mi	rn by October 15, 2010 (fis nents, do not mail the form, ter the tax due amount fror at the "DETACH HERE" lin oney order. Enclose, but do	cal year filer – see in go to ftb.ca.gov and n line 4 as the "Amou e. Make a check or m	structions), the automatic I search for web pay , and unt of payment" on the for loney order payable to the	l rm e
0	DETACH HERE		IF NO PAY	MENT IS		MAIL THIS FORM _		DETACH HERE	ေ
•	AXABLE YEAR	0, .	1010) (1 100ai	your more	occ monaci	10110)		CALIFORNIA FORM	
		for	Autom	atic I	Extensio	n for Individ	luals	3519 (PIT)	_
Fo	or calendar year 2009 or fiscal year begii	nning	month	_ day	year	, and ending month_	day	year	
Yo	our first name	Initia	Last name				Your SS	SN or ITIN	
			1					.	
lf	joint payment, spouse's/RDP's first name	Initia	Last name				Spouse	's/RDP's SSN or ITIN	
Λ.									
\sim	ddrass (number and street DO Boy, or DME	3 no)		1 1 1				Ant no /Sto no	
	ddress (number and street, PO Box, or PME	3 no.)	<u> </u>		1 1 1 1			Apt. no./Ste. no.	_
	ddress (number and street, PO Box, or PME	3 no.)					State ZIP Code	Apt. no./Ste. no.	_
C	ddress (number and street, PO Box, or PME						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
C	ddress (number and street, PO Box, or PME						State ZIP Code Amount of payme	<u> </u>	
C	ddress (number and street, PO Box, or PME				amount of pero, do not m		Amount of payme	ent .	00,

TAX PAYMENT WORKSHEET KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS

nn

TAXABLE YEAR

CALIFORNIA FORM

2010 Estimated	d Tax	for Ind	lividuals	File	and	Pay	by A	April	15	, 201	0 5	40-ES
Fiscal year filers, enter year endi	ng month	:	Year 2011									
Your first name	Initia	Last name								Your SS	SN or ITIN	
If joint payment, spouse's/RDP's first nam	e Initia	Last name							1	Spouse	's/RDP's SS	N or ITIN
Address (number and street, PO Box, or F	PMB no.)									Apt no./	Ste. no.	Payment
City (If you have a foreign address, see in	structions)					State	ZIP	Code				Form 1
Do not combine this payment with payment o to the "Franchise Tax Board." Write your social Mail this form and your check or money order to:	security numb	er or individual t	taxpayer identification	n number and '	2010 Fo	rm 540-ES		,	Amou	nt of payr	ment	
If no payment is due, do not mail this form. See Section A of the instructions for an altern	ative to usin	g this form.						L	ı	,		00
For Privacy Notice, get form FTB 1	131.		12	01103			_				Forn	n 540-ES 2009

2010	Estimated '	Tax f	or Indi	viduals	File an	d Pay b	y June 15	5, 2010	540-ES
Fiscal year filer Your first name	rs, enter year ending	month:		Year 2011				Your SSN or I	TINI
Tour mot name		IIIIuai	Lastrianie					1001 3311 01 1	TIIN
If joint payment, sp	ouse's/RDP's first name	Initial	Last name					Spouse's/RDI	P's SSN or ITIN
Address (number a	and street, PO Box, or PME	no.)					1 1 1 1	Apt no./Ste. n	° Payment
City (If you have a f	foreign address, see instru	ctions)			1 1 1	State	ZIP Code	_	Form 2
to the "Franchise Tax Mail this form and your If no payment is due,	payment with payment of yo Board." Write your social sect r check or money order to: FRA do not mail this form. instructions for an alternativ	urity numbe	er or individual tax AX BOARD, PO	cpayer identification r	number and "2010	Form 540-ES"	payable on it. Amou	unt of payment	00
For Privacy Not	ice, get form FTB 113	1.		120	1103		-		Form 540-ES 200
DETACH H	HERE	IF	NO PAYM	ENT IS DUE,	DO NOT MA	AIL THIS F	FORM		DETACH HERE
TAXABLE YEAR								_	CALIFORNIA FORM
2010	Estimated	Tax f	or Indi	viduals	File an	d Pay b	y Sept. 18	5, 2010	540-ES
	rs, enter year ending			Year 2011					
Your first name		Initial	Last name					Your SSN or I	TIN
If joint payment, sp	ouse's/RDP's first name	Initial	Last name		1 1 1			Spouse's/RD	P's SSN or ITIN
Address (number a	and street, PO Box, or PME	3 no.)			1 1 1			Apt no./Ste. n	o. Payment
City (If you have a f	foreign address, see instru	ctions)				State	ZIP Code		Form 3
to the "Franchise Tax	payment with payment of yo Board." Write your social secu	urity numbe	er or individual tax	cpayer identification r	number and "2010	Form 540-ES"		unt of payment	
If no payment is due,	ck or money order to: FRANCH, do not mail this form. instructions for an alternativ			942007, SACHAME	NTO CA 94267-0	J31.			00
For Privacy Not	ice, get form FTB 113	1.		120	1103		•		Form 540-ES 200
DETACH F	HERE	IF	NO PAYM	ENT IS DUE,	DO NOT MA	AIL THIS F	ORM		DETACH HERE
TAXABLE YEAR									CALIFORNIA FORM
2010	Estimated	Tax f	or Indi	viduals	File ar	nd Pay I	oy Jan. 18	, 2011	540-ES
Fiscal year filer	rs, enter year ending	month:		Year 2011					
Your first name		Initial	Last name					Your SSN or I	TIN
If joint payment, spe	ouse's/RDP's first name	Initial	Last name					Spouse's/RDI	P's SSN or ITIN
Address (number a	and street, PO Box, or PME	3 no.)						Apt no./Ste. n	o. Payment
City (If you have a f	foreign address, see instru	ctions)				State	ZIP Code		Form 4
to the "Franchise Tax Mail this form and you	payment with payment of yo Board." Write your social sect recheck or money order to: FRA	urity numbe	er or individual tax	cpayer identification r	number and "2010	Form 540-ES"	payable on it. Amou	unt of payment	
	, do not mail this form. instructions for an alternativ	e to using	this form.						00

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

2010 Instructions for Form 540-ES Estimated Tax For Individuals

Same- Sex Married Couples – For information regarding estimate tax payments, get 2009 FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples.

Installment Payments - Installments due for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2010 shall be thirty percent of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, forty percent of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and thirty percent of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.

General Information

Taxpayers are required to remit their payments electronically if they make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 for taxable year 2009, or the total tax liability shown on their original 2009 tax return exceeds \$80,000. Once you meet the threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay.

Purpose

Use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals, and the 2010 Estimated Tax Worksheet, to determine if you owe estimated tax for 2010 and to figure the required amounts. Estimated tax is the tax you expect to owe in 2010 after subtracting the credits you plan to take and tax you expect to have withheld.

If you need to make a payment for your 2009 tax liability or make a separate payment for any balance due on your 2009 tax return, use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals.

Certain taxpayers are limited in their use of the prior year's tax as a basis for figuring their estimated tax. See paragraph C below for more information. Check for estimated payments we've received at ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

Increasing your withholding could eliminate the need to make a large payment with your tax return. To increase your withholding, complete Employment Development Department (EDD) Form DE 4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer's appropriate payroll staff. You can get this form from your employer, or by calling EDD at **888**.745.3886. You can download the Form DE 4 from EDD's website at www.edd.ca.gov or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for de 4.

Form DE 4 specifically adjusts your California state withholding and is not the same as the federal Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.

Who Must Make Estimated Tax Payments

Generally, you must make estimated tax payments if you expect to owe at least \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately) in tax for 2010 (after subtracting withholding and credits) and you expect your withholding and credits to be less than the smaller of:

- 90% of the tax shown on your 2010 tax return. The tax shown on your 2009 tax return including AMT.

Note:

- You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2010 and did not have a California tax liability in 2009, see Section C for more information.
- If you are a military servicemember not domiciled in California, do not include your military pay in your computation of estimated tax payments. If you are the your named y bay in your computation of estimated tax payments. If you are the nonmilitary spouse of a servicemember you may or may not need to include your pay in your computation of estimated tax payments. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated tax payments, but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim all of the amount paid, or you may each claim part of the joint estimated payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the income tax returns so that the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers. The statements should be sent to:

JOINT ESTIMATE CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225, TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER, FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040

Limit on the Use of Prior Year's Tax

Individuals who are required to make estimated tax payments, and whose 2009 adjusted gross income is more than \$150,000 (or \$75,000 if married/RDP filing separately), must figure estimated tax based on the lesser of 90% of their tax for 2010 or 110% of their tax for 2009 including AMT. This rule does not apply to farmers or fishermen.

Taxpayers with 2010 adjusted gross income equal to or greater than \$1,000,000 (or \$500,000 if married/RDP filing separately), must figure estimated tax based on their tax for 2010.

When to Make Your Estimated Tax Payments

For estimated tax purposes, the year is divided into four payment periods. Each period has a specific payment due date. The payment periods and due dates are:

For the payment period:

January 1 through March 31, 2010 April 1 through May 31, 2010 June 1 through August 31, 2010 Sept. 1 through Dec. 31, 2010

File and Pay by: April 15, 2010 June 15, 2010 September 15, 2010 January 18, 2011

Filing an Early Return In Place of the 4th Installment. If you file your 2010 tax return by January 31, 2011, and pay the entire balance due, you do not have to make your last estimated tax payment. In addition, you will not owe a penalty for the fourth installment

Annualization Option. If you do not receive your taxable income evenly during the year, it may be to your advantage to annualize your income. This method allows you to match your estimated tax payments to the actual period when you earned the income. You may use the annualization schedule included with the 2009 form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries.

Farmers and Fishermen. If you are a farmer or fisherman, and at least two-thirds of your 2009 and 2010 gross income is from farming or fishing, you may do either of the following:

Pay all of your estimated tax by January 18, 2011.

File your tax return for 2010 on or before March 3, 2011, and pay the total tax due. In this case, you need not make estimated tax payments for 2010. Use the 2009 form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen, to determine if you paid the required estimated tax. If the estimated tax is underpaid, attach the completed form FTB 5805F to the back of your return.

Fiscal Year. If you file your return on a fiscal year basis, your due dates will be the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your fiscal year and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. If the due date falls on a weekend, or legal holiday, use the next business day.

Mental Health Services Tax. If your taxable income or nonresident CA source taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, complete the worksheet below.

A. Taxable income from Forms 540/540A, line 19,		
or Long Form 540NR, line 35		
B. Less:	\$(1,000,0	000)
C. Subtotal		
D. Multiply line C by 1%	Х	.01
E. Mental Health Services Tax - Enter this amount on line 17 of		
the 2010 CA Estimated Tax Worksheet, on the next page		

How to Use Form 540-ES Payment Form

Use the CA Estimated Tax Worksheet and your 2009 California income tax return as a guide for figuring your 2010 estimated tax. Be sure that the amount shown on line 21 of the CA Estimated Tax Worksheet has been reduced by any overpaid tax on your 2009 tax return which you chose to apply toward your 2010 estimated tax payment.

Note:

- Form 540-ES is not an application for an installment agreement. If you have a financial hardship and cannot pay your taxes in full, you may request to make monthly installment payments. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for installment agreement.
- If you filed Form 540 2EZ for 2009, do not use the Form 540 2EZ instructions for figuring amounts on this worksheet. Instead, get the 2009 California 540 & 540A Personal Income Tax Booklet.

There is a separate payment form for each due date. Please be sure you use the form with the correct due date shown in the top margin of the form. Complete Form 540-ES using black or blue ink:

- Print your name, address, and social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) in the space provided on Form 540-ES. If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.
- Complete the amount of payment line of the form by entering the amount of the payment that you are sending.

Paying your tax:

Web Pay – To make a payment online or to schedule a future payment (up to one year in advance), go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **web pay**. **Do not mail** Forms 540-ES to us.

Credit card – Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for pay by credit card or call 800.272.9829. You will be charged a fee for this service.

Do not mail the form if you pay by credit card.

Check or money order – Using blue or black ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Write your SSN or ITIN and "2010 Form 540-ES" on it and mail to the address on the form.

Make all checks and money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

- Complete the Record of Estimated Tax Payments on the next page for your files. Fiscal year filers: Enter the month of your fiscal year end (located directly
- below the form's title).

Failure to Make Estimated Tax Payments

If you do not make the required estimate payments, if you pay an installment after the date it is due, or if you underpay any installment, a penalty may be assessed on the portion of estimated tax that was underpaid from the due date of the installment to the date of payment or the due date of your tax return, whichever is earlier. Get the 2009 form FTB 5805 for more information.

20	10 California Estimated Tax Worksheet Keep this worksh	heet for your re	cords.		
1	Residents: Enter your estimated 2010 California AGI. Nonresidents and	d part-year residen	ts: Enter your estimated 2	2010	
	total AGI from all sources. Military servicemember/spouses, get Pub. 19	1032 Tax Informati	on for Military Personnel		1
2	a If you plan to itemize deductions, enter the estimated total of your item	emized deductions	2a		
	b If you do not plan to itemize deductions, enter the standard deduction				
	\$3,637 single or married/RDP filing separately	, ,			
	\$7,274 married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying wi	vidow(er)	2b		
	c Enter the amount from line 2a or line 2b, whichever applies				2c
3	Subtract line 2c from line 1				3
	Tax. Figure your tax on the amount on line 3 using the 2009 tax table fo				
	Also include any tax from form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children			303	
	Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends				1
5	Residents: Skip to line 6a. Nonresidents and part-year residents:				7
J	a Enter your estimated California taxable income from Schedule CA (54	MOND) Part IV lin	Δ 1 0		5a
	b Compute the CA Tax Rate: Tax on total taxable income from line 4.	•			5b
	Total taxable income from line 3				Ju
					Eo.
6	c Multiply the amount on line 5a by the CA Tax Rate on line 5b				5c
0	a Residents: Enter the exemption credit amount from the 2009 instruc				6a
7	b Nonresidents or part-year residents: Enter the CA credit proration perce				
	Nonresidents: CA prorated exemption credits. Multiply the total exempt		•		
	Residents: Subtract line 6a from line 4. Nonresidents or part-year resi				
	Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts. See instructions for form FT				
	Add line 8 and line 9				
11	Credits for joint custody head of household, dependent parent, senior h				11
	Nonresidents and part-year residents: For the child and dependent car				
40	Long Form 540NR, line 88. For the other credits listed on line 11, multip				40
	Subtract line 11 from line 10.				
	Other credits (such as other state tax credit). See the 2009 instructions				
	Subtract line 13 from line 12				
	Interest on deferred tax from installment obligations under IRC Sections				
	Alternative Minimum Tax. See Schedule P (540 or 540NR)				
	Mental Health Services Tax Worksheet, line E (on page 1 of these instru				
	2010 Estimated Tax. Add line 14 through line 17. Enter the result, but no				18
19	a Multiply line 18 by 90% (.90). Farmers and fishermen multiply line 18				
	b Enter the sum of line 48, line 61, and line 62 from your 2009 Form 54				
	or the sum of line 63, line 71, and line 72 from your Long Form 540N				40-
	c Enter the amount from your 2009 Forms 540/540A, line 17; or Long F				196
	d Is the amount on line 19c more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 if married/R		- /		104
	Yes. Go to line 19e. No. Enter the lesser of line 19a or line 19b. Skip	•	-		190
	e Multiply 110% (1.10) by the sum of line 48, line 61, and line 62 from sum of line 63, line 71, and line 72 from your Long Form 540NR				100
	f Enter the lesser of line 19a or line 19e and go to line 20 (If your Calif.				136
	\$1,000,000/\$500,000 for married filing separately, use line 19a.)	•	•		10f
	Caution: Generally, if you do not prepay at least the amount on line 19d				191
	penalty for not paying enough estimated tax. To avoid a penalty, make s				
	possible. If you prefer, you may pay 100% of your 2010 estimated tax (•			
20	California income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 201		lding on pensions, annuiti	es etc.)	20
	Balance . Subtract line 20 from line 19d (or line 19f if no amount on line				
	if married/RDF filing separately), you do not have to make a payment at				21
22	Installment amount. Multiply the amount on line 21 by 30%. Enter the				
	21 by 40%. Enter the result on the 2nd installment of your Forms 540-E				
	ven rate during the year, see Annualization Option in the instructions und			,	,
	cord of Estimated Tax Payments	<u> </u>			
	ment form number (a) Date (b) Web Pay/Credit card and confirmation number	(c) Amount paid	(d) 2009 overpayment applied	(e) Total amount pa	aid and credited add (c) and (d)
1	\$		\$	\$	
2					
3					
4					
Tot	al		\$	\$	

Instructions for Schedule CA (540)

References to these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

What's New

Conformity

For updates regarding the following federal act, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for conformity.

· American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Same-Sex Married Couples (SSMCs) - Married couples must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. On May 26, 2009, the California Supreme Court ruled that the Proposition 8 constitutional amendment is valid and only marriage between a man and a woman is recognized in California. However, the court also held that same-sex couple marriages performed in California after 5:00 p.m. on June 16, 2008, and before November 5, 2008, are valid marriages for California purposes. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples.

General Information

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpavers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Net Operating Loss – For taxable years beginning in 2008 and 2009, California has suspended the net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover an NOL during the suspension period. However, taxpayers with net business income of less than \$500,000 or with disaster loss carryovers are not affected by the NOL suspension rules.

The carryover period for suspended losses is extended by:

- Two years for losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2008.
- One year for losses incurred in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2009.

Also, NOL carrybacks, NOL carryovers, and the number of taxable years to which the loss may be carried, are modified. For more information, see form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations – Individuals, Estates, and Trusts.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - RDPs under California law must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information on what states have legal unions that are considered substantially equivalent, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for attorney general.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Same-Sex Married Couples and Registered Domestic Partners – SSMCs and RDPs will compute their limitations based on the combined federal adjusted gross income (AGI) of each spouse's or partner's individual tax return filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

For column A, line 7 through line 21, and line 23 through line 35, combine your federal amounts from each spouse's or partner's individual federal tax return. For more information on SSMCs, get FTB Pub. 776, or RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737.

The combined federal AGI used to compute limitations is different from the recalculated federal AGI used on Form 540, line 13. In situations where SSMCs have no SSMC adjustments or RDPs have no RDP adjustments. these amounts may be the same.

Military Personnel - Servicemembers domiciled outside of California, and their spouses/RDPs, may exclude the servicemember's military compensation from gross income when computing the tax rate on nonmilitary income. Requirements for military servicemembers domiciled in California remain unchanged. Military servicemembers domiciled in California must include their military pay in total income. In addition, they must include their military pay as California source income when stationed in California, However, military pay is not California source income when a servicemember is permanently stationed outside of California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the California income tax filing requirements for spouses of military personnel. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

Round Cents to Dollars - Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round \$50.50 up to \$51 or round \$25.49 down to \$25. If you do not round, the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) will disregard the cents.

Purpose

Use Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments – Residents, to make adjustments to your federal adjusted gross income and to your federal itemized deductions using California law.

Specific Line Instructions

Part I Income Adjustment Schedule

Column A — Federal Amounts

Line 7 through Line 21

Enter on line 7 through line 21 the same amounts you entered on your federal Form 1040. line 7 through line 21: Form 1040A, line 7 through line 14b; or Form 1040EZ line 1, line 2, and line 3.

Line 22 - Total

Combine the amounts on line 7 through line 21.

Line 23 through Line 30 and Line 32 through Line 35

Enter the same amounts entered on your federal Form 1040, line 23 through line 30 and line 32 through line 35 or Form 1040A, line 16 through line 19.

Line 31a and Line 31b

Enter on line 31a the same amount entered on your federal Form 1040, line 31a. Enter on line 31b the social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.

Line 36

Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35. However, if you made any of the adjustments described in the instructions for federal Form 1040, line 36 or if you claimed the foreign housing deduction from federal Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion, enter the amount from Form 1040, line 36 on this line.

Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22.

Column B and Column C — Subtractions and Additions

Use these columns to enter subtractions and additions to the federal amounts in column A that are necessary because of differences between California and federal law. Enter all amounts as positive numbers unless instructed otherwise.

You may need one or more of the following FTB publications to complete column B and column C:

- 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
- 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency

To get forms and publications, go to **ftb.ca.gov** or see page 23 of your Form 540/540A Personal Income Tax Booklet.

Line 7 – Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Generally, you will not make any adjustments on this line. If you did not receive any of the following types of income, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.

Active duty military pay. Special rules apply to active duty military taxpayers. Get FTB Pub. 1032 for more information.

Sick pay received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and Railroad Retirement Act. California excludes this item from income. Enter in column B the amount of these benefits included in the amount in column A.

Ridesharing fringe benefit differences. Under federal law, qualified transportation benefits are excluded from gross income. Under the R&TC, there are no monthly limits for the exclusion of these benefits and California's definitions are more expansive. Enter the amount of ridesharing benefits received and included in federal income on line 7, column B.

Exclusion for compensation from exercising a California Qualified Stock Option (CQSO). To claim this exclusion:

- Your earned income is \$40,000 or less from the corporation granting the CQSO.
- The market value of the options granted to you must be less than \$100.000.
- The total number of shares must be 1,000 or less.
- The corporation issuing the stock must designate that the stock issued is a CQSO at the time the option is granted.

If you included an amount qualifying for this exclusion in federal income, enter that amount in column B.

Compensation of merchant seamen, military servicemembers, rail, motor, and aircraft carriers. Exclude the following from gross income: compensation for the performance of duties of certain merchant seamen, rail carriers, motor carriers, aircraft carriers, and military servicemembers. Enter the amount included in federal income on line 7, column B. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

Employer health savings account (HSA) contribution. Enter the amount of any employer HSA contribution from federal Form W-2, box 12, code W on line 7, column C.

Line 8 – Taxable Interest

If you did not receive any of the kinds of income listed below, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.

Enter in column B the interest you received from:

- U.S. savings bonds (except for interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 that qualified for the Education Savings Bond Program exclusion).
- U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.
- · Any other bonds or obligations of the United States and its territories.
- Interest from Ottoman Turkish Empire Settlement Payments.
- Interest income from children ages 14 through 18, and students under age 24. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

 Interest income from children under age 14, included on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return by the opposite taxpayer.

Certain mutual funds pay "exempt-interest dividends." If the mutual fund has at least 50% of its assets invested in tax-exempt U.S. obligations and/or in California or its municipal obligations, that amount of dividend is exempt from California tax. The proportion of dividends that are tax-exempt will be shown on your annual statement or statement issued with Form 1099-INT, Interest Income.

Enter in column C the interest you identified as tax-exempt interest on your federal Form 1040 (or Form 1040A), line 8b, **and** which you received from:

- The federally exempt interest dividends from other states, or their municipal obligations and/or from mutual funds that do not meet the 50% rule above.
- Non-California state bonds.
- Non-California municipal bonds issued by a county, city, town, or other local government unit.
- Obligations of the District of Columbia issued after 12/27/73.
- Non-California bonds if the interest was passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, partnerships, or Limited Liability Companies (LLCs).
- Interest or other earnings earned from a Health Savings Account (HSA) are not treated as taxed deferred. Interest or earnings in a HSA are taxable in the year earned.
- Interest on any bond or other obligation issued by the Government of American Samoa.
- Interest income from children under age 14, excluded on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return.

Make no entries in either column B or column C for interest you earned on Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Bonds, Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) Bonds, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporations (FHLMC) securities, or grants paid to low income individuals.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 if you received interest income from the following sources:

- Loans made in an enterprise zone (EZ) or the former Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ).
- Items listed above passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, estates, partnerships, or LLCs.

Line 9 - Ordinary Dividends

Generally, no difference exists between the amount of dividends reported in column A and the amount reported using California law. However, California taxes dividends derived from other states and their municipal obligations.

Add dividends received from the following and enter in column B:

- Dividend income for children ages 14 through 18, and students under age 24. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.
- Dividend income from children under age 14, included on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return by the opposite taxpayer.

Add dividends received from the following and enter in column C:

- Controlled foreign corporation (CFC) dividends in the year distributed.
- Regulated investment company (RIC) capital gains in the year distributed.
- Distributions of pre-1987 earnings from an S corporation.
- Dividend income from children under age 14, excluded on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 if you received dividends from:

- Non-cash patronage dividends from farmers' cooperatives or mutual associations.
- A CFC
- Distributions of pre-1987 earnings from S corporations.
- · Undistributed capital gains for RIC shareholders.

Line 10 – Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local **Income Taxes**

California does not tax the state income tax refund received in 2009. Enter in column B the amount of state tax refund entered in column A.

Line 11 - Alimony Received

If you are a nonresident alien and received alimony not included in your federal income, enter the alimony on this line in column C. Otherwise, make no entry on this line.

Line 12 – Business Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal business income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes.

Adjustments are figured on form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, and are most commonly necessary because of the following:

- Before January 1, 1987. California did not allow depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system. Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as prior years.
- On or after January 1, 1987, California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. Refer to the bulleted list below.

Use form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business.

Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- · Passive activities that produce gains.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

Income related to:

- Business, trade, or profession carried on within California that is an integral part of a unitary business carried on both within and outside California.
- Pro-rata share of income received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- Deferred income resulting from a federal election to defer the discharge of indebtedness income as described in IRC Section 108(i).

Basis adjustments related to:

- Property acquired prior to becoming a California resident.
- · Sales or use tax credit for property used in an EZ, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA), Targeted Tax Area (TTA), or former LARZ.
- Reduced recovery periods for fruit-bearing grapevines replaced in a California vineyard on or after 1/1/92 as a result of phylloxera infestation; or on or after 1/1/97 as a result of Pierce's disease.
- · Expenditures for tertiary injectants.
- Property placed in service on an Indian reservation after 1/1/94 and before 1/1/08.
- Amortization of pollution control facilities.
- Discharge of real property business indebtedness.
- Employer-paid child care program.
- Employer-paid child care plan.
- Vehicles used in an employer-sponsored ridesharing program.
- An enhanced oil recovery system.
- Joint Strike Fighter property costs.
- The cost of making a business accessible to disabled individuals.
- Property for which you received an energy conservation subsidy from a public utility on or after 1/1/95 and before 1/1/97.
- Research and experimental expenditures.

Business expense deductions related to:

- · Wages paid in an EZ, LAMBRA, Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA), or TTA.
- Certain employer costs for employees who are also enrolled members of Indian tribes.
- Abandonment or tax recoupment fees for open-space easements and timberland preserves.
- Business located in an EZ, LAMBRA, or TTA.
- Research expense.
- Employer wage expense for the Work Opportunity Credit and Welfare-to-Work Credit.
- Pro-rata share of deductions received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- · Interest paid on indebtedness in connection with company-owned life insurance policies.
- Premiums paid on life insurance policies, annuities, or endowment contracts issued after 6/8/97 where the owner of the business is directly or indirectly a policy beneficiary.
- Commercial Revitalization Deductions for Renewal Communities.

Line 13 - Capital Gain or (Loss)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. California taxes long and short term capital gains as regular income. No special rate for long term capital gains exists. However, the California basis of the assets listed below may be different from the federal basis due to differences between California and federal laws. If there are differences, use Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, to calculate the amount to enter on line 13.

- Gain on the sale of qualified small business stock which qualifies for the gain exclusion under IRC Section 1202.
- · Basis amounts resulting from differences between California and federal law in prior years.
- Gain or loss on stock and bond transactions.
- Installment sale gain reported on form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income.
- Gain on the sale of personal residence where depreciation was allowable.
- Flow-through gain or loss from partnerships, fiduciaries, S corporations, or LLCs.
- Capital loss carryover from your 2008 California Schedule D (540).

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

- Disposition of S corporation stock acquired before 1987.
- Capital gain exclusion for sale of principal residence by a surviving
- Gain on sale or disposition of qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specified entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- Undistributed capital gain for RIC shareholders.
- Gain or loss on the sale of property inherited before 1/1/87.
- Capital loss carrybacks.
- Capital gain distribution for children ages 14 through 18, and students under age 24.
- Capital gain on Cash for Clunkers rebates under the federal Car Allowance Rebate System (CARS) program.

Line 14 – Other Gains or (Losses)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, the California basis of your other assets may differ from your federal basis due to differences between California and federal law. Therefore, you may have to adjust the amount of other gains or losses. Get Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property.

Line 15 - IRA Distributions

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, there may be significant differences in the taxable amount of a distribution (including a distribution from conversion of a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA), depending on when you made your contributions to the IRA. Differences also occur if your California IRA deductions were different from your federal deductions because of differences between California and federal self-employment income.

If the taxable amount using California law is:

- Less than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column B.
- More than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column C.

Get FTB Pub. 1005 for more information and worksheets for figuring the adjustment to enter on line 15, if any.

If you have an IRA basis and were a nonresident in prior years, you may need to restate your California IRA basis. Get FTB Pub. 1100 for more information.

Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA) formerly known as Education (ED) IRA – If column A includes a taxable distribution from an ED IRA, you may owe additional tax on that amount. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. Report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21f.

Line 16 – Pensions and Annuities

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, if you received Tier 2 railroad retirement benefits or partially taxable distributions from a pension plan, you may need to make the following adjustments.

If you received a federal Form RRB-1099-R, Annuities or Pensions by the Railroad Retirement Board, for railroad retirement benefits and included all or part of these benefits in taxable income in column A, enter the taxable benefit amount in column B.

If you began receiving a retirement annuity between 7/1/86 and 1/1/87 and elected to use the three-year rule for California purposes and the annuity rules for federal purposes, enter in column C the amount of the annuity payments you excluded for federal purposes.

You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a qualified retirement plan before reaching age 59½ and the distribution was not rolled over into another qualified plan. See Form 540, line 63 instructions; or form FTB 3805P.

Line 17 – Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Trusts, etc.

Adjustments to federal income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the recovery period or amount used for federal. For more information, see the instructions for column B and column C, line 12.

California law does not conform to federal law for material participation in rental real estate activities. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities conducted by persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.

Use form FTB 3801 to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule E.

Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

LLCs that are classified as partnerships for California purposes and limited liability partnerships (LLPs) are subject to the same rules as other partnerships. LLCs report distributive items to members on Schedule K-1 (568), Member's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. LLPs report to partners on Schedule K-1 (565), Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about accumulation distributions to beneficiaries for which the trust was not required to pay California tax because the beneficiary's interest was contingent.

Line 18 - Farm Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal income or loss you report in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis you use to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes, and you may need to make an adjustment to your farm income or loss. For more information, see the instructions for column B and column C, line 12.

Use form FTB 3801 to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming.

Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

Line 19 – Unemployment Compensation in Excess of \$2,400 per Recipient

California excludes unemployment compensation from taxable income. Enter on line 19, column B the amount of unemployment compensation shown in column A.

Paid Family Leave Insurance (PFL) benefits, also known as Family Temporary Disability Insurance. Payments received from the PFL Program are reported on Form 1099-G, Certain Government Payments. Enter on line 19, column B the amount of PFL payments shown in column A. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

Line 20 - Social Security Benefits

California excludes U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits shown in column A.

Line 21 - Other Income

a. California Lottery Winnings. California excludes California lottery winnings from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of California lottery winnings included in the federal amount on line 21 in column A.

Make no adjustment for lottery winnings from other states. They are taxable by California. California and federal laws allow gambling losses only to the extent of reported gambling income. If you reduced gambling income for California lottery income, you may need to reduce the losses included in the federal itemized deductions on line 38. Enter these losses on line 41 as a negative number.

- b. Disaster Loss Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 6. If you have a California disaster loss carryover from your 2008 form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, enter that amount as a positive number in column B.
- c. Federal NOL from Form 1040, line 21. If the amount on line 21 in column A includes a federal NOL, enter the amount of the federal NOL as a positive number in column C. Get form FTB 3805V, to figure the allowable California NOL.
- **d. NOL Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 5.** The allowable NOL carryover under California law is different from the allowable NOL carryover under federal law. If you have a California NOL carryover from your 2008 form FTB 3805V, enter it as a positive number in column B.
- e. NOL from Form FTB 3805D, FTB 3805Z, FTB 3806, FTB 3807, or FTB 3809. Enter in column B the total NOL figured on the following forms.
- FTB 3805D, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover Computation and Limitation – Pierce's Disease
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b
- FTB 3806, Los Angeles Revitalization Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 3b

- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 4b

f. Other (describe).

Reward from a crime hotline. Enter in column B the amount of a reward authorized by a government agency received from a crime hotline established by a government agency or nonprofit organization and that is included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

You may not make this adjustment if you are an employee of the hotline or someone who sponsors rewards for the hotline.

Federal foreign earned income or housing exclusion. Enter in column C the amount deducted from federal income on Form 1040, line 21.

Beverage container recycling income. Enter in column B the amount of recycling income included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

Rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or **energy supplier.** California law allows an income exclusion for rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier for the purchase and installation of water conservation appliances and devices. Enter in column B the amount of this type of income included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

Original issue discount (OID) for debt instruments issued in 1985 and **1986.** In the year of sale or other disposition, you must recognize the difference between the amount reported on your federal return and the amount reported for California purposes. **Issuers:** Enter the difference between the federal deductible amount and the California deductible amount on line 21f in column B. Holders: Enter the difference between the amount included in federal gross income and the amount included for California purposes on line 21f in column C.

Foreign income of nonresident aliens. Adjust federal income to reflect worldwide income computed under California law. Enter losses from foreign sources in column B. Enter foreign source income in column C.

Cost-share payments received by forest landowners. Enter in column B the cost-share payments received from the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection under the California Forest Improvement Act of 1978 or from the United States Department of Agriculture. Forest Service. under the Forest Stewardship Program and the Stewardship Incentives Program, pursuant to the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act.

Foreign income. If you excluded income exempted by U.S. tax treaties on your federal Form 1040 (unless specifically exempt for state purposes), enter the excluded amount in column C. If you claimed foreign earned income or housing cost exclusion on your federal Form 1040 (under IRC Section 911), see the instructions for line 21.

Compensation for false imprisonment. California excludes compensation for false imprisonment from income. Enter the amount of compensation on line 21f, column B.

Coverdell ESA distributions. If you received a distribution from a Coverdell ESA, report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21f.

Grants paid to low-income individuals. California excludes grants paid to low-income individuals to construct or retrofit buildings to make them more energy efficient. Federal has no similar exclusion. Enter on line 21f, column B the amount of this type of income.

Health savings account (HSA) distributions for unqualified medical **expense.** Distributions from a HSA not used for qualified medical expenses, and included in federal income, are not taxable for California purposes. Enter the distribution not used for qualified medical expenses on line 21f, column B.

California National Guard Surviving Spouse & Children Relief Act of **2004.** Death benefits received from the State of California by a surviving spouse/RDP or member-designated beneficiary of certain military personnel killed in the performance of duty is excluded from gross income. Military personnel include the California National Guard, State Military Reserve, or the Naval Militia. If you reported a death benefit on line 21, column A, enter the death benefit amount in column B.

Ottoman Turkish Empire settlement payments. If you received settlement payments as a person persecuted by the regime that was in control of the Ottoman Turkish Empire from 1915 until 1923 your gross income does not include those excludable settlement payments, or interest, received by you, your heirs, or your estate for payments received on or after January 1, 2005. If you reported settlement payments on line 21, column A, enter the amount of settlement payments in column B.

Mortgage relief upon sale or other disposition of principal residence. If you excluded from federal income the discharge of indebtedness from the disposition of your principal residence, include the amount of debt relief on line 21f, column C.

Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund exclusion. Enter in column C the amount excluded from federal income. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

Line 22 - Total

Add line 7 through line 21f in column B and column C. Enter the totals on line 22.

Line 23 through Line 31a and Line 32 through Line 35 - California law is the same as federal law with the exception of the following:

- Line 23 (Educator Expenses) Enter the amount from column A, line 23 to column B. line 23.
- Line 24 (Certain Business Expense of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee Basis Government Officials) – If claiming a depreciation deduction as an unreimbursed employee business expense on federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, or Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses, you may have an adjustment in column B or column C. For more information, get FTB
- Line 25 (Health Savings Account (HSA) Deduction) Federal law allows a deduction for contributions to an HSA account. California does not conform to this provision. Transfer the amount from column A, line 25, to column B, line 25.
- Line 31a (Alimony Paid) Enter the SSN or ITIN and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.
 - If you are a nonresident alien and did not deduct alimony on your federal return, enter the amount you paid in column C.
- Line 32 (IRA Deduction) If you are an active duty military servicemember domiciled outside of California, you may have an adjustment. See line 36.

California does not conform to the federal increase to the indexing of AGI requirements for IRAs. The phase-out for California remains at:

- Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying Widow(er).....\$80,000 - \$100,000
- Individual not active, spouse/RDP participant . . \$150,000 \$160,000

Federal amounts have increased to:

- Married filing jointly/qualifying Widow(er). \$89,000 \$109,000
- Individual not active, spouse participant \$166,000 \$176,000

Compute your federal IRA deduction following the federal instructions using the federal IRA worksheet. Compute your California IRA deduction using the federal IRA worksheet using California phase-out amounts instead of federal amounts. Enter as an adjustment in column B, the difference between the amount determined for the federal IRA deduction and the California IRA deduction.

• Line 33 (Student Loan Interest Deduction) – California conforms to federal law regarding student loan interest deduction except for a spouse/RDP of a non-California domiciled military taxpayer residing in a community property state. Use the Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet on the next page to compute the amount to enter on line 33. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032.

Stu	dent Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet
1	Enter the total amount from Schedule CA (540),
	line 33, column A. If the amount on line 1 is zero,
_	STOP. You are not allowed a deduction for California 1
2	Enter the total interest you paid in 2009
_	on qualified student loans but not more than \$2,500 here2
3	From Form 1040, add line 33
	(student loan interest deduction) to line 37 (AGI). Enter the result here 3
,	Enter the total military income
7	included in federal adjusted gross
	income (get FTB Pub. 1032)
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3
	Enter the amount shown below for
•	your filing status.
	Single, head of household, or
	qualifying widow(er) – \$60,000
_	• Married/RDP filing jointly – \$120,000 f 6
7	Is the amount on line 5 more than the
	amount on line 6?
	No. Skip lines 7 and 8, enter -0- on line 9, and go to line 10.
	☐ Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 7
8	Divide line 7 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married/RDP filing
•	jointly). Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least
	three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.0008
9	Multiply line 2 by line 8
	Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 9
	from line 2 10
11	Student loan interest adjustment. If line 1 is less than
	line 10, enter the difference here and
	on Schedule CA (540), line 33, column C 11

- Line 34 (Tuition and Fees Deduction) California does not conform
 to the federal law regarding the tuition and fees deduction. Enter the
 amount from column A, line 34, to column B, line 34.
- Line 35 (Domestic Production Activities Deduction) California does not conform to the federal law regarding the domestic production activities deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 35, to column B, line 35.

Line 36 – Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in column B and column C.

If you claimed the foreign housing deduction, include that amount in the total you enter in column B, line 36. Enter the amount and "Form 2555" or "Form 2555-EZ" on the dotted line next to line 36.

If you are active duty military and not domiciled in California and your IRA deduction was limited because of a federal AGI limitation, recalculate your deduction excluding your active duty military pay. If the recalculated amount is larger than the amount on line 32, column A, enter the difference between the two amounts in column C, line 36. Enter the amount and "MPA Adjustment" on the dotted line next to line 36.

Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22 in column B and column C.

Also, transfer the amount from:

Line 37, column B to Form 540, line 14

If column B is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to line 16.

• Line 37, column C to Form 540, line 16

If column C is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to line 14.

Part II Adjustments to Federal Itemized Deductions

Line 38 - Federal Itemized Deductions

Enter the total amount of itemized deductions from your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions, lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28.

Important: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, first complete federal Schedule A (Form 1040). Then complete Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44.

Line 39 – State, Local, and Foreign Income Taxes, General Sales Tax, and New Motor Vehicle Tax

Add the following amounts from federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and enter on line 39:

- Line 5, state and local income tax (including limited partnership tax and income or franchise tax paid by corporations), and State Disability Insurance (SDI), or state and local general sales tax.
- · Line 7, new motor vehicle tax.
- · Line 8, foreign income taxes.

Line 41 - Other Adjustments

Adoption-Related Expenses – If you deducted adoption-related expenses on your federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and are claiming the adoption cost credit for the same amounts on your Form 540, enter the amount of the adoption cost credit claimed as a negative number on line 41.

Mortgage Interest Credit – If you reduced your federal mortgage interest deduction by the amount of your mortgage interest credit (from federal Form 8396, Mortgage Interest Credit), increase your California itemized deductions by the same amount. Enter the amount of your federal mortgage interest credit as a positive number on line 41.

Nontaxable Income Expenses – If, on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you claim expenses related to producing income taxed under federal law but not taxed by California, enter the amount as a negative number on line 41.

You may claim expenses related to producing income taxed by California law but not taxed under federal law by entering the amount as a positive number on line 41.

Employee Business Expense – If you completed federal Form 2106 or Form 2106-EZ, prepare a second set of forms reflecting your employee business expense using California amounts (i.e., following California law).

Generally, California law conforms with federal law and no adjustment is needed. However, differences occur when:

- Assets (requiring depreciation) were placed in service before 1/1/87.
 Figure the depreciation based on California law.
- Federal employees were on temporary duty status. California does
 not conform to the federal provision that expanded temporary duties
 to include prosecution duties, in addition to investigative duties.
 Therefore, travel expenses paid or incurred in connection with
 temporary duty status (exceeding one year), involving the prosecution
 (or support of the prosecution) of a federal crime, should not be
 included in the California amount.

Compare federal Form 2106, line 10 or Form 2106-EZ, line 6 and the form completed using California amounts. If the federal amount is larger, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41. If the California amount is larger, enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.

Investment Interest Expense – Your California deduction for investment interest expense may be different from your federal deduction. Use form FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction, to figure the amount to enter on line 41.

Gambling Losses – California lottery losses are not deductible for California. Enter the amount of California lottery losses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

Federal Estate Tax – Federal estate tax paid on income in respect of a decedent is not deductible for California. Enter the amount of federal estate tax shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

Generation Skipping Transfer Tax – Tax paid on generation skipping transfers is not deductible under California law. Enter the amount of expenses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative

number on line 41.

State Legislator's Travel Expenses – Under California law, deductible travel expenses for state legislators include only those incurred while away from their place of residence overnight. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Qualified Charitable Contributions - Your California deduction may be different from your federal deduction. California limits the amount of your deduction to 50% of your federal adjusted gross income. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Charitable Contribution Carryover Deduction - If deducting a prior year charitable contribution carryover, and the California carryover is larger than the federal carryover, enter the additional amount as a positive number on line 41.

Health Savings Account (HSA) Distributions – If you received a tax-free HSA distribution for qualified medical expenses, enter the qualified expenses paid that exceed 7.5% of federal AGI as an adjustment to itemized deductions. To determine the amount of the itemized deduction adjustment:

- Calculate the medical expense deduction for California.
- Calculate the medical expense deduction for federal.
- · Subtract the federal amount from the California amount. Enter the amount on line 41, as a positive amount.

Carryover Deduction Appreciated Stock Contributed to a Private Foundation prior to 1/1/02 – If deducting a charitable contribution carryover of appreciated stock donated to a private operating foundation prior to 1/1/02, and the fair market value allowed for federal purposes is larger than the basis allowed for California purposes, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Interest on Loans from Utility Companies – Taxpayers are allowed a tax deduction for interest paid or incurred on a public utility company financed loan that is used to purchase and install energy efficient equipment or products, including zone-heating products for a qualified residence located in California. Federal law has no equivalent deduction. Enter the amount as a positive number on line 41.

Private Mortgage Insurance (PMI) - If you took the deduction on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 13, then subtract the same amount on line 41.

Claim of Right - If you had to repay an amount that you included in your income in an earlier year, because at the time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to deduct the amount repaid from your income for the year in which you repaid it. Or, if the amount you repaid is more than \$3,000, you may take a credit against your tax for the year in which you repaid it, whichever results in the least tax.

If the amount repaid was not taxed by California, then no deduction or credit is allowed.

If you claimed a credit for the repayment on your federal return and are deducting the repayment for California, enter the allowable deduction as a positive amount on Schedule CA (540), line 41. Deductions of \$3,000 or less are subject to the 2% federal AGI limit.

If you deducted the repayment on your federal return and are taking a credit for California, enter the amount of the federal deduction as a negative amount on Schedule CA (540), line 41. To help you determine whether to take a credit or deduction, see the Repayment section of federal Publication 525, Taxable and Nontaxable Income. Remember to use the California tax rate in your computations. If you choose to take the credit instead of the deduction for California, add the credit amount on line 79, the total payment line, of the Form 540. To the left of the total, write "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit.

Certain Disaster Losses – Federal law allows an exception for casualty and theft losses within certain disaster areas. For federal, these losses are not subject to the 10% of federal AGI limitation. California does not conform. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Personal Casualty and Theft Losses – For 2009, federal law limits each personal casualty or theft loss to the excess of the loss over \$500. California does not conform to the amount of the limitation. California limits each personal casualty or theft loss to the excess of the loss over \$100. In addition, for both federal and California, the 10% of AGI limit continues to apply to the net loss. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.

Line 43 – California Itemized Deductions

Is the amount on Form 540, line 13 more than the amount shown below for your filing status?

Single or married/RDP filing separately	\$160,739
Head of household	\$241,113
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$321,483

NO Transfer the amount from line 42 to line 43. Do not complete the worksheet.

YES Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet below.

Note:

- If married or an RDP and filing a separate return, you and your spouse/RDP must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.
- Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. See the instructions for "California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" on page 9 of the Form 540/540A Personal Income Tax Booklet to figure your standard deduction.

	Itemized Deductions Worksheet	
l .	Amount from Schedule CA (540), line 42	_
	Subtract line 2 from line 1	
5.	Amount from Form 540, line 13 5	_
6.	Enter the amount shown above for your filing status 6	_
	Subtract line 6 from line 5	_
	Multiply line 7 by 6% (.06)	-
	amount here9	-
10.	Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter here and on Schedule CA (540), line 43 10	_

Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record



e-file and skip this page! The software you use to e-file will help you find out if you qualify for this credit and will figure the correct amount of the credit automatically. Go to ftb.ca.gov to check your e-file options.

If you were a resident of California and paid rent on property in California, which was your principal residence, you may qualify for a credit that you can use to reduce your tax. Answer the questions below to see if you qualify. For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California Registered Domestic Partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials (RDP) they refer to both a California Registered Domestic "Partner" and a California Regi tered Domestic "Partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737. Do not mail this record. Keep with your tax records.

1. Were you a resident of California for the entire year in 2009?

Military personnel. If you are not a legal resident of California, you do not qualify for this credit. However, your spouse/RDP may claim this credit if he or she was a resident, did not live in military housing during 2009, and is otherwise qualified

YES. Go to question 2.

NO. Stop. File the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

2. Is your California adjusted gross income the amount on Form 540/540A, line 17:

- \$34,412 or less if single or married/RDP filing separately; or
- \$68,824 or less if married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)?

YES. Go to question 3.

NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

3. Did you pay rent, for at least half of 2009, on property (including a mobile home that you owned on rented land) in California, which was your principal residence?

YES. Go to question 4.

NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

4. Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, foster parent, legal quardian, or any other person in 2009? NO. Go to guestion 6. YES. Go to question 5.

5. For more than half the year in 2009, did you live in the home of the person who can claim you as a dependent?

NO. Go to question 6.

YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

6. Was the property you rented exempt from property tax in 2009?

You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit.

NO. Go to question 7.

YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2009?

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified.

NO. Go to question 8.

YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing separately, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. If your filing status is married/RDP filing jointly, go to guestion 9.

8. Were you single in 2009?

YES. Go to question 11.

NO. Go to guestion 9.

Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2009?

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if vou are otherwise qualified.

NO. Go to guestion 11.

YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. Otherwise, go to question 10.

10. Did you and your spouse/RDP maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2009?

YES. Go to question 11.

NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

11. If you are:

- Single, enter \$60 on Form 540/540A, line 46.
- Head of household or qualifying widow(er), enter \$120 on Form 540/540A, line 46.
- Married/RDP filing separately: if you and your spouse/RDP lived in the same rental property and both qualify for this credit, one spouse/RDP may claim the full amount of the credit (\$120), or each spouse/RDP may claim half the amount (\$60 each). If you and your spouse/RDP lived apart for the entire year and you qualify for this credit, you may claim half the amount of the credit (\$60). Enter your credit amount on Form 540/540A, line 46.
- Married/RDP filing jointly, enter \$120 on Form 540/540A, line 46. (Exception: If one spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's tax exemption and you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year, enter \$60 on Form 540/540A, line 46.)

Fill in the street address(es) and landlord information below for the residence(s) you rented in California during 2009, which qualified you for this credit.

City, State, and ZIP Code	Dates Rented in 2009 (Fromto)
or the person(s) to whom you paid rent f	for the residence(s) listed above.
Street Address	City, State, ZIP Code, and Telephone Number
	or the person(s) to whom you paid rent

CALIFORNIA FORM

2009 Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit

3506

		<u>-</u>									
	ach to your California Form 540, 5	40A, or Long Fo	rm 540NR.								
Na	me(s) as shown on return						SSN or ITII	V			
								T			
Pa	art I Unearned Income and Other F	unds Received in	2009. See instruction	ins.							
SO	URCE OF INCOME/FUNDS		AMOUNT	SOURC	E OF INCO	ME/FUNDS	S			AMOUNT	
•			•	•						•	
•			•	•						•	
•			•	•						•	
Pa	art II Persons or Organizations Who	o Provided the Car	re in California – You	u must com	plete this r	art. See ir	structions.				
	Enter the following information for each							alifornia	qualifies	for the cred	it.
	If you need more space, attach a sepa					,					
			Provider					Provid	ler		
a.	Care provider's name	•				•					
b.	Care provider's address										
	(number, street, apt. no., city, state,										
	and ZIP Code)	•				•					
C.	Care provider's telephone number	• ()				• ()				
	Is provider a person or organization?	Person	Organization			Perso	nn 🗆 Ord	anizatio	n		
	Identification number (SSN or FEIN)	•	j Organization			• 1 0100	<u> </u>	gamzano			
	Address where care was provided										
••	(number, street, apt. no., city, state, and										
	ZIP Code) PO Box not acceptable.										
u	Amount paid for care provided	•				•					
	d you receive dependent care be	nofite?	No Com	nplete Part	III below						
D I.	a you receive dependent care be	ments.					e you com	plete Pa	art III.		
Pa	art III Credit for Child and Depender	nt Care Expenses		•							
	Information about your qualifying pers		ctions								
_	(a)	7011(0)1 000 11101111	(b)			(c)		(d)		(e)	
	Qualifying person's name		Qualifying persocial security num			ring person's e of birth		entage of al custody		ified expenses y d and paid in 20	
			(See instruction			mm/dd/yyyy		structions)		qualifying perso	
Firs	t Last					f disabled			C	are in California	ì
					DOB:_Disable	d □Voc	-				
_					DISABIE DOB:	u 🗆 163					
•	•		•		Disable	d □Yes	•		•		
					• DOB:_						
•	•		•		Disable		• ·		•		-
3	(-)					or \$6,000	tor two				
	or more qualifying persons. If you co						•	3			00
4	Enter YOUR earned income. See inst						•	4			00
	Nonresidents: Enter only your earned in California sources, stop , you do not qua					e trom					
	Part-year residents: Enter the total of (1) your earned inco	me from California so	ources receiv	ed while yo	ou were a					
	nonresident and (2) all earned income r	received while you v	vere a resident. Militar	y serviceme	mbers, see	instruction	IS.				
5	If married or an RDP filing a joint retu	urn, enter YOUR S	POUSE'S/RDP's earn	ed income.	(If your sp	ouse/RDP	was a				
	student or was disabled, see the instr	ructions.) If not fili	ng a joint return, ent	er the amou	nt from lin	e 4	•	5			00
	Nonresidents: Enter only your spouse's	s/RDP's earned inco	me from California sc	ources. If you	ur spouse/l	RDP does n	ot have				
	earned income from California sources, Part-year residents: Enter the total of (stop, you do not qual	ualify for the credit. M	ilitary service	emembers,	see line 4 i	instructions.				
	she was a nonresident and (2) all earne	d income your spou	use/RDP received whil	e he or she v	vas a resid	ent. Militar	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /				
	servicemembers, see line 4 instructions						•				
	Enter the smallest of line 3, line 4, or							6			00
7	Enter the decimal amount shown in the	he chart on page 5	6 of the instructions	for line 7			•	7		X	
8	Multiply line 6 by the decimal amount	t on line 7. Enter th	ne amount here and o	on Form 540	0/540A; lin	e 77;					
	or Long Form 540NR, line 87						•	8			00
9	Enter the decimal amount listed in the							9		X	
	Multiply the amount on line 8 by the							10			00
	Credit for prior year expenses paid in							11			00
	Add line 10 and line 11. Enter the amou							12			00

Pa	rt IV Dependent Care Benefits					
13	Enter the total amount of dependent care benefits you received for 2009. This amount	t should	l be shown in box 10 of			
	your Form(s) W-2. Do not include amounts that were reported to you as wages in bo	x 1 of Fo	orm(s) W-2. If you were			
	self-employed or a partner, include amounts you received under a dependent care as	sistance	program from your			
	sole proprietorship or partnership					00
	Enter the amount, if any, you carried over from 2008 and used in 2009 during the gra				_	00
	Enter the amount, if any, you forfeited or carried forward to 2010) 00
	Combine line 13 through line 15			16	j	00
17	Enter the total amount of qualified expenses incurred in 2009 for the					
	care of the qualifying person(s) . See instructions	17		00		
	Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17	18	(00		
	Enter YOUR earned income.	19	(00		
20	If married or an RDP filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S/RDP's earned					
	income (if your spouse/RDP was a student or was disabled, see the instructions					
	for line 5); if married or an RDP filing a separate return, see the instructions for the					
	amount to enter; all others , enter the amount from line 19	20	(00		
	Enter the smallest of line 18, line 19, or line 20	21	(00		
22	Enter \$5,000 (\$2,500 if married or an RDP filing separately and you were required					
	y	22		00	_	
23	Enter the amount from line 13 that you received from your sole proprietorship or par		•			
	any amounts, enter -0-	$\overline{}$		23	j	00
	Subtract line 23 from line 16	-		00		
	Enter the smaller of line 21 or line 22			00		
	Deductible benefits. Enter the smallest of line 21, line 22, or line 23					00
	Excluded benefits. Subtract line 26 from line 25. If zero or less, enter -0					00
	Taxable benefits. Subtract line 27 from line 24. If zero or less, enter -0					00
	Enter \$3,000 (\$6,000 if two or more qualifying persons)					00
	Add line 26 and line 27			30	<u> </u>	00
31	Subtract the amount on line 30 from the amount on line 29. If zero or less, stop . You					0.0
20	Exception – If you paid 2008 expenses in 2009, see instructions for line 11					00
	Complete Side 1, Part III, line 2. Add the amounts in column (e) and enter the total his			_		00
	Enter the amount from your federal Form 2441, Part III, line 34			33	'	UL
34	Enter the smaller of line 31, line 32, or line 33. Also, enter this amount on Side 1, Pa complete line 4 through line 12			34	.	00
Wo	rksheet – Credit for 2008 Expenses Paid in 2009			34	<u>* </u>	
	Enter your 2008 qualified expenses paid in 2008. If you did not claim the credit for t	haca ayı	nancae an vour 2009			
١.	return, get and complete a 2008 form FTB 3506 for these expenses. You may need to				1	
2	Enter your 2008 qualified expenses paid in 2009	o anieni	a your 2000 return		I	
	Add the amounts on line 1 and line 2				3	
4.						
5.						
٥.	(from your 2008 form FTB 3506, Part IV, line 28)				5	
6.						
7.						
8.						
9.						
10.						
	your credit by any previous year's expenses				10.	
11.	Enter your 2008 federal adjusted gross income (AGI) (from your 2008 Form 540/54					
	or Long Form 540NR, line 13)				11	
12.	2008 federal AGI decimal amount (from 2008 form FTB 3506, instructions for line 7					
13.						
14.	2008 California AGI decimal amount (from 2008 form FTB 3506, instructions for lin					
	Multiply line 13 by line 14. Enter the result here and on your 2009 form FTB 3506, S					

Instructions for Form FTB 3506

Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit

General Information

Attach the completed form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, to your Form 540/540A, California Resident Income Tax Return, or Long Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return, if you claim the child and dependent care expenses credit.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP)

RDPs under California law must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information on what states have legal unions that are considered substantially equivalent, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for attorney general.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP, they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Round Cents to Dollars

Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round \$50.50 up to \$51 or round \$25.49 down to \$25. If you do not round, the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) will disregard the cents.

Purpose

You may qualify to claim the 2009 credit for child and dependent care expenses, if you (and your spouse/RDP) paid someone in California to care for your child or other qualifying person while you worked or looked for employment. You must have earned income to do so. If you qualify to claim the credit, use form FTB 3506 to figure the amount of your credit.

If you received dependent care benefits for 2009 but do not qualify to claim the credit, you are not required to complete form FTB 3506. For additional definitions, requirements, and instructions, get federal Form 2441, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.

Differences in California and Federal Law

The differences between California and federal law are as follows:

- California allows this credit only for care provided in California.
- If you were a nonresident, you must have earned wages from working in California or earned self-employment income from California business activities.
- Federal adjusted gross income must be \$100,000 or less to qualify for the California credit.
- The California credit is a percentage of the federal credit as modified by California law.
- The California credit is refundable.
- Same-sex married couples (SSMCs) and RDPs may file a joint California return and claim this credit. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or FTB Pub. 737.

Oualifications

You may take the credit if all eight of the following apply.

- 1. If you are married or an RDP, you must file a joint return. For an exception, see Section E, Married Persons or RDPs Filing Separate Returns, on page 54.
- 2. Care must be provided in California for one or more qualifying persons. See Section D, Qualifying Person Defined, on this page.
- You paid for care so you (and your spouse/RDP) could work or look for work. However, if you did not find a job and have no earned income, you do not qualify for the credit. If your spouse/RDP was a student or disabled, see the instructions for Part III, line 5, on page 56.

- 4. You (and your spouse/RDP) must have earned income (wages or selfemployment income) during the year. See the instructions for Part III. line 4, on page 55 for more information on earned income.
- You and the qualifying person(s) live in the same home for more than half the year.
- 6. The person who provided care was not your spouse/RDP, the parent of your qualifying child, or a person for whom you can claim a dependent exemption. If your child provided the care, the child must have been age 19 or older by the end of 2009.
- You report the required information about the care provider(s) in Part II, line 1, and the information about the qualifying person(s) in Part III, line 2.
- Your federal adjusted gross income is \$100,000 or less.

Qualifying Person Defined

Rules for Most People

A qualifying person is:

- 1. A child under age 13 who meets the requirements to be your dependent as a Qualifying Child. A child who turned 13 during the year qualifies only for the part of the year when he or she was 12 years old.
- Your spouse/RDP who was physically or mentally incapable of self-care.
- Any person who was physically or mentally incapable of self-care and
 - a. Was your dependent.
 - Would have been your dependent except that:
 - i. He or she received gross income of \$3,650 or more.
 - ii. He or she filed a joint return.
 - iii. You, or your spouse/RDP if filing a joint return, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2009 return.

Qualifying Child

A Qualifying Child is a child who meets all of the following tests:

- **Relationship Test** The child must be your son, daughter, stepchild, adopted child, eligible foster child, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of one of these. An adopted child includes a child who has been lawfully placed with you for legal adoption even if the adoption is not yet final. An eligible foster child must be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by a court.
- **Age Test** The child must be under 19 years of age or a full-time student under 24. (For the purposes of qualifying for the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, the child must be under 13.)
- Residency Test The child must live with you for more than half the
- Support Test The child must not have provided more than half of his or her own support.
- Joint Return Test The child must not have filed a joint federal or state income tax return with his or her spouse/RDP.
- Citizenship Test The child must be a citizen or national of the U.S. or a resident of the U.S., Canada, or Mexico.

Qualifying Child	Qualifying Child of More Than One Person Tie-Breaker Rules					
If	Then the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the					
Only one of the persons is the child's parent	Parent.					
Both persons are the child's parent	Parent with whom the child lived with for the longer period of time. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time then the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with the highest adjusted gross income.					
None of the persons are the child's parent	Person with the highest adjusted gross income.					

Divorced, RDP Terminated, Separated, or Never-Married Parents For divorced, RDP terminated, separated, or never-married parents, special rules apply in determining if your child meets the requirements to be your qualifying person. When parents file separate returns, only one parent qualifies to claim a child as a qualifying person.

Even if both parents pay for child care for the same child, both parents cannot qualify for the credit. Some custody agreements designate which parent is entitled to the credit. However, the designated parent must meet all the qualifications in Section C, Qualifications, to claim the credit. To verify that your child meets the requirements to be your qualifying person, use the table below.

RULES FOR DIVORCED, RD Never-Ma	P TERMINATED, SEPARA RRIED PARENTS	TED, OR
IF	AND	THEN
ALL four of the following apply: 1. Your child was under 13 and/or physically or mentally incapable of self-care when the care was provided.	You were the custodial parent and you can claim the dependent exemption credit for the child.	The child is your qualifying person.
Children turning 13 during the year qualify only for the part of the year they were 12 years old. 2. One of the following applies a. You are divorced, legally separated, or have terminated a registered domestic partnership. b. You are separated under a written separation agreement. c. You and the other parent lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of the year. (This includes parents never married to each other.) 3. One or both parents had	You were the custodial parent and under the provisions of a decree of divorce, legal separation, termination of registered domestic partnership, or a written separation agreement, the noncustodial parent claimed the dependent exemption credit, or you signed a statement releasing the dependent exemption credit to the noncustodial parent.	The child is your qualifying person.
custody of the child for more than half the year. 4. One or both parents provided more than half the child's support for the year.	You are not the custodial parent.	The child is not your qualifying person.
One or more of the four statements above do not apply.		Use the "Rules for Most People" on page 1, Section D.

Custodial parent. You are the custodial parent if you had physical custody of your child longer than the other parent during the calendar year. On days where custody is shared, the parent having custody of the child for more than 12 hours is considered to have custody for that day.

E Married Persons or RDPs Filing Separate Returns

Generally, if you are married or an RDP, you must file a joint return to claim the credit. However, you can take the credit on your separate return if:

- 1. You meet all three requirements below:
 - You lived apart from your spouse/RDP at all times during the last six months of 2009.
 - The qualifying person(s) lived in your home more than half of 2009.
 - You provided over half the cost of keeping up your home.
- 2. You meet all the other qualifications in Section C, Qualifications.

F Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

- You must complete and attach Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, to your tax return, Long Form 540NR. If Part I of Schedule CA (540NR) is not fully completed, we may disallow your credit.
- Nonresidents must have earned income from California sources to qualify for the credit. A nonresident servicemember's military wages are considered earned income from a California source for the purpose of qualifying for the credit.

Part-year residents must have earned income while a California resident or earned income from California sources while a nonresident to qualify for the credit.

G Military Personnel

For the purposes of this credit, active duty pay is considered earned income from California sources, regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the credit requirements for spouses of military servicemembers. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

Specific Line Instructions

Part I, Unearned Income and Other Funds Received in 2009

List the source and amount of **any** money you received in 2009 that is not included in your earned income (line 4 and line 5) but that was used to support your household. Include child support, property settlements, public assistance benefits, court awards, inheritances, insurance proceeds, pensions and annuities, social security payments, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, interest, and dividends.

Part II, Persons or Organizations Who Provided the Care in California

Line 1

Complete line 1a through line 1g for each person or organization that provided the care in California. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit. Use federal Form W-10, Dependent Care Provider's Identification and Certification, or any other source listed in the instructions for federal Form W-10 to get the information from your care provider. If your provider does not give you the information, complete as much of the information as possible and explain that your provider did not give you the information you requested.

If you do not give correct and complete information, we may disallow your credit unless you can show you used due diligence in trying to get the required information.

Lines 1a through Line 1c

Enter your California care provider's complete name (or business name), address, and telephone number (including the area code). If you do not give complete information, we may disallow your credit. We may contact your care provider to verify the information you provide.

If you were covered by your employer's dependent care plan and your employer furnished the care (either at your workplace or by hiring a care provider), enter your employer's name on line 1a. Next, enter "See W-2" on line 1b. Complete line 1c through line 1f. Then leave line 1g blank. But, if your employer paid a third party (not hired by your employer) on your behalf to provide care, you must provide information on the third party on line 1a through line 1g.

Line 1d

For each care provider, check one box indicating whether the care provider is a person or organization.

Line 1e

If your care provider is	Then enter on line 1e
	The provider's social security number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN).
Not an individual	The provider's federal employer identification number (FEIN).
A tax-exempt organization	"Tax-exempt."

Line 1f

Enter the complete physical address where the care was provided. A post office box is not acceptable. If you do not provide correct or complete information, your credit may be disallowed. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit.

Line 1g

Enter the total amount you actually paid in 2009 to your care provider for care provided in California. Also include amounts your employer paid to a third party on your behalf. It does not matter when the expenses were incurred. **Do not** reduce this amount by any reimbursement you received.

We may ask you to provide proof of payment. Cash payments without verifiable documentation may not be accepted.

Part III, Credit for Child and Dependent Care **Expenses**

Line 2

Complete column (a) through column (e) for each qualifying person for whom care was provided in California. If claiming more than three qualifying persons, attach a sheet of paper to your return with the required information and write "see attached." Write your name and SSN or ITIN on the sheet.

Column (a)

Enter each qualifying person's name.

Enter each qualifying person's SSN. Verify that the name and SSN match the qualifying person's social security card to avoid the reduction or disallowance of your credit. If the person was born in, and later died in, 2009, and does not have a SSN, enter "Deceased" in column (b) and attach a copy of the person's birth and death certificates.

Enter the SSNs of the first two qualifying persons on Form 540, line 75 and line 76; Form 540A, line 75 and line 76; or Long Form 540NR, line 85 and line 86.

Column (c)

Enter the qualifying person's date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy) in the space provided or if the qualifying person is disabled (physically or mentally incapable of self-care), check the "Yes" box. Incomplete information could result in a delay or disallowance of your credit.

Column (d)

If you shared custody of the qualifying person(s), enter the percentage of time you possessed physical custody during 2009. If you have 50% or less physical custody of your child, you do not qualify for the credit.

Column (e)

Enter the qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 2009 for the qualifying person(s). Include only the qualified expenses for care provided in California. If the child turned 13 years old during the year, include only the qualified expenses for the part of the year the child was 12 years old.

Do not include in column (e) qualified expenses:

- You incurred in 2009 but did not pay until 2010. You may be able to use these expenses to increase your 2010 credit.
- You incurred in 2008 but did not pay until 2009. Instead, see instructions
- You prepaid in 2009 for care to be provided in 2010. These expenses may only be used to figure your 2010 credit.

A qualified expense does not include the amount you paid for education (school tuition) or the amount you received through a subsidy program.

Qualified Expenses are amounts paid for the care of your qualifying person while you worked or looked for work.

Qualified expenses include:

- The cost of care for the qualifying person's well-being and protection. If care was provided by a dependent care center, the center must meet all applicable state and local regulations.
- Cost of pre-school or similar program below the kindergarten
- Day camp, even if it specialized in a particular activity, such as

Qualified expenses do not include:

- Child support payments. Payments made to the parent of your qualifying child.
- Payments made to your spouse/
- Payments made to your child who is under age 19 at the end of the year, even if he or she is not your dependent.
- Payments made to a dependent for whom you (or your spouse/ RDP) can claim a dependent exemption.
- Expenses paid by or reimbursed through a subsidy program.
- Cost for education (school tuition) at the kindergarten level and above.
- Overnight camp.

Line 4

Earned income includes:

- Wages, salary, tips, and other taxable employee compensation, as well as, military compensation including compensation for service • in a combat zone.
- Net earnings from self-employment.
- Strike benefits.
- Disability payments you report as wages.
- Active duty pay received by servicemembers of the armed forces is considered earned income regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in this state or elsewhere.

Earned income does not include:

- Pensions or annuities
- Social security payments
- Workers' compensation
- Interest
- Dividends
- Capital gains
- Unemployment compensation
- Public assistance

Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Only: Earned income from California sources includes:

- Wages, salary, tips, and other taxable employee compensation for working in California, as well as, military compensation including compensation for service in a combat zone.
- Net earnings from self-employment from California business activities.
- Strike benefits related to California employment.
- Disability payments you report as California wages.
- Active duty pay received by servicemembers of the armed forces is considered earned income regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in this state or elsewhere.

Earned income does not include:

- Pensions or annuities
- Social security payments
- Workers' compensation
- Interest
- Dividends
- Capital gains
- Unemployment compensation
- Public assistance

Line 5

Spouse/RDP Who Was a Student or Disabled

Your spouse/RDP was a **student** if he or she was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 2009. A school does not include a night school or correspondence school.

Your spouse/RDP was **disabled** if he or she was not capable of self-care. Figure your spouse's/RDP's earned income on a monthly basis.

For each month your spouse/RDP was a full-time student or disabled, enter on line 5 the larger of the following:

- Your spouse's/RDP's actual earned income for that month.
- \$250 (\$500, if you have 2 or more qualifying persons).

If, in the same month, both you and your spouse/RDP qualified as either full-time students or disabled, only one of you receive treatment as having earned income of \$250 (or \$500) in that month. For any month that your spouse/RDP was not a full-time student or disabled, use your spouse's/RDP's actual earned income for that month.

Line 7

Use the chart below to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 7. Your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) is on Form 540, line 13; Form 540A, line 13; or Long Form 540NR, line 13. For military personnel domiciled outside of California, use your federal AGI less your military pay to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 7.

If your Federal AGI is: Over	But not over	The decimal amount on Line 7 is:
\$0	\$15,000	
15,000		
17,000		
19,000		
21,000		
23,000		
25,000	27,000	
27,000		
29,000		
31,000		
33,000		
35,000		
37,000		
39,000		
41,000		
43,000		

Line 9

Use the chart below to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 9. For military personnel domiciled outside of California, use your federal AGI less your military pay to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 9.

If your federal AGI from Form 540, line 13; Form 540A, line 13; or Long Form 540NR, line 13 is:	The decimal amount to enter on Line 19 is:
\$40,000 or less	

Line 11

If you had qualified expenses for care that was provided in 2008 that you paid for in 2009, you may be able to increase your credit for 2009. Complete the Worksheet on Side 2 of form FTB 3506. See Worksheet instructions on this page.

Part IV, Dependent Care Benefits

Line 13

Dependent care benefits are:

- Amounts an employer paid directly to you (or your spouse/RDP), or to your care provider for the care of your qualifying person(s), while you worked.
- A day-care facility provided by your employer.
- · Generally deducted from your salary.
- Shown in box 10 of your 2009 Form(s) W-2.

Line 14

Enter the amount from federal Form 2441, line 15.

Line 15

If you had a flexible spending account, any amount included on line 13 that you did not receive because you did not incur the expense is considered forfeited. **Do not** include amounts you expect to receive at a future date.

Line 17

Enter the total of all qualified expenses incurred in 2009. It does not matter when the expenses were paid.

A qualified expense does not include the amount you paid for education (school tuition) or the amount you received through a subsidy program.

Example: You received \$2,000 cash under your employer's dependent care plan for 2009. The \$2,000 is shown in box 10 of your Form W-2. You incurred \$900 of qualified expenses in 2009 for the care of your 3-year-old dependent child. Enter \$900 on line 17, but report the entire \$2,000 on line 13.

For all other lines, follow specific line instructions on the form. For additional information, get federal Form 2441 or federal Publication 503, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.

Line 20

If you are married or an RDP filing a separate return and you meet the requirements of Section E, Married Persons Filing Separate Returns, item 1, then enter your earned income from line 19. On line 22, enter \$5,000. If you were married or an RDP and filed a separate return but did not meet the requirements of Section E, Married Persons Filing Separate Returns, item 1, then enter **your spouse's/RDP's earned income**. If your spouse/RDP was a student or disabled in 2009, see the instructions for line 5. On line 22, enter \$2 500

Worksheet – Credit for 2008 Expenses Paid in 2009

You will need a copy of your 2008 California tax return to complete the worksheet.

Line 12 and line 14

You need the 2008 form FTB 3506 instructions to complete the Credit for 2008 Expenses Paid in 2009 Worksheet, on Side 2. Forms are available at **ftb.ca.gov** or by calling 800.338.0505.

Line 12

Enter the decimal amount from the chart in the line 7 instructions of the **2008** form FTB 3506 that corresponds to your **2008** federal adjusted gross income.

Line 14

Enter the decimal amount from the chart in the line 9 instructions of the **2008** form FTB 3506 that corresponds to your **2008** California adjusted gross income.

2009 California Tax Table

To Find Your Tax:

- Read down the column labeled "If Your Taxable Income Is ..." to find the range that includes your taxable income from Form 540/540A, line 19.
- Read across the columns labeled "The Tax For Filing Status" until you find the tax that applies for your taxable income and filing status.

Filing sta	atus: 1 or 3	(Single; N	/larried/RDP	Filing S	eparately)	2 or 5	(Married/R	DP Filing Jo	ointly; Q	ualifying V	Vidow(er))	4 (Hea	d of House	hold)
If Your T			e Tax For ng Status		If Your Ta Income			e Tax For ng Status		If Your Ta			e Tax For ng Status	
At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is
\$1 51 151 251 351	150 250 350	\$0 1 3 4 5	\$0 1 3 4 5	\$0 1 3 4 5	6,451 6,551 6,651 6,751 6,851	6,550 6,650 6,750 6,850 6,950	81 83 84 85 86	81 83 84 85 86	81 83 84 85 86	12,951 13,051 13,151 13,251 13,351	13,050 13,150 13,250 13,350 13,450	222 224 226 229 231	163 164 165 166 168	163 164 165 166 168
451 551 651 751 851	650 750 850	6 8 9 10 11	6 8 9 10 11	6 8 9 10 11	6,951 7,051 7,151 7,251 7,351	7,050 7,150 7,250 7,350 7,450	88 89 91 94 96	88 89 90 91 93	88 89 90 91 93	13,451 13,551 13,651 13,751 13,851	13,550 13,650 13,750 13,850 13,950	233 235 238 240 242	169 170 171 173 174	169 170 171 173 174
951 1,051 1,151 1,251 1,351	1,150 1,250 1,350	13 14 15 16 18	13 14 15 16 18	13 14 15 16 18	7,451 7,551 7,651 7,751 7,851	7,550 7,650 7,750 7,850 7,950	98 100 103 105 107	94 95 96 98 99	94 95 96 98 99	13,951 14,051 14,151 14,251 14,351	14,050 14,150 14,250 14,350 14,450	244 247 249 251 253	175 176 178 181 183	175 176 178 180 183
1,451 1,551 1,651 1,751 1,851	1,650 1,750 1,850	19 20 21 23 24	19 20 21 23 24	19 20 21 23 24	7,951 8,051 8,151 8,251 8,351	8,050 8,150 8,250 8,350 8,450	109 112 114 116 118	100 101 103 104 105	100 101 103 104 105	14,451 14,551 14,651 14,751 14,851	14,550 14,650 14,750 14,850 14,950	256 258 260 262 265	185 187 190 192 194	185 187 189 192 194
1,951 2,051 2,151 2,251 2,351	2,150 2,250 2,350	25 26 28 29 30	25 26 28 29 30	25 26 28 29 30	8,451 8,551 8,651 8,751 8,851	8,550 8,650 8,750 8,850 8,950	121 123 125 127 130	106 108 109 110 111	106 108 109 110 111	14,951 15,051 15,151 15,251 15,351	15,050 15,150 15,250 15,350 15,450	267 269 271 274 276	196 199 201 203 205	196 198 201 203 205
2,451 2,551 2,651 2,751 2,851	2,650 2,750 2,850	31 33 34 35 36	31 33 34 35 36	31 33 34 35 36	8,951 9,051 9,151 9,251 9,351	9,050 9,150 9,250 9,350 9,450	132 134 136 139 141	113 114 115 116 118	113 114 115 116 118	15,451 15,551 15,651 15,751 15,851	15,550 15,650 15,750 15,850 15,950	278 280 283 285 287	208 210 212 214 217	207 210 212 214 216
2,951 3,051 3,151 3,251 3,351	3,150 3,250 3,350	38 39 40 41 43	38 39 40 41 43	38 39 40 41 43	9,451 9,551 9,651 9,751 9,851	9,550 9,650 9,750 9,850 9,950	143 145 148 150 152	119 120 121 123 124	119 120 121 123 124	15,951 16,051 16,151 16,251 16,351	16,050 16,150 16,250 16,350 16,450	289 292 294 296 298	219 221 223 226 228	219 221 223 225 228
3,451 3,551 3,651 3,751 3,851	3,650 3,750 3,850	44 45 46 48 49	44 45 46 48 49	44 45 46 48 49	9,951 10,051 10,151 10,251 10,351	10,050 10,150 10,250 10,350 10,450	154 157 159 161 163	125 126 128 129 130	125 126 128 129 130	16,451 16,551 16,651 16,751 16,851	16,550 16,650 16,750 16,850 16,950	301 303 305 309 313	230 232 235 237 239	230 232 234 237 239
3,951 4,051 4,151 4,251 4,351	4,150 4,250 4,350	50 51 53 54 55	50 51 53 54 55	50 51 53 54 55	10,451 10,551 10,651 10,751 10,851	10,550 10,650 10,750 10,850 10,950	166 168 170 172 175	131 133 134 135 136	131 133 134 135 136	16,951 17,051 17,151 17,251 17,351	17,050 17,150 17,250 17,350 17,450	317 321 326 330 334	241 244 246 248 250	241 243 246 248 250
4,451 4,551 4,651 4,751 4,851	4,650 4,750 4,850	56 58 59 60 61	56 58 59 60 61	56 58 59 60 61	10,951 11,051 11,151 11,251 11,351	11,050 11,150 11,250 11,350 11,450	177 179 181 184 186	138 139 140 141 143	138 139 140 141 143	17,451 17,551 17,651 17,751 17,851	17,550 17,650 17,750 17,850 17,950	338 343 347 351 355	253 255 257 259 262	252 255 257 259 261
4,951 5,051 5,151 5,251 5,351	5,150 5,250 5,350	63 64 65 66 68	63 64 65 66 68	63 64 65 66 68	11,451 11,551 11,651 11,751 11,851	11,550 11,650 11,750 11,850 11,950	188 190 193 195 197	144 145 146 148 149	144 145 146 148 149	17,951 18,051 18,151 18,251 18,351	18,050 18,150 18,250 18,350 18,450	360 364 368 372 377	264 266 268 271 273	264 266 268 270 273
5,451 5,551 5,651 5,751 5,851	5,650 5,750 5,850	69 70 71 73 74	69 70 71 73 74	69 70 71 73 74	11,951 12,051 12,151 12,251 12,351	12,050 12,150 12,250 12,350 12,450	199 202 204 206 208	150 151 153 154 155	150 151 153 154 155	18,451 18,551 18,651 18,751 18,851	18,550 18,650 18,750 18,850 18,950	381 385 389 394 398	275 277 280 282 284	275 277 279 282 284
5,951 6,051 6,151 6,251 6,351	6,150 6,250 6,350	75 76 78 79 80	75 76 78 79 80	75 76 78 79 80	12,451 12,551 12,651 12,751 12,851	12,550 12,650 12,750 12,850 12,950	211 213 215 217 220	156 158 159 160 161	156 158 159 160 161	18,951 19,051 19,151 19,251 19,351	19,050 19,150 19,250 19,350 19,450	402 406 411 415 419	286 289 291 293 295 nued on n	286 288 291 293 295

	atus: 1 or 3			Filing S				RDP Filing Jo	ointly; Q	1			d of House	hold)
f Your Ta ncome			e Tax For ng Status		If Your T			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta Income			e Tax For ng Status	
At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is
19,451	19,550	423	298	297	26,451	26,550	722	455	455	33,451	33,550	1,160	613	613
19,551 19,651	19,650 19,750	428 432	300 302	300 302	26,551 26,651	26,650 26,750	729 735	457 460	457 459	33,551 33,651	33,650 33,750	1,166 1,172	617 621	617 621
19,751 19,851	19,850 19,950	436 440	304 307	304 306	26,751 26,851	26,850 26,950	741 747	462 464	462 464	33,751 33,851	33,850 33,950	1,179 1,185	626 630	626 630
19,951	20,050	445	309	309	26,951	27.050	754	466	466	33,951	34,050	1,191	634	634
20,051	20,150	449	311	311	27,051	27,150	760	469	468	34,051	34,150	1,197	638	638
20,151 20,251	20,250 20,350	453 457	313 316	313 315	27,151 27,251	27,250 27,350	766 772	471 473	471 473	34,151 34,251	34,250 34,350	1,204 1,210	643 647	64: 64:
20,351	20,450	462	318	318	27,351	27,450	779	475	475	34,351	34,450	1,216	651	65
20,451 20,551	20,550 20,650	466 470	320 322	320 322	27,451 27,551	27,550 27,650	785 791	478 480	477 480	34,451 34,551	34,550 34,650	1,222 1,229	655 660	65: 66:
20,651 20,751	20,750 20,850	474 479	325 327	324 327	27,651 27,751	27,750 27,850	797 804	482 484	482 484	34,651 34,751	34,750 34,850	1,235 1,241	664 668	66 66
20,851	20,950	483	329	329	27,851	27,950	810	487	486	34,851	34,950	1,247	672	67
20,951 21,051	21,050 21,150	487 491	331 334	331 333	27,951 28,051	28,050 28,150	816 822	489 491	489 491	34,951 35,051	35,050 35,150	1,254 1,260	677 681	67 68
21,151	21,250	496	336	336	28,151	28,250	829	493	493	35,151	35,250	1,266	685	68
21,251 21,351	21,350 21,450	500 504	338 340	338 340	28,251 28,351	28,350 28,450	835 841	496 498	495 498	35,251 35,351	35,350 35,450	1,272 1,279	689 694	68 69
21,451	21,550	508	343	342	28,451	28,550	847	500	500	35,451	35,550	1,285	698	69
21,551 21,651	21,650 21,750	513 517	345 347	345 347	28,551 28,651	28,650 28,750	854 860	502 505	502 504	35,551 35,651	35,650 35,750	1,291 1,297	702 706	70. 70
21,751 21,851	21,850 21,950	521 525	349 352	349 351	28,751 28,851	28,850 28,950	866 872	507 509	507 509	35,751 35,851	35,850 35,950	1,304 1,310	711 715	71 71
21,951	22,050	530	354	354	28,951	29,050	879	511	511	35,951	36,050	1,316	719	71
22,051	22,150	534	356	356	29,051	29,150	885	514	513	36,051	36,150	1,322	723	72
22,151 22,251	22,250 22,350	538 542	358 361	358 360	29,151 29,251	29,250 29,350	891 897	516 518	516 518	36,151 36,251	36,250 36,350	1,329 1,335	728 732	72 73
22,351	22,450	547	363	363	29,351	29,450	904	520	520	36,351	36,450	1,341	736	73
22,451 22,551	22,550 22,650	551 555	365 367	365 367	29,451 29,551	29,550 29,650	910 916	523 525	522 525	36,451 36,551	36,550 36,650	1,347 1,354	740 745	74 74
22,651 22,751	22,750 22,850	559 564	370 372	369 372	29,651 29,751	29,750 29,850	922 929	527 529	527 529	36,651 36,751	36,750 36,850	1,360 1,369	749 753	74 75
22,851	22,950	568	374	374	29,851	29,950	935	532	531	36,851	36,950	1,377	757	75 75
22,951 23,051	23,050 23,150	572 576	376 379	376 378	29,951 30,051	30,050 30,150	941 947	534 536	534 536	36,951 37.051	37,050 37,150	1,385 1,393	762 766	76 76
23,151	23,250	581	381	381	30,151	30,250	954	538	538	37,151	37,250	1,402	770	77
23,251 23,351	23,350 23,450	585 589	383 385	383 385	30,251 30,351	30,350 30,450	960 966	541 543	540 543	37,251 37,351	37,350 37,450	1,410 1,418	774 779	77 77
23,451	23,550	593	388	387	30,451	30,550	972	545	545	37,451	37,550	1,426	783	78
23,551 23,651	23,650 23,750	598 602	390 392	390 392	30,551 30,651	30,650 30,750	979 985	547 550	547 549	37,551 37,651	37,650 37,750	1,435 1,443	787 791	78 79
23,751 23,851	23,850 23,950	606	394 397	394 396	30,751 30,851	30,850 30,950	991 997	552 554	552 554	37,751 37,851	37,850 37,950	1,451 1,459	796 800	79 80
23,951	24,050	610	399	399	30,951	31,050	1,004	556	556	37,951	38,050	1,459	804	80
24,051	24,150	619	401	401	31,051	31,150	1,010	559	558	38,051	38,150	1,476	808	80
24,151 24,251	24,250 24,350	623 627	403 406	403 405	31,151 31,251	31,250 31,350	1,016 1,022	561 563	561 563	38,151 38,251	38,250 38,350	1,484 1,492	813 817	81 81
24,351	24,450	632	408	408	31,351	31,450	1,029	565	565	38,351	38,450	1,501	821	82
24,451 24,551	24,550 24,650	636 640	410 412	410 412	31,451 31,551	31,550 31,650	1,035 1,041	568 570	567 570	38,451 38,551	38,550 38,650	1,509 1,517	825 830	82 83
24,651 24,751	24,750 24,850	644 649	415 417	414 417	31,651 31,751	31,750 31,850	1,047 1,054	572 574	572 574	38,651 38,751	38,750 38,850	1,525 1,534	834 838	83 83
24,851	24,950	653	419	419	31,851	31,950	1,060	577	576	38,851	38,950	1,542	842	84
24,951 25,051	25,050 25,150	657 661	421 424	421 423	31,951 32,051	32,050 32,150	1,066 1,072	579 581	579 581	38,951 39,051	39,050 39,150	1,550 1,558	847 851	84 85
25,151	25,250	666	426	426	32,151	32,250	1,079	583	583	39,151	39,250	1,567	855	85
25,251 25,351	25,350 25,450	670 674	428 430	428 430	32,251 32,351	32,350 32,450	1,085 1,091	586 588	585 588	39,251 39,351	39,350 39,450	1,575 1,583	859 864	85 86
25,451	25,550	678	433	432	32,451	32,550	1,097	590	590	39,451	39,550	1,591	868	86
25,551 25,651	25,650 25,750	683 687	435 437	435 437	32,551 32,651	32,650 32,750	1,104 1,110	592 595	592 594	39,551 39,651	39,650 39,750	1,600 1,608	872 876	87 87
25,751 25,851	25,850 25,950	691 695	439 442	439 441	32,751 32,851	32,850 32,950	1,116 1,122	597 599	597 599	39,751 39,851	39,850 39,950	1,616 1,624	881 885	88 88
25,951	26,050	700	444	444	32,951	33,050	1,129	601	601	39,951	40,050	1,633	889	88
26,051 26,151	26,150 26,250	704 708	446 448	446 448	33,051 33,151	33,150 33,250	1,135 1,141	604 606	603 606	40,051 40,151	40,150 40,250	1,641 1,649	893 898	89 89
26,251	26,350	712	451	450	33,251	33,350	1,147	608	608	40,251	40,350	1,657	902	90
26,351	26,450	717	453	453	33,351	33,450	1,154	610	610	40,351	40,450	1,666	906 nued on n	90

			Married/RDF	Filing S				RDP Filing .	Jointly; Q				d of House	
f Your Ta ncome			e Tax For ng Status		If Your T			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta			ie Tax For ing Status	
At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4	At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4	At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4
Least	Over	Is	Is	Is	Least	Over	Is	Is	Is	Least	Over	Is	Is	Is
40,451	40,550	1,674	910	910	47,451	47,550	2,266	1,208	1,295	54,451	54,550	2,935	1,539	1,754
40,551	40,650	1,682	915	915	47,551	47,650	2,276	1,212	1,301	54,551	54,650	2,945	1,545	1,762
40,651	40,750	1,690	919	919	47,651	47,750	2,286	1,216	1,307	54,651	54,750	2,954	1,551	1,771
40,751	40,850	1,699	923	923	47,751	47,850	2,295	1,221	1,313	54,751	54,850	2,964	1,557	1,779
40,851	40,950	1,707	927	927	47,851	47,950	2,305	1,225	1,320	54,851	54,950	2,973	1,564	1,787
40,951	41,050	1,715	932	932	47,951	48,050	2,314	1,229	1,326	54,951	55,050	2,983	1,570	1,795
41,051	41,150	1,723	936	936	48,051	48,150	2,324	1,233	1,332	55,051	55,150	2,992	1,576	1,804
41,151	41,250	1,732	940	940	48,151	48,250	2,333	1,238	1,338	55,151	55,250	3,002	1,582	1,812
41,251	41,350	1,740	944	944	48,251	48,350	2,343	1,242	1,345	55,251	55,350	3,011	1,589	1,820
41,351	41,450	1,748	949	949	48,351	48,450	2,352	1,246	1,351	55,351	55,450	3,021	1,595	1,828
41,451 41,551 41,651 41,751 41,851	41,550 41,650 41,750 41,850 41,950	1,756 1,765 1,773 1,781 1,789	953 957 961 966 970	953 957 961 966 970	48,451 48,551 48,651 48,751 48,851	48,550 48,650 48,750 48,850 48,950	2,362 2,372 2,381 2,391 2,400	1,250 1,255 1,259 1,263 1,267	1,357 1,363 1,370 1,376 1,382	55,451 55,551 55,651 55,751 55,851	55,550 55,650 55,750 55,850 55,950	3,030 3,040 3,050 3,059 3,069	1,601 1,607 1,614 1,620 1,626	1,837 1,845 1,853 1,861
41,951 42,051 42,151 42,251 42,351	42,050 42,150 42,250 42,350 42,450	1,798 1,806 1,814 1,822 1,831	974 978 983 987 991	974 978 983 987 991	48,951 49,051 49,151 49,251 49,351	49,050 49,150 49,250 49,350 49,450	2,410 2,419 2,429 2,438 2,448	1,272 1,276 1,280 1,284 1,289	1,388 1,395 1,401 1,407 1,413	55,951 56,051 56,151 56,251 56,351	56,050 56,150 56,250 56,350 56,450	3,078 3,088 3,097 3,107 3,116	1,632 1,639 1,645 1,651 1,657	1,878 1,886 1,894 1,903
42,451	42,550	1,839	995	995	49,451	49,550	2,457	1,293	1,420	56,451	56,550	3,126	1,664	1,919
42,551	42,650	1,847	1,000	1,000	49,551	49,650	2,467	1,297	1,426	56,551	56,650	3,136	1,670	1,92
42,651	42,750	1,855	1,004	1,004	49,651	49,750	2,477	1,301	1,432	56,651	56,750	3,145	1,676	1,930
42,751	42,850	1,864	1,008	1,008	49,751	49,850	2,486	1,306	1,438	56,751	56,850	3,155	1,682	1,944
42,851	42,950	1,872	1,012	1,012	49,851	49,950	2,496	1,310	1,445	56,851	56,950	3,164	1,689	1,952
42,951 43,051 43,151 43,251 43,351	43,050 43,150 43,250 43,350 43,450	1,880 1,888 1,897 1,905 1,913	1,017 1,021 1,025 1,029 1,034	1,017 1,021 1,026 1,032 1,038	49,951 50,051 50,151 50,251 50,351	50,050 50,150 50,250 50,350 50,450	2,505 2,515 2,524 2,534 2,543	1,314 1,318 1,323 1,327 1,331	1,451 1,457 1,463 1,470 1,476	56,951 57,051 57,151 57,251 57,351	57,050 57,150 57,250 57,350 57,450	3,174 3,183 3,193 3,202 3,212	1,695 1,701 1,707 1,714 1,720	1,969 1,969 1,97 1,989
43,451	43,550	1,921	1,038	1,045	50,451	50,550	2,553	1,335	1,482	57,451	57,550	3,221	1,726	2,002
43,551	43,650	1,930	1,042	1,051	50,551	50,650	2,563	1,340	1,488	57,551	57,650	3,231	1,732	2,010
43,651	43,750	1,938	1,046	1,057	50,651	50,750	2,572	1,344	1,495	57,651	57,750	3,241	1,739	2,010
43,751	43,850	1,946	1,051	1,063	50,751	50,850	2,582	1,348	1,501	57,751	57,850	3,250	1,745	2,020
43,851	43,950	1,954	1,055	1,070	50,851	50,950	2,581	1,352	1,507	57,851	57,950	3,260	1,751	2,030
43,951	44,050	1,963	1,059	1,076	50,951	51,050	2,601	1,357	1,513	57,951	58,050	3,269	1,757	2,04
44,051	44,150	1,971	1,063	1,082	51,051	51,150	2,610	1,361	1,520	58,051	58,150	3,279	1,764	2,05
44,151	44,250	1,979	1,068	1,088	51,151	51,250	2,620	1,365	1,526	58,151	58,250	3,288	1,770	2,05
44,251	44,350	1,987	1,072	1,095	51,251	51,350	2,629	1,369	1,532	58,251	58,350	3,298	1,776	2,06
44,351	44,450	1,996	1,076	1,101	51,351	51,450	2,639	1,374	1,538	58,351	58,450	3,307	1,782	2,07
44,451	44,550	2,004	1,080	1,107	51,451	51,550	2,648	1,378	1,545	58,451	58,550	3,317	1,789	2,08-
44,551	44,650	2,012	1,085	1,113	51,551	51,650	2,658	1,382	1,551	58,551	58,650	3,327	1,795	2,09:
44,651	44,750	2,020	1,089	1,120	51,651	51,750	2,668	1,386	1,557	58,651	58,750	3,336	1,801	2,10
44,751	44,850	2,029	1,093	1,126	51,751	51,850	2,677	1,391	1,563	58,751	58,850	3,346	1,807	2,10:
44,851	44,950	2,037	1,097	1,132	51,851	51,950	2,687	1,395	1,570	58,851	58,950	3,355	1,814	2,11
44,951	45,050	2,045	1,102	1,138	51,951	52,050	2,696	1,399	1,576	58,951	59,050	3,365	1,820	2,12
45,051	45,150	2,053	1,106	1,145	52,051	52,150	2,706	1,403	1,582	59,051	59,150	3,374	1,826	2,13
45,151	45,250	2,062	1,110	1,151	52,151	52,250	2,715	1,408	1,588	59,151	59,250	3,384	1,832	2,14
45,251	45,350	2,070	1,114	1,157	52,251	52,350	2,725	1,412	1,595	59,251	59,350	3,393	1,839	2,15
45,351	45,450	2,078	1,119	1,163	52,351	52,450	2,734	1,416	1,601	59,351	59,450	3,403	1,845	2,15
45,451	45,550	2,086	1,123	1,170	52,451	52,550	2,744	1,420	1,607	59,451	59,550	3,412	1,851	2,16
45,551	45,650	2,095	1,127	1,176	52,551	52,650	2,754	1,425	1,613	59,551	59,650	3,422	1,857	2,17
45,651	45,750	2,103	1,131	1,182	52,651	52,750	2,763	1,429	1,620	59,651	59,750	3,432	1,864	2,18
45,751	45,850	2,111	1,136	1,188	52,751	52,850	2,773	1,433	1,626	59,751	59,850	3,441	1,870	2,19
45,851	45,950	2,119	1,140	1,195	52,851	52,950	2,782	1,439	1,632	59,851	59,950	3,451	1,876	2,20
45,951	46,050	2,128	1,144	1,201	52,951	53,050	2,792	1,445	1,638	59,951	60,050	3,460	1,882	2,20
46,051	46,150	2,136	1,148	1,207	53,051	53,150	2,801	1,451	1,645	60,051	60,150	3,470	1,889	2,21
46,151	46,250	2,144	1,153	1,213	53,151	53,250	2,811	1,457	1,651	60,151	60,250	3,479	1,895	2,22
46,251	46,350	2,152	1,157	1,220	53,251	53,350	2,820	1,464	1,657	60,251	60,350	3,489	1,901	2,23
46,351	46,450	2,161	1,161	1,226	53,351	53,450	2,830	1,470	1,663	60,351	60,450	3,498	1,907	2,24
46,451	46,550	2,171	1,165	1,232	53,451	53,550	2,839	1,476	1,672	60,451	60,550	3,508	1,914	2,24
46,551	46,650	2,181	1,170	1,238	53,551	53,650	2,849	1,482	1,680	60,551	60,650	3,518	1,920	2,25
46,651	46,750	2,190	1,174	1,245	53,651	53,750	2,859	1,489	1,688	60,651	60,750	3,527	1,926	2,26
46,751	46,850	2,200	1,178	1,251	53,751	53,850	2,868	1,495	1,696	60,751	60,850	3,537	1,932	2,27
46,851	46,950	2,209	1,182	1,257	53,851	53,950	2,878	1,501	1,705	60,851	60,950	3,546	1,939	2,28
46,951	47,050	2,219	1,187	1,263	53,951	54,050	2,887	1,507	1,713	60,951	61,050	3,556	1,945	2,29
47,051	47,150	2,228	1,191	1,270	54,051	54,150	2,897	1,514	1,721	61,051	61,150	3,565	1,951	2,29
47,151	47,250	2,238	1,195	1,276	54,151	54,250	2,906	1,520	1,729	61,151	61,250	3,575	1,957	2,30
47,251	47,350	2,247	1,199	1,282	54,251	54,350	2,916	1,526	1,738	61,251	61,350	3,584	1,964	2,31
47,351	47,450	2,257	1,204	1,288	54,351	54,450	2,925	1,532	1,746	61,351	61,450	3,594	1,970	2,32

Personal Income Tax Booklet 2009 Page 59

	atus: 1 or 3			' Filing S	1			RDP Filing	Jointly; Q	1			d of House	
f Your T ncome	axable Is		e Tax For ng Status		If Your Ta			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta			ne Tax For ing Status	
\t	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4	At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4	At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4
.east	Over	Is	Is	Is	Least	Over	Is	Is	Is	Least	Over	Is	Is	Is
61,451	61,550	3,603	1,976	2,332	68,451	68,550	4,272	2,414	2,979	75,451	75,550	4,940	2,894	3,64
61,551	61,750	3,613	1,982	2,340	68,551	68,650	4,282	2,420	2,989	75,551	75,650	4,950	2,902	3,65
61,651		3,623	1,989	2,348	68,651	68,750	4,291	2,426	2,998	75,651	75,750	4,960	2,911	3,66
61,751	61,850	3,632	1,995	2,356	68,751	68,850	4,301	2,432	3,008	75,751	75,850	4,969	2,919	3,67
61,851	61,950	3,642	2,001	2,365	68,851	68,950	4,310	2,439	3,018	75,851	75,950	4,979	2,927	3,68
61,951	62,050	3,651	2,007	2,373	68,951	69,050	4,320	2,445	3,027	75,951	76,050	4,988	2,935	3,69
62,051	62,150	3,661	2,014	2,381	69,051	69,150	4,329	2,451	3,037	76,051	76,150	4,998	2,944	3,70
62,151	62,250	3,670	2,020	2,389	69,151	69,250	4,339	2,457	3,046	76,151	76,250	5,007	2,952	3,71
62,251		3,680	2,026	2,398	69,251	69,350	4,348	2,464	3,056	76,251	76,350	5,017	2,960	3,72
62,351		3,689	2,032	2,406	69,351	69,450	4,358	2,470	3,065	76,351	76,450	5,026	2,968	3,73
62,451	62,550	3,699	2,032	2,414	69,451	69,550	4,367	2,476	3,075	76,451	76,550	5,026	2,977	3,74
62,551	62,650	3,709	2,045	2,422	69,551	69,650	4,377	2,482	3,084	76,551	76,650	5,046	2,985	3,75
62,651		3,718	2,051	2,431	69,651	69,750	4,387	2,489	3,094	76,651	76,750	5,055	2,993	3,76
62,751	62,850	3,728	2,057	2,439	69,751	69,850	4,396	2,495	3,103	76,751	76,850	5,065	3,001	3,77
62,851		3,737	2,064	2,447	69,851	69,950	4,406	2,501	3,113	76,851	76,950	5,074	3,010	3,78
62,951		3,747	2,070	2,455	69,951	70,050	4,415	2,507	3,123	76,951	77,050	5,084	3,018	3,79
63,051		3,756	2,076	2,464	70,051	70,150	4,425	2,514	3,132	77,051	77,150	5,093	3,026	3,80
63,151	63,250	3,766	2,082	2,473	70,151	70,250	4,434	2,520	3,142	77,151	77,250	5,103	3,034	3,81
63,251	63,350	3,775	2,089	2,483	70,251	70,350	4,444	2,526	3,151	77,251	77,350	5,112	3,043	3,82
63,351	63,450	3,785	2,095	2,492	70,351	70,450	4,453	2,532	3,161	77,351	77,450	5,122	3,051	3,82
63,451	63,550	3,794	2,101	2,502	70,451	70,550	4,463	2,539	3,170	77,451	77,550	5,131	3,059	3,83
63,551	63,650	3,804	2,107	2,511	70,551	70,650	4,473	2,545	3,180	77,551	77,650	5,141	3,067	3,84
63,651	63,750	3,814	2,114	2,521	70,651	70,750	4,482	2,551	3,189	77,651	77,750	5,151	3,076	3,85
63,751		3,823	2,120	2,530	70,751	70,850	4,492	2,557	3,199	77,751	77,850	5,160	3,084	3,86
63,851	63,950	3,833	2,126	2,540	70,851	70,950	4,501	2,564	3,209	77,851	77,950	5,170	3,092	3,87
63,951	64,050	3,842	2,132	2,550	70,951	71,050	4,511	2,570	3,218	77,951	78,050	5,179	3,100	3,88
64,051	64,150	3,852	2,139	2,559	71,051	71,150	4,520	2,576	3,228	78,051	78,150	5,189	3,109	3,89
64,151	64,250	3,861	2,145	2,569	71,151	71,250	4,530	2,582	3,237	78,151	78,250	5,198	3,117	3.90
64,251	64,350	3,871	2,151	2,578	71,251	71,350	4,539	2,589	3,247	78,251	78,350	5,208	3,125	3,91
64,351	64,450	3,880	2,157	2,588	71,351	71,450	4,549	2,595	3,256	78,351	78,450	5,217	3,133	3,92
64,451	64,550	3,890	2,164	2,597	71,451	71,550	4,558	2,601	3,266	78,451	78,550	5,227	3,142	3,93
64,551	64,650	3,900	2,170	2,607	71,551	71,650	4,568	2,607	3,275	78,551	78,650	5,237	3,150	3,94
64,651	64,750	3,909	2,176	2,616	71,651	71,750	4,578	2,614	3,285	78,651	78,750	5,246	3,158	3,95
64,751	64,850	3,919	2,182	2,626	71,751	71,850	4,587	2,620	3,294	78,751	78,850	5,256	3,166	3,96
64,851	64,950	3,928	2,189	2,636	71,851	71,950	4,597	2,626	3,304	78,851	78,950	5,265	3,175	
64,951		3,938	2,195	2,645	71,951	72,050	4,606	2,632	3,314	78,951	79,050	5,275	3,183	3.98
65,051	65,150	3,947	2,201	2,655	72,051	72,150	4,616	2,639	3,323	79,051	79,150	5,284	3,191	3,99
65,151		3,957	2,207	2,664	72,151	72,250	4,625	2,645	3,333	79,151	79,250	5,294	3,199	4,00
65,251	65,350	3,966	2,214	2,674	72,251	72,350	4,635	2,651	3,342	79,251	79,350	5,303	3,208	4,01
65,351 65,451	65,450 65,550	3,976	2,220	2,683	72,351 72,451	72,450 72,550	4,644 4,654	2,657 2,664	3,352	79,351 79,451	79,450 79,550	5,313 5,322	3,216	4,02
65,551	65,650	3,995	2,232	2,702	72,551	72,650	4,664	2,670	3,371	79,551	79,650	5,332	3,232	4,03
65,651	05,050	4,005	2,239	2,712	72,651	72,750	4,673	2,676	3,380	79,651	79,750	5,342	3,241	4,04
65,751		4,014	2,245	2,721	72,751	72,850	4,683	2,682	3,390	79,751	79,850	5,351	3,249	4,05
65,851		4,024	2,251	2,731	72,851	72,950	4,692	2,689	3,400	79,851	79,950	5,361	3,257	4,06
65,951	66,150	4,033	2,257	2,741	72,951	73,050	4,702	2,695	3,409	79,951	80,050	5,370	3,265	4,07
66,051		4,043	2,264	2,750	73,051	73,150	4,711	2,701	3,419	80,051	80,150	5,380	3,274	4,08
66,151		4,052	2,270	2,760	73,151	73,250	4,721	2,707	3,428	80,151	80,250	5,389	3,282	4,09
66,251		4,062	2,276	2,769	73,251	73,350	4,730	2,714	3,438	80,251	80,350	5,399	3,290	4,10
66,351	66,450	4,071	2,282	2,779	73,351	73,450	4,740	2,721	3,447	80,351	80,450	5,408	3,298	4,11
66,451	66,550	4,081	2,289	2,788	73,451	73,550	4,749	2,729	3,457	80,451	80,550	5,418	3,307	4,12
66,551	66,650	4,091	2,295	2,798	73,551	73,650	4,759	2,737	3,466	80,551	80,650	5,428	3,315	4,13
66,651 66,751	66,750	4,100	2,301 2,307	2,807	73,651 73,751	73,750	4,769	2,746	3,476	80,651	80,750	5,437	3,323	4,14 4,15
66,851		4,110 4,119	2,314	2,817 2,827	73,751	73,850 73,950	4,778 4,788	2,754 2,762	3,485 3,495	80,751 80,851	80,850 80,950	5,447 5,456	3,331 3,340	4,16
66,951	67,050	4,129	2,320	2,836	73,951	74,050	4,797	2,770	3,505	80,951	81,050	5,466	3,348	4,17
67,051	67,150	4,138	2,326	2,846	74,051	74,150	4,807	2,779	3,514	81,051	81,150	5,475	3,356	4,18
67,151	67,250	4,148	2,332	2,855	74,151	74,250	4,816	2,787	3,524	81,151	81,250	5,485	3,364	4.19
67,251	67,350	4,157	2,339	2,865	74,251	74,350	4,826	2,795	3,533	81,251	81,350	5,494	3,373	4,20
67,351	67,450	4,167	2,345	2,874	74,351	74,450	4,835	2,803	3,543	81,351	81,450	5,504	3,381	4,21
67,451	67,550	4,176	2,351	2,884	74,451	74,550	4,845	2,812	3,552	81,451	81,550	5,513	3,389	4.22
67,551	67,750	4,186	2,357	2,893	74,551	74,650	4,855	2,820	3,562	81,551	81,650	5,523	3,397	4,23
67,651		4,196	2,364	2,903	74,651	74,750	4,864	2,828	3,571	81,651	81,750	5,533	3,406	4,24
67,751	67,850	4,205	2,370	2,912	74,751	74,850	4,874	2,836	3,581	81,751	81,850	5,542	3,414	4,24
67,851		4,215	2,376	2,922	74,851	74,950	4,883	2,845	3,591	81,851	81,950	5,552	3,422	4,25
67,951		4,224	2,382	2,932	74,951	75,050	4,893	2,853	3,600	81,951	82,050	5,561	3,430	4,26
68,051	68,150	4,234	2,389	2,941	75,051	75,150	4,902	2,861	3,610	82,051	82,150	5,571	3,439	4,27
68,151		4,243	2,395	2,951	75,151	75,250	4,912	2,869	3,619	82,151	82,250	5,580	3,447	4,28
68,251	68,350	4,253	2,401	2,960	75,251	75,350	4,921	2,878	3,629	82,251	82,350	5,590	3,455	4,29
68,351	68,450	4,262	2,407	2,970	75,351	75,450	4,931	2,886	3,638	82,351	82,450	5,599	3,463	4,30

Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing S						ualifying Widow(er)) 4 (Hea			ad of Household)					
If Your T	_		e Tax For ng Status		If Your Ta Income			ne Tax For ing Status	;	If Your Ta Income	_		ne Tax For ing Status	
At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is
82,451 82,551 82,651 82,751 82,851	82,550 82,650 82,750 82,850 82,950	5,609 5,619 5,628 5,638 5,647	3,472 3,480 3,488 3,496 3,505	4,316 4,326 4,335 4,345 4,355	88,951 89,051 89,151 89,251 89,351	89,050 89,150 89,250 89,350 89,450	6,230 6,239 6,249 6,258 6,268	4,008 4,016 4,024 4,033 4,041	4,937 4,947 4,956 4,966 4,975	95,451 95,551 95,651 95,751 95,851	95,550 95,650 95,750 95,850 95,950	6,850 6,860 6,870 6,879 6,889	4,581 4,590 4,600 4,609 4,619	5,558 5,567 5,577 5,586 5,596
82,951 83,051 83,151 83,251 83,351	83,250 83,350	5,657 5,666 5,676 5,685 5,695	3,513 3,521 3,529 3,538 3,546	4,364 4,374 4,383 4,393 4,402	89,451 89,551 89,651 89,751 89,851	89,550 89,650 89,750 89,850 89,950	6,277 6,287 6,297 6,306 6,316	4,049 4,057 4,066 4,074 4,082	4,985 4,994 5,004 5,013 5,023	95,951 96,051 96,151 96,251 96,351	96,050 96,150 96,250 96,350 96,450	6,898 6,908 6,917 6,927 6,936	4,628 4,638 4,648 4,657 4,667	5,606 5,615 5,625 5,634 5,644
83,451 83,551 83,651 83,751 83,851	83,850	5,704 5,714 5,724 5,733 5,743	3,554 3,562 3,571 3,579 3,587	4,412 4,421 4,431 4,440 4,450	89,951 90,051 90,151 90,251 90,351	90,050 90,150 90,250 90,350 90,450	6,325 6,335 6,344 6,354 6,363	4,090 4,099 4,107 4,115 4,123	5,033 5,042 5,052 5,061 5,071	96,451 96,551 96,651 96,751 96,851	96,550 96,650 96,750 96,850 96,950	6,946 6,956 6,965 6,975 6,984	4,676 4,686 4,695 4,705 4,714	5,653 5,663 5,672 5,682 5,692
83,951 84,051 84,151 84,251 84,351	84,150 84,250 84,350	5,752 5,762 5,771 5,781 5,790	3,595 3,604 3,612 3,620 3,628	4,460 4,469 4,479 4,488 4,498	90,451 90,551 90,651 90,751 90,851	90,550 90,650 90,750 90,850 90,950	6,373 6,383 6,392 6,402 6,411	4,132 4,140 4,148 4,156 4,165	5,080 5,090 5,099 5,109 5,119	96,951 97,051 97,151 97,251 97,351	97,050 97,150 97,250 97,350 97,450	6,994 7,003 7,013 7,022 7,032	4,724 4,733 4,743 4,753 4,762	5,701 5,711 5,720 5,730 5,739
84,451 84,551 84,651 84,751 84,851	84,750 84,850	5,800 5,810 5,819 5,829 5,838	3,637 3,645 3,653 3,661 3,670	4,507 4,517 4,526 4,536 4,546	90,951 91,051 91,151 91,251 91,351	91,050 91,150 91,250 91,350 91,450	6,421 6,430 6,440 6,449 6,459	4,173 4,181 4,189 4,198 4,206	5,128 5,138 5,147 5,157 5,166	97,451 97,551 97,651 97,751 97,851	97,550 97,650 97,750 97,850 97,950	7,041 7,051 7,061 7,070 7,080	4,772 4,781 4,791 4,800 4,810	5,749 5,758 5,768 5,777 5,787
84,951 85,051 85,151 85,251 85,351	85,150 85,250 85,350	5,848 5,857 5,867 5,876 5,886	3,678 3,686 3,694 3,703 3,711	4,555 4,565 4,574 4,584 4,593	91,451 91,551 91,651 91,751 91,851	91,550 91,650 91,750 91,850 91,950	6,468 6,478 6,488 6,497 6,507	4,214 4,222 4,231 4,239 4,247	5,176 5,185 5,195 5,204 5,214	97,951 98,051 98,151 98,251 98,351	98,050 98,150 98,250 98,350 98,450	7,089 7,099 7,108 7,118 7,127	4,819 4,829 4,839 4,848 4,858	5,797 5,806 5,816 5,825 5,835
85,451 85,551 85,651 85,751 85,851	85,650	5,895 5,905 5,915 5,924 5,934	3,719 3,727 3,736 3,744 3,752	4,603 4,612 4,622 4,631 4,641	91,951 92,051 92,151 92,251 92,351	92,050 92,150 92,250 92,350 92,450	6,516 6,526 6,535 6,545 6,554	4,255 4,264 4,272 4,280 4,288	5,224 5,233 5,243 5,252 5,262	98,451 98,551 98,651 98,751 98,851	98,550 98,650 98,750 98,850 98,950	7,137 7,147 7,156 7,166 7,175	4,867 4,877 4,886 4,896 4,905	5,844 5,854 5,863 5,873 5,883
85,951 86,051 86,151 86,251 86,351	86,250 86,350	5,943 5,953 5,962 5,972 5,981	3,760 3,769 3,777 3,785 3,793	4,651 4,660 4,670 4,679 4,689	92,451 92,551 92,651 92,751 92,851	92,550 92,650 92,750 92,850 92,950	6,564 6,574 6,583 6,593 6,602	4,297 4,305 4,313 4,323 4,332	5,271 5,281 5,290 5,300 5,310	98,951 99,051 99,151 99,251 99,351	99,050 99,150 99,250 99,350 99,450	7,185 7,194 7,204 7,213 7,223	4,915 4,924 4,934 4,944 4,953	5,892 5,902 5,911 5,921 5,930
86,451 86,551 86,651 86,751 86,851	86,650 86,750 86,850	5,991 6,001 6,010 6,020 6,029	3,802 3,810 3,818 3,826 3,835	4,698 4,708 4,717 4,727 4,737	92,951 93,051 93,151 93,251 93,351	93,050 93,150 93,250 93,350 93,450	6,612 6,621 6,631 6,640 6,650	4,342 4,351 4,361 4,371 4,380	5,319 5,329 5,338 5,348 5,357	99,451 99,551 99,651 99,751 99,851	99,550 99,650 99,750 99,850 99,950	7,232 7,242 7,252 7,261 7,271	4,963 4,972 4,982 4,991 5,001	5,940 5,949 5,959 5,968 5,978
86,951 87,051 87,151 87,251 87,351	87,150 87,250 87,350	6,039 6,048 6,058 6,067 6,077	3,843 3,851 3,859 3,868 3,876	4,746 4,756 4,765 4,775 4,784	93,451 93,551 93,651 93,751 93,851	93,550 93,650 93,750 93,850 93,950	6,659 6,669 6,679 6,688 6,698	4,390 4,399 4,409 4,418 4,428	5,367 5,376 5,386 5,395 5,405		100,000 6100,000 YO ING THE TA			
87,451 87,551 87,651 87,751 87,851	87,650 87,750 87,850	6,086 6,096 6,106 6,115 6,125	3,884 3,892 3,901 3,909 3,917	4,794 4,803 4,813 4,822 4,832	93,951 94,051 94,151 94,251 94,351	94,050 94,150 94,250 94,350 94,450	6,707 6,717 6,726 6,736 6,745	4,437 4,447 4,457 4,466 4,476	5,415 5,424 5,434 5,443 5,453					
87,951 88,051 88,151 88,251 88,351	88,150 88,250 88,350	6,134 6,144 6,153 6,163 6,172	3,925 3,934 3,942 3,950 3,958	4,842 4,851 4,861 4,870 4,880	94,451 94,551 94,651 94,751 94,851	94,550 94,650 94,750 94,850 94,950	6,755 6,765 6,774 6,784 6,793	4,485 4,495 4,504 4,514 4,523	5,462 5,472 5,481 5,491 5,501					
88,451 88,551 88,651 88,751 88,851	88,650 88,750 88,850	6,182 6,192 6,201 6,211 6,220	3,967 3,975 3,983 3,991 4,000	4,889 4,899 4,908 4,918 4,928	94,951 95,051 95,151 95,251 95,351	95,050 95,150 95,250 95,350 95,450	6,803 6,812 6,822 6,831 6,841	4,533 4,542 4,552 4,562 4,571	5,510 5,520 5,529 5,539 5,548					

2009 California Tax Rate Schedules



Go to **ftb.ca.gov** to e-file and eliminate the math. Or search our website for **tax calculator** to figure your tax online.

Use only if your taxable income on Form 540/540A, line 19 is more than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or less, use the Tax Table.

	If the amount on Form 540/540A, line 19 is over – But not over –	Enter on Form 540/540A, line 31	of the amount over –
Schedule X – Use if your filing status is Single or Married/RDP Filing Separately	\$ 0 \$ 7,060	\$ 0.00 + 1.25%	\$ 0.00
	7,060 16,739	88.25 + 2.25%	7,060
	16,739 26,419	306.03 + 4.25%	16,739
	26,419 36,675	717.43 + 6.25%	26,419
	36,675 46,349	1,358.43 + 8.25%	36,675
	46,349 AND OVER	2,156.54 + 9.55%	46,349
Schedule Y – Use if your filing status is Married/RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child	\$ 0 \$ 14,120	\$ 0.00 + 1.25%	\$ 0.00
	14,120 33,478	176.50 + 2.25%	14,120
	33,478 52,838	612.06 + 4.25%	33,478
	52,838 73,350	1,434.86 + 6.25%	52,838
	73,350 92,698	2,716.86 + 8.25%	73,350
	92,698 AND OVER	4,313.07 + 9.55%	92,698
Schedule Z – Use if your filing status is Head of Household	\$ 0 \$ 14,130	\$ 0.00 + 1.25%	\$ 0.00
	14,130 33,479	176.63 + 2.25%	14,130
	33,479 43,157	611.98 + 4.25%	33,479
	43,157 53,412	1,023.30 + 6.25%	43,157
	53,412 63,089	1,664.24 + 8.25%	53,412
	63,089 AND OVER	2,462.59 + 9.55%	63,089

How to Figure Tax Using the 2009 California Tax Rate Schedules

Example: Chris and Pat Smith are filing a joint return using Form 540. Their taxable income on Form 540, line 19 is \$125,000.

Step 1: Using Schedule Y, they find the taxable income range that includes their taxable income of \$125,000. See the boxed range in the sample below.

	If the amount on Form 540, line 19 is: over – But not over –	Enter on Form 540, line 31	of the amount over –
Schedule Y – Use if your filing status is Married/RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child	\$ 0 \$ 14,120	\$ 0.00 + 1.25%	\$ 0.00
	14,120 33,478	176.50 + 2.25%	14,120
	33,478 52,838	612.06 + 4.25%	33,478
	52,838 73,350	1,434.86 + 6.25%	52,838
	73,350 92,698	2,716.86 + 8.25%	73,350
	92,698 AND OVER	4,313.07 + 9.55%	92,698

		Example	Your Income
Step 2:	They subtract the amount at the beginning of their range from their taxable income.	\$125,000 - 92,698 \$ 32,302	\$ - \$
Step 3:	They multiply the result from Step 2 by the percentage for their range.	\$32,302 <u>x .0955</u> \$3,084.84	\$ x
Step 4:	They round the amount from Step 3 to two decimals (if necessary) and add it to the tax amount for their income range. After rounding the result, they will enter \$7,398 on Form 540, line 31. For information on rounding, see "Filling in Your Tax Return" on page 7.	\$4,313.07 + 3,084.84 \$7,397.91	\$ + \$



Automated Phone Service

Use our automated phone service to get recorded answers to many of your questions about California Taxes and to order current year Personal Income Tax Forms and Publications. You can also:

- · Get current year tax refund information.
- Get balance due and payment information.

Have paper and pencil ready to take notes.

Telephone: 800.338.0505 from within the United States 916.845.6500 from outside the United States

Answers To Tax Questions

Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter the 3-digit code.

Code Filing Assistance

- 100 Do I need to file a return?
- 111 Which form should I use?
- 112 How do I file electronically and get a fast refund?
- 201 How can I get an extension to file?
- 203 What is the nonrefundable renter's credit and how do I qualify?
- 204 I never received a Form W-2. What do I do?
- 205 I have no withholding taken out. What do I do?
- 206 Do I have to attach a copy of my federal return?
- 209 I lived in California for part of the year. Do I have to file a return?
- 210 I did not live in California. Do I have to file a return?
- 215 Who qualifies me to use the head of household filing status?
- 222 How much can I deduct for vehicle license fees?

Penalties

403 What is the estimate penalty rate?

Notices And Bills

- 503 How do I file a protest against a Notice of Proposed Assessment?
- 506 How can I get information about my Form 1099-G?

Tax For Children

601 Can my child take a personal exemption credit when I claim her or him as a dependent on my return?

Miscellaneous

- 611 What address do I send my payment to?
- 619 How do I report a change of address?

Order Forms and Publications

If your current address is on file, you can order California tax forms for the current and previous two years. Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax,"then "Forms and Publications," and enter the 3-digit code.

Code California Tax Forms and Publications

900 California Resident Income Tax Booklet: Form 540, Resident Income Tax Return Form 540A, Resident Income Tax Return

965 Form 540 2EZ Tax Booklet

- 903 Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments
 Residents, FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, and Schedule D, California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment
- 969 Large Print Resident Booklet
- 970 Resident Booklet on Audio CD
- 907 Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals
- 908 Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return
- 909 Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property
- 910 Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions
- 911 Schedule P (540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations Residents
- 913 Schedule S, Other State Tax Credit
- 914 California Nonresident Income Tax Booklet: Long and Short Form 540NR, Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return
- 917 Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
- 918 Schedule P (540NR), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
- 932 FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit
- 937 FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return
- 921 FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals
- 972 FTB 3520, Power of Attorney form and FTB Pub. 1144, Power of Attorney Frequently Asked Questions
- 922 FTB 3525, Substitute for W-2 Wage and Tax Statement
- 923 FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction
- 940 FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary
- 949 FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request
- 924 FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children with Investment Income
- 929 FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations
- 925 FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income
- 928 FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes from Qualified Retirement Plans
- 926 FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL)
 Individuals
- 927 FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries
- 919 FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
- 920 FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- 945 FTB Pub. 1006, California Tax Forms and Related Federal Forms
- 946 FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities
- 941 FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- 942 FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- 951 FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/ RDP Filing Separate Returns
- 934 FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status
- 943 FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights

(Keep This Booklet For Future Use)

Current Year Refund Information

If you file by mail, wait at least 8 weeks after you file your tax return before you call to find out about your refund. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

Balance Due and Payment Information

Wait at least 45 days from the date you mailed your payment before you call to verify receipt. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

General Phone Service

Telephone assistance is available year-round from 8 a.m. until 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, except holidays. Hours are subject to change.

Telephone: 800.852.5711 from within

the United States

916.845.6500 from outside the United States

800.829.1040 for federal tax questions, call the IRS

TTY/TDD: 800.822.6268 for persons with hearing or speech impairments

Large-print forms and instructions – The Resident Booklet is available in large print upon request and is also available on audio CD. See "Order Forms and Publications" on this page or "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23.

Asistencia bilingüe en español

Asistencia telefónica está disponible todo el año durante las 8 a.m. y las 5 p.m. lunes a viernes, excepto días festivos. Las horas están sujetas a cambios.

Telefono: 800.852.5711 dentro de los

Estados Unidos 916.845.6500 fuera de los Estados Unidos

800.829.1040 para preguntas sobre impuestos federales

Sitio web: ftb.ca.gov

TTY/TDD: 800.822.6268 personas con discapacidades auditivas y

del habla

ReadyReturn

If you are single and your income is only from wages, you may qualify for this free service. We provide you with a pre-filled 2009 tax return. To see if you qualify:

- Call 800.338.0505 or
- Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for readyreturn.



Marketing page