California 540

2013 Personal Income Tax Booklet

Members of the Franchise Tax Board

John Chiang, Chair Jerome E. Horton, Member Michael Cohen, Member

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Important Dates

When the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the deadline to file and pay without penalty is extended to the next business day.

April 15, 2014	Last day to file and pay the 2013 amount you owe to avoid penalties and interest.* See form FTB 3519 on page 47 for more information.
	*If you are living or traveling outside the United States on April 15, 2014, the dates for filing your tax return and paying your tax are different. See form FTB 3519 on page 47 for more information.
October 15, 2014	Last day to file or e-file your 2013 tax return to avoid a late filing penalty and interest computed from the original due date of April 15, 2014.
April 15, 2014 June 16, 2014 September 15, 2014 January 15, 2015	The dates for 2014 estimated tax payments. Generally, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if your California withholding in each payment period totals 90% of your required annual payment. Also, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you will pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under \$500 (\$250 if married/registered domestic partner (RDP) filing separately). However, if you do not pay enough tax either through withholding or by making estimated tax payments, you may have an underpayment penalty. See Form 540-ES instructions on page 51 for more information.

\$\$\$ for You

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) – EITC reduces your federal tax obligation, or allows a refund if no federal tax is due. You may qualify if:

- You earned less than \$46,227 (\$51,567 if married filing jointly) and have qualifying children.
- You have no qualifying children and you earned less than \$14,340 (\$19,680 if married filing jointly).

Call the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at 800.829.4477, when instructed enter topic **601**, see the federal income tax booklet, or go to the IRS website at **irs.gov** and search for **eitc assistant**. Currently, no comparable state credit exists.

Health Insurance Coverage – The Affordable Care Act (ACA), or health care law, includes new health insurance coverage and financial assistance options, including the federal premium tax credit, for individuals and families. Legal residents of California will be eligible to buy health insurance through Covered California. Covered California will provide access to health coverage that will start in January 2014. Go to the Covered California website at coveredca.com for more information on how to apply for health insurance, compare health plans, available federal financial assistance, and to enroll.

Refund of Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) – If you worked for at least two employers during 2013 who together paid you more than \$100,880 in wages, you may qualify for a refund of excess SDI. See the instructions on page 12.

Common Errors and How to Prevent Them

Help us process your tax return quickly and accurately. When we find an error, it requires us to stop to verify the information on the tax return, which slows processing. The most common errors consist of:

- Claiming the wrong amount of estimated tax payments.
- Claiming the wrong amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions.

- Making tax computation errors.
- Calculating the wrong amount of total credits.

To avoid errors and help process your tax return faster, use these helpful hints when preparing your tax return.

Claiming estimated tax payments:

- Verify the amount of estimated tax payments claimed on your tax return matches what you sent to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) for that year. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account to view your total estimated tax payments before you file your tax return.
- Verify the overpayment amount from your 2012 tax return you requested to be applied to your 2013 estimated tax.
- If the FTB records do not match the amount of estimated tax payments claimed, a "Return Information Notice" will be sent explaining the difference.

Claiming standard deduction or itemized deductions:

 See Form 540, line 18 instructions and worksheets for the amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions you can claim.

Computing your tax:

- Verify the total tax amount on Form 540, line 64 is calculated correctly.
- Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax calculator to compute your tax with the tax calculator or with the tax tables.
- Locate the correct tax amount from the tax table (page 59) and transfer it to your tax return correctly.
- Verify any affected schedule to ensure that the total tax amount is correctly transferred over.

Calculating total credits:

 Verify the total credits on Form 540, line 47 to ensure the amount is calculated correctly.

By using the helpful hints above, you assist in preventing delays in processing your tax return and unnecessary account adjustments.

Do I Have to File?

Steps to Determine Filing Requirement

Step 1: Is your gross income (all income received from all sources in the form of money, goods, property, and services that are not exempt from tax) more than the amount shown in the California Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 2.

Step 2: Is your adjusted gross income (federal adjusted gross income from all sources reduced or increased by all California income adjustments) more than the amount shown in the California Adjusted Gross Income chart below for your filing

status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 3.

Step 3: If your income is less than the amounts on the chart you may still have a filing requirement. See "Requirements for Children with Investment Income" and "Other Situations When You Must File" on this page. Do those instructions apply to you? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 4.

Step 4: Are you married/registered domestic partner (RDP) filing separately with separate property income? If no, you do not have a filing requirement. If yes, prepare a tax return. If you owe tax, you have a filing requirement.

On 12/31/13,	and on 12/31/13,	California Gross Income Dependents			California Adjusted Gross Income Dependents		
my filing status was:	my age was: (If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2014, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2013)						
		0	1	2 or more	0	1	2 or more
Single or Head of household	Under 65 65 or older	15,702 21,002	26,569 29,152	34,719 35,672	12,562 17,862	23,429 26,012	31,579 32,532
Married/RDP filing jointly Married/RDP filing separately (The income of both spouses/RDPs must be combined; both spouses/RDPs may be required to file a tax return even if only one spouse/RDP had income over the amounts listed.)	Under 65 (both spouses/RDPs) 65 or older (one spouse/RDP) 65 or older (both spouses/RDPs)	31,406 36,706 42,006	42,273 44,856 50,156	50,423 51,376 56,676	25,125 30,425 35,725	35,992 38,575 43,875	44,142 45,095 50,395
Qualifying widow(er)	Under 65 65 or older		26,569 29,152	34,719 35,672		23,429 26,012	31,579 32,532
Dependent of another person Any filing status	Any age	More than your standard deduction (Use the California Standard D Worksheet for Dependents on page 9 to figure your standard deduction					

Requirements for Children with Investment Income

California law conforms to federal law which allows parents' election to report a child's interest and dividend income from children under age 19 or a student under age 24 on the parent's tax return. For each child under age 19 or student under age 24 who received more than \$2,000 of investment income in 2013, complete Form 540 and form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Form 540 for your child.

If you qualify, you may elect to report your child's income of \$10,000 or less (but not less than \$1,000) on your tax return by completing form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. To make this election, your child's income must be only from interest and/or dividends. To get forms FTB 3800 or FTB 3803, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67 or go to ftb.ca.gov.

Other Situations When You Must File

If you have a tax liability for 2013 or owe any of the following taxes for 2013, you must file Form 540.

- Tax on a lump-sum distribution.
- Tax on a qualified retirement plan including an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA) or an Archer Medical Savings Account (MSA).
- Tax for children under age 19 or student under age 24 who have investment income greater than \$2,000 (see paragraph above).
- Alternative minimum tax.
- Recapture taxes.
- Deferred tax on certain installment obligations.
- Tax on an accumulation distribution from a trust.

Filing Status

Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal income tax return, unless you are a registered domestic partnership (RDP). If you are an RDP and file single for federal, you must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/ RDP filing separately for California. If you are an RDP and file head of household for federal purposes, you may file head of household for California purposes only if you meet the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a domestic partnership.

Exception: If you file a joint tax return for federal purposes, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2013.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2013.

Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state, community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception

If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California that you would have used to file a federal income tax return.

If you filed a joint tax return and either you or your spouse/RDP was a nonresident for 2013, file the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.

You are single if any of the following was true on December 31, 2013:

- You were not married or an RDP.
- You were divorced under a final decree of divorce, legally separated under a final decree of legal separation, or terminated your registered domestic partnership.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2013, and did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2013.

Married/RDP Filing Jointly

You may file married/RDP filing jointly if any of the following is true:

- You were married or an RDP as of December 31, 2013, even if you did not live with your spouse/RDP at the end of 2013.
- Your spouse/RDP died in 2013 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2013.
- Your spouse/RDP died in 2014 before you filed a 2013 tax return.

Married/RDP Filing Separately

- Community property rules apply to the division of income if you use the married/RDP filing separately status. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/RDP Filing Separate Returns, or FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. To get forms see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67 or go to ftb.ca.gov.
- You cannot claim a personal exemption credit for your spouse/RDP even if your spouse/RDP had no income, is not filing a tax return, and is not claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return.
- You may be able to file as head of household if your child lived with you and you lived apart from your spouse/RDP during the entire last six months of 2013.

Head of Household

For the specific requirements that must be met to qualify for head of household filing status, get FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status. In general, head of household filing status is for unmarried individuals and certain

married individuals or RDPs living apart who provide a home for a specified relative. You may be entitled to use head of household filing status if all of the following apply:

- You were unmarried and not in a registered domestic partnership, or you met the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a registered domestic partnership on December 31, 2013.
- You paid more than one-half the cost of keeping up your home for the year in 2013.
- For more than half the year, your home was the main home for you and one of the specified relatives who by law can qualify you for head of household filing
- You were not a nonresident alien at any time during the year.

For a child to qualify as your foster child for head of household purposes, the child must either be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by order of a court.

For more information, get FTB Pub. 1540 at ftb.ca.gov or see code 934 on page 67 to order FTB Pub.1540 by telephone.

Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child

Check the box on Form 540, line 5 and use the joint return tax rates for 2013 if all five of the following apply:

- Your spouse/RDP died in 2011 or 2012 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2013.
- You have a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child whom you claim as a dependent.
- This child lived in your home for all of 2013. Temporary absences, such as for vacation or school, count as time lived in the home.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for this child.
- You could have filed a joint tax return with your spouse/RDP the year he or she died, even if you actually did not do so.

What's New and Other Important Information for 2013

Differences between California and Federal Law

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010. California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001. Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Conformity - For updates regarding federal acts, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity.

2013 Tax Law Changes/What's New

Medical and Dental Expense Deduction – Federal has changed the allowable medical and dental expense deduction amount. For federal purposes, a deduction is allowed for unreimbursed allowable medical and dental expenses that exceeds 10% of federal adjusted gross income (AGI). California allows a deduction for medical and dental expenses that exceed 7.5% of federal AGI. For more information, get Schedule CA (540).

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Tax Rate Decrease – For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the rate of additional tax was reduced from 20% to 5% of any amount deferred under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that is includible in income.

Voluntary Contributions – You may contribute to the following new funds:

- Protect Our Coast and Oceans Fund
- Keep Arts in Schools Fund
- American Red Cross, California Chapters Fund

Minimum Wage - On and after July 1, 2014, the minimum wage for all industries shall not be less than nine dollars (\$9) per hour.

Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryback - NOLs incurred in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, shall be carried back to each of the preceding two taxable years.

The allowable NOL carryback percentage varies. For an NOL incurred in a taxable year beginning on or after:

- January 1, 2013, and before January 1, 2014, the carryback amount shall not exceed 50% of the NOL.
- January 1, 2014, and before January 1, 2015, the carryback amount shall not exceed 75% of the NOL.
- January 1, 2015, the carryback amount shall be 100% of the NOL.

Individuals, Estates, and Trusts compute the NOL carryback in Part IV of form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Individuals, Estates, and Trusts. For more information, get form FTB 3805V.

Election to Waive Carryback - Any taxpayer entitled to a carryback period pursuant to Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 172(b)(3) may elect to relinquish/waive the entire carryback period with respect to an NOL incurred in the 2013 taxable year. By making the election, the taxpayer is electing to carry an NOL forward instead of carrying it back in the previous two years.

To make the election, check the box in Part I under Section C - Election to Waive Carryback, of form FTB 3805V, and attach form FTB 3805V to the tax return. For more information, get form FTB 3805V.

Other Important Information

Mandatory Electronic Payments – You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original tax return with a total tax liability over \$80,000. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a 1% noncompliance penalty.

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your

Estimated Tax Payments - Taxpayers are required to pay 30% of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, 40% of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and 30% of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.

Taxpayers with a tax liability less than \$500 (\$250 for married/RDP filing separately) do not need to make estimated tax payments.

Mortgage Forgiveness Debt Relief - California law does not conform to federal law regarding the discharge of indebtedness from the disposition of your principal residence occurring on or after January 1, 2013. For more information, get Schedule CA (540).

Backup Withholding - With certain limited exceptions, payers that are required to withhold and remit backup withholding to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) are also required to withhold and remit to the FTB on income sourced to California. If the payee has backup withholding, the payee must contact the FTB to provide a valid taxpayer identification number, before filing the tax return. Failure to provide a valid taxpayer identification number may result in a denial of the backup withholding credit. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for backup withholding.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - Under California law, RDPs must file their California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California RDP, unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Direct Deposit Refund - You can request a direct deposit refund on your tax return whether you e-file or file a paper tax return. Be sure to fill in the routing and account numbers carefully and double-check the numbers for accuracy to avoid it being rejected by your bank.

ReadyReturn - If your filing status is single or head of household and your income is only from wages, you may qualify for ReadyReturn. It simplifies the filing process by pre-filling a tax return with information the state already has. For more information and to see if you qualify, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for readyreturn or call 800.338.0505.

Tax Shelter - If the individual was involved in a reportable transaction, including a listed transaction, the individual may have a disclosure requirement. Attach federal Form 8886, Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement, to the back of the California tax return along with any other supporting schedules. If this is the first time the reportable transaction is disclosed on the tax return, send a duplicate copy of the federal Form 8886 to the address below. The FTB may impose penalties if the individual fails to file federal Form 8886, or fails to provide any other required information. A material advisor is required to provide a reportable transaction number to all taxpayers and material advisors for whom the material advisor acts as a material advisor.

TAX SHELTER FILING ATSU 398 MS F385 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1673 **SACRAMENTO CA 95812-9900**

For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax shelters.

Which Form Should I Use?



e-file and you won't have to decide which form to use! The software will select the correct form for you.

Were you and your spouse/RDP residents during the entire year 2013?

Yes. Check the chart below to see which form to use.

No. Use the Long or Short Form 540NR. To download or order the California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Booklet, go to ftb.ca.gov or see page 66, "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

	Form 540 2EZ Form not included in this booklet. If you qualify to use Form 540 2EZ, see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66 to download or order this form.	Form 540A	Form 540
Filing Status	Single, married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, qualifying widow(er)	Form 540A has been eliminated, use Form 540 2EZ or Form 540.	Any filing status
Dependents	0-3 allowed		All dependents you are entitled to claim
Amount of Income	Total income of: • \$100,000 or less if single or head of household • \$200,000 or less if married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) You cannot use Form 540 2EZ if you (or your spouse/RDP) can be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer, and your TOTAL income is less than or equal to \$13,056 if single; \$26,062 if married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or \$18,462 if head of household.		Any amount of income
Sources of Income	Only income from: Wages, salaries, and tips Taxable interest, dividends, and pensions Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants (only if reported on Form(s) W-2) Capital gains from mutual funds (reported on Form 1099-DIV, box 2a only) Unemployment compensation reported on Form 1099-G Paid Family Leave Insurance U.S. social security benefits Tier 1 and tier 2 railroad retirement payments		All sources of income
Adjustments to Income	No adjustments to income		All adjustments to income
Standard Deduction	Allowed		Allowed
Itemized Deductions	No itemized deductions		All itemized deductions
Payments	Only withholding shown on Form(s) W-2 and 1099-R		Withholding from all sources Estimated tax payments Payments made with extension Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI)
Tax Credits	Personal exemption credit Senior exemption credit Up to three dependent exemption credits Nonrefundable renter's credit		All tax credits
Other Taxes	Only tax computed using the 540 2EZ Table		All taxes



Visit ftb.ca.gov and search for calfile. It's fast, easy, and free.

If you don't qualify for CalFile, you qualify for e-file. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile options.

Instructions for Form 540 — California Resident Income Tax Return

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC)

Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040EZ) before you begin your California Form 540. Use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Form 540. Complete and mail Form 540 by April 15, 2014. If unable to mail your tax return by the due date, see page 2.



You may qualify for the federal earned income credit. See page 2 for more information. No comparable state credit exists

Note: The lines on Form 540 are numbered with gaps in the line number sequence. For example, lines 20 through 30 do not appear on Form 540, so the line number that follows line 19 on Form 540 is line 31.

Caution: Form 540 has five sides. When filing Form 540, you must send all five sides to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).

Filling in Your Tax Return

- Use black or blue ink on the tax return you send to the FTB. Enter your social security number(s) (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number(s) (ITIN) at the top of Form 540, Side 1.
- Print numbers and CAPITAL LETTERS between the combed lines. Be sure to line up dollar amounts.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank unless the instructions for a line specifically tell you to enter -0-. Do not enter a dash, or the word "NONE."

Name(s) and Address

Print your first name, middle initial, last name, and street address in the spaces provided at the top of the form.

Additional Information

Use the Additional Information field for "In-Care-Of" name and other supplemental address information only.

Foreign Address

If you have a foreign address enter the city, foreign country name, foreign province/state/county name, and foreign postal code in the appropriate boxes. Do not abbreviate the foreign country name. Follow the country's practice for entering the province/state/county name and foreign postal code.

Principal Business Activity (PBA) Code

For federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business (Sole Proprietorship) business filers, enter the numeric PBA code from federal Schedule C (Form 1040), line B.

Date of Birth (DOB)

Enter your DOBs (mm/dd/yyyy) in the spaces provided. If your filing status is married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately, enter the DOBs in the same order as the names.

If you or your spouse/RDP filed your 2012 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2012 tax return.

Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSN in the spaces provided. If filing a joint tax return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

If you do not have an SSN because you are a nonresident or resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space for the SSN. An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for an SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9.

Filing Status

Line 1 through Line 5 – Filing Status

Check only one box for line 1 through line 5. Enter the required additional information if you checked the box on line 3 or line 5. For filing status requirements, see page 3.

Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal income tax return.

Exception: If you file a joint tax return for federal, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2013.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2013.

Caution – Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state, community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception.

If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California you would have used to file a federal income tax return.

Registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file single for federal must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately for California. If you are an RDP and file head of household for federal purposes, you may file head of household for California purposes only if you meet the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a domestic

If you filed a joint tax return and either you or your spouse/RDP was a nonresident for 2013, you **must file** the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.

Exemptions

Line 6 – Can be Claimed as Dependent



Check the box on line 6 if someone else can claim you or your spouse/RDP as a dependent on their tax return, even if they chose not to.

Line 7 – Personal Exemptions

Did you check the box on line 6?

No Follow the instructions on line 7.

Yes Ignore the instructions on line 7. Instead, enter in the box on line 7 the amount shown below for your filing status:

- Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter -0-.
- Head of household, enter -0-
- Married/RDP filing jointly and both you and your spouse/RDP can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-.
- Married/RDP filing jointly and only one spouse/RDP can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 8 – Blind Exemptions

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor's statement to the back of Form 540 indicating you or your spouse/RDP are visually impaired. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 9 – Senior Exemptions

If you were 65 years of age or older by December 31, 2013,* you should claim an additional exemption credit on line 9. If you are married or an RDP, each spouse/RDP 65 years of age or older should claim an additional credit. You may contribute all or part of this credit to the California Seniors Special Fund. See page 23 for information about this fund.

*If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2014, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2013.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Instructions: Form 540 e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Line 10 – Dependent Exemptions

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, write each dependent's first and last name and relationship to you in the space provided. If you are claiming more than four dependents, attach a statement with the required dependent information to your tax return. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

Line 11 – Exemption Amount

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total dollar amount of all exemptions for personal, blind, senior, and dependent.

Taxable Income

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section.

Line 12 – State Wages



Enter the total amount of your state wages from all states from each of your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. This amount appears on Form W-2, box 16.

If you received wages and do not have a Form W-2, see "Attachments to your tax return" on page 16.

Line 13 – Federal Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) from Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; or 1040EZ, line 4

RDPs who file a California tax return as married/RDP filing jointly and have no RDP adjustments between federal and California, combine their individual AGIs from their federal tax returns filed with the IRS. Enter the combined AGI on line 13.

RDP adjustments include but are not limited to the following:

- Transfer of property between spouses/RDPs
- Capital loss
- Transactions between spouses/RDPs
- Sale of residence
- Dependent care assistance
- Investment interest
- Qualified residence interest acquisition loan & equity loan
- Expense depreciation property limits
- Individual Retirement Account
- Interest education loan
- Rental real estate passive loss
- Rollover of publicly traded securities gain into specialized small business investment companies

RDPs filing as married/RDP filing separately, former RDPs filing separately, and RDPs with RDP adjustments will use the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet in FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Form 540, line 13.

Line 14 – California Adjustments – Subtractions [from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B]

If there are no differences between your federal and California income or deductions, do not file a Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments — Residents.

If there are differences between your federal and California income or deductions, complete Schedule CA (540). Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540) beginning on page 33. Enter on line 14 the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B. If a negative amount, see Schedule CA (540), line 37 instructions, page 37.

Line 15 – Subtotal

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. Enter the result on line 15. If the amount on line 13 is less than zero, combine the amounts on line 13 and line 14 and enter the result in parentheses. For example: "(12,325)."

Line 16 – California Adjustments – Additions [from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C]

If there are differences between your federal and California income or deductions, complete Schedule CA (540). Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540) beginning on page 33. Enter on line 16 the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C. If a negative amount, see Schedule CA (540), line 37 instructions, page 37.

Line 18 – California Itemized Deductions or California Standard Deduction

Decide whether to itemize your charitable contributions, medical expenses, mortgage interest paid, taxes, etc., or take the standard deduction. Your California income tax will be less if you take the larger of:

- Your California itemized deductions.
- Your California standard deduction.

California itemized deductions may be limited based on federal AGI. To compute limitations, use Schedule CA (540). RDPs use your recalculated federal AGI to figure your itemized deductions.

On federal tax returns, individual taxpayers who claim the standard deduction are allowed an additional deduction for net disaster losses. For California, deductions for disaster losses are only allowed for those individual taxpayers who itemized their deductions.

If married or an RDP and filing separate tax returns, you and your spouse/ RDP must either both itemize your deductions (even if the itemized deductions of one spouse/RDP are less than the standard deduction) or both take the standard deduction.

If someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, use the Form 540 – California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 9.

Itemized deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44. Enter the result on Form 540, line 18.

If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Form 540, first complete federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44. Attach both the federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and California Schedule CA (540) to the back of your tax return.

Standard deduction. Find your standard deduction on the California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People on this page. If you checked the box on Form 540, line 6, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 9.

California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People

Do not use this chart if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on their tax return.

Your Filing Status	Enter On Line 18
1 – Single	\$3,906
2 - Married/RDP filing jointly	
3 – Married/RDP filing separately	\$3,906
4 – Head of household	\$7,812
5 – Qualifying widow(er)	\$7,812
The California standard deduction amounts are less the standard deduction amounts.	nan the federal

California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents Use this worksheet only if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on their return. **Use whole dollars only.** 1. Enter your earned income from: line 1 of the "Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" in the instructions for federal Form 1040; Form 1040A; or from line A of the worksheet \$1,000.00 3. Enter the **larger** of line 1 or line 2 here 4. Enter the amount shown for your filing status Single or married/RDP filing separately, Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er), enter \$7,812 5. Standard deduction. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4 here and on Form 540, line 18......

Line 19 – Taxable Income

Capital Construction Fund (CCF). If you claim a deduction on your federal Form 1040, line 43 for the contribution made to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on line 19 by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 19, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see federal Publication 595, Capital Construction Fund for Commercial Fishermen.

When figuring your tax, use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

Line 31 – Tax

To figure your tax, use one of the following methods and check the matching box on line 31:

- Tax Table. If your taxable income on line 19 is \$100,000 or less, use the tax table beginning on page 59. Use the correct filing status column in the tax table.
- **Tax Rate Schedules.** If your taxable income on line 19 is over \$100,000, use the tax rate schedule for your filing status on page 64.
- FTB 3800. Generally, use form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Form 540 for your child who was 18 and under or a student under age 24 on January 1, 2014, and who had more than \$2,000 of investment income. Attach form FTB 3800 to the child's Form 540.
- FTB 3803. If, as a parent, you elect to report your child's interest and dividend income of \$10,000 or less (but not less than \$1,000) on your tax return, complete form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. File a separate form FTB 3803 for each child whose income you elect to include on your Form 540. Add the amount of tax, if any, from each form FTB 3803, line 9, to the amount of your tax from the tax table or tax rate schedules and enter the result on Form 540, line 31. Attach form(s) FTB 3803 to your tax return.

To prevent possible delays in processing your tax return or refund, enter the correct tax amount on this line. To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax calculator.



CalFile or e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile.

Line 32 – Exemption Credits

Exemption credits reduce your tax. If your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) on line 13 is more than the amount shown below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

For purposes of computing limitations based upon AGI, RDPs, recalculate their AGI using a federal pro forma or California RDP Adjustments Worksheet (located in FTB Pub. 737). If your recalculated federal AGI is more than the amount shown below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

If your fi	ling status is:	Is line 13 r	more than:
Single o	r married/RDP filing separately		\$172,615
Married/	RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)		\$345,235
Head of	household		\$258,927
Yes	Complete the AGI Limitation Worksheet below	<i>I</i> .	
	Follow the instructions on Form 540, line 32.		

Instructions: Form 540

	AGI Limitation Worksheet Use whole dollars only.
a	Enter the amount from line 13
b	 Enter the amount for your filing status on line b: Single or married/RDP filing separately \$172,615
	Married/RDP filing jointly or
	qualifying widow(er)
C	Subtract line b from line a
d	Divide line c by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if married/RDP filing
	separately). If the result is not a whole number, round it to the next higher whole number
е	Multiply line d by \$6
f	Add the numbers from the boxes on lines 7, 8, and 9 (not the dollar amounts)
g	Multiply line e by line f
h	Add the total dollar amount from lines 7, 8, and 9 h
ľ	Subtract line g from line h. If zero or less, enter -0 i Enter the number from the box on
	line 10 (not the dollar amount)
k	Multiply line e by line j
m	Subtract line k from line I. If zero or less, enter -0 m
n	Add line i and line m. Enter the result here and on line 32 n

Line 34 – Tax from Schedule G-1 and Form FTB 5870A

If you received a qualified lump-sum distribution in 2013 and you were born before January 2, 1936, get Schedule G-1, to figure your tax by special methods that may result in less tax.

If you received accumulation distributions from foreign trusts or from certain domestic trusts, get form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, to figure the additional tax.

To get these forms, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

Special Credits and Nonrefundable Credits

A variety of California tax credits are available to reduce your tax if you qualify. To figure and claim most special credits, you must complete a separate form or schedule and attach it to your Form 540. The Credit Chart on page 22 describes the credits and provides the name, credit code, and number of the required form or schedule. Many credits are limited to a certain percentage or a certain dollar amount. In addition, the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by tentative minimum tax (TMT); go to Box A to see if your credits are limited.

If you are not claiming any special credits go to line 40 and line 46 to see if you qualify for the nonrefundable child and dependent care expenses credit or the nonrefundable renter's credit.

Instructions: Form 540 e-file at ftb.ca.gov

- Box A Did you complete federal Schedule C, D, E, or F and claim or receive any of the following (Note: If your business gross receipts are less than \$1,000,000 from all trades or businesses, you do not have to report alternative minimum tax (AMT). For more information, see line 61 instructions, on page 11.):
 - Accelerated depreciation in excess of straight-line
 - Intangible drilling costs
 - Depletion
 - Circulation expenditures
 - Research and experimental expenditures
 - Mining exploration/development costs
 - Amortization of pollution control facilities
 - Income/loss from tax shelter farm activities
 - Income/loss from passive activities
 - Income from long-term contracts using the percentage of completion method
 - Pass-through AMT adjustment from an estate or trust reported on Schedule K-1 (541)

Complete Schedule P (540). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

Go to Box B.

Box B – Did you claim or receive any of the following:

- Investment interest expense 226
- Income from incentive stock options in excess of the amount reported on your tax return 225
- Income from installment sales of certain property

Complete Schedule P (540), See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

Go to Box C.

Box C -	If your filing status is:	Is Form 540, line 17 more than:
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifyi		
Yes Complete Schedule P (540) Publications" on page 67.)). See "Order Forms and
No	Your credits are not limited	d. Go to the instructions for

Line 40 – Nonrefundable Child and Dependent Care **Expenses Credit**

Claim this credit if you paid someone to care for your qualifying child under the age of 13, other dependent who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself, or spouse/RDP if physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. The care must be provided in California. To claim this credit, your federal AGI must be \$100,000 or less and you must complete and attach form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, included in this booklet.

Line 41 and Line 42 – New Jobs Credit

Qualified employers who had a net increase of qualified employees during the current taxable year or qualified employers who first commenced business in California during the current taxable year may be eligible to claim this credit. Use form FTB 3527, New Jobs Credit, to determine the amount of the credit available. Enter on line 41 the amount of the credit generated from form FTB 3527, line 18.

Answer the following question to determine the amount of the credit you can claim. Are you required to complete Schedule P (540)?

Yes Enter on line 42 the amount of the New Jobs credit claimed from Schedule P (540), Part III.

Use this worksheet to figure the credit.

- 2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3527, line 21.....2____ 3. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on
- Form 540, line 42* and form FTB 3527, line 22a 3_ If you have other credits with limited carryovers, you may want to apply those credits first on line 43 through line 45 before claiming the New Jobs

credit on line 42. Important: Attach form FTB 3527 and Schedule P (540) to your Form 540. Line 43 through Line 45 – Additional Special Credits

A code identifies each credit. To claim only one or two credits, enter the credit name, code, and amount of the credit on line 43 and line 44.

To claim more than two credits, use Schedule P (540), Part III. See Schedule P (540) instructions, "How to Claim Your Credits." **Do not** claim the New Jobs credit on line 43, line 44, or line 45. Only use

line 42 to claim the New Jobs credit.

Important: Attach Schedule P (540) and any supporting schedules or statements to your Form 540.

Carryovers: If you claim a credit with carryover provisions and the amount of the credit available this year exceeds your tax, carry over any excess credit to future years until the credit is used (unless the carryover period is a fixed number of years). If you claim a credit carryover for an expired credit, use form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover and Recapture Summary, to figure the amount of the credit. Otherwise, enter the amount of the credit on Schedule P (540), Part III, and do not attach form FTB 3540.

Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household — Code 170 You may **not** claim this credit if you used the married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) filing status.

Claim the credit if unmarried and not an RDP at the end of 2013 (or if married/or an RDP, you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for all of 2013 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status); and if you furnished more than one-half the household expenses for your home that also served as the main home of your child, step-child, or grandchild for at least 146 days but not more than 219 days of the taxable year. If the child is married or an RDP, you must be entitled to claim a dependent exemption credit for the child.

Also, the custody arrangement for the child must be part of a decree of dissolution or legal separation or part of a written agreement between the parents where the proceedings have been initiated, but a decree of dissolution or legal separation has not yet been issued.

Use the worksheet below to figure the Joint Custody Head of Household credit using whole dollars only.

Credit percentage — 30%.....2 Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2. .30 Enter the result or \$416, whichever is less 3

If you qualify for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, claim only one credit. Select the credit that allows the maximum benefit.

Credit for Dependent Parent — Code 173

You may not claim the Credit for Dependent Parent if you used the single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married/RDP filing jointly filing

Claim this credit only if all of the following apply:

- You were married/or an RDP at the end of 2013 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status.
 Your spouse/RDP was not a member of your household during the last
- six months of the year.
- You furnished over one-half the household expenses for your dependent mother's or father's home, whether or not she or he lived in your home.

To figure the amount of this credit, use the worksheet above for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household. If you qualify for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, claim only one. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit.

Credit for Senior Head of Household — Code 163 You may claim this credit if you:

- Were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2013.*
- Qualified as a head of household in 2011 or 2012 by providing a household for a qualifying individual who died during 2011 or 2012.
- Did not have AGI over \$67,520 for 2013.
- * If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2014, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2013.

If you meet all the conditions listed above, you do not need to qualify to use the head of household filing status for 2013 in order to claim this credit.

Use this worksheet to figure this credit using whole dollars only.

1.	Enter the amount from line 19		
2.	Credit percentage — 2%	Χ	.02
3.	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.		
	Enter the result or \$1,272, whichever is less 3		

Credit for Child Adoption Costs — Code 197

For the year in which an adoption decree or an order of adoption is entered (e.g., adoption is final), claim a credit for 50% of the cost of adopting a child who was both:

- A citizen or legal resident of the United States.
- In the **custody** of a California public agency or a California political

Treat a prior unsuccessful attempt to adopt a child (even when the costs were incurred in a prior year) and a later successful adoption of a different child as one effort when computing the cost of adopting the child. Include the following costs if directly related to the adoption process:

- Fees for Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency.
- Medical expenses not reimbursed by insurance.
- Travel expenses for the adoptive family.

Note:

- This credit does not apply when a child is adopted from another country or another state, or was not in the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
- Any deduction for the expenses used to claim this credit must be reduced by the amount of the child adoption costs credit claimed.

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only. If more than one adoption qualifies for this credit, complete a separate worksheet for each adoption. The maximum credit is limited to \$2,500 per minor child.

1.	Enter qualifying costs for the child		
2.	Credit percentage — 50%2	Х	.50
3.	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.		
	Do not enter more than \$2,500		

Your allowable credit is limited to \$2,500 for 2013. Carry over the excess credit to future years until the credit is used.

Line 46 – Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

If you paid rent for at least six months in 2013 on your principal residence located in California you may qualify to claim the nonrefundable renter's credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 19.

Line 48

Subtract the amount on line 47 from the amount on line 35. Enter the result on line 48. If the amount on line 47 is more than the amount on line 35, enter -0-. If you owe interest on deferred tax from installment obligations, include the additional tax, if any, in the amount you enter on line 48. Write "IRC Section 453 interest" or "IRC Section 453A interest" and the amount on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 48.

Other Taxes

Attach the specific form or statement required for each item below.

Line 61 – Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)

If you claim certain types of deductions, exclusions, and credits, you may owe AMT if your total income is more than:

- \$84.640 married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)
- \$63,481 single or head of household
- \$42,319 married/RDP filing separately

A child under age 19 or a student under age 24 may owe AMT if the sum of the amount on line 19 (taxable income) and any preference items listed on Schedule P (540) and included on the return is more than the sum of \$7,150 and the child's earned income.

AMT income does not include income, adjustments, and items of tax preference related to any trade or business of a qualified taxpayer who has gross receipts, less returns and allowances, during the taxable year of less than \$1,000,000 from all trades or businesses.

Get Schedule P (540) for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

Line 62 – Mental Health Services Tax

If your taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, compute the Mental Health Services Tax using whole dollars only:

Instructions: Form 540

1. Taxable income from line 19		
2. Less 2_	\$(1,000	0,000)
3. Subtotal		
4. Tax rate – 1% 4	Х	.01
5. Mental Health Services Tax – Multiply line 3 by		
line 4. Enter this amount here and on line 62 5_		

Line 63 – Other Taxes and Credit Recapture

If you received an early distribution of a qualified retirement plan and were required to report additional tax on your federal tax return, you may also be required to report additional tax on your California tax return. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. If required to report additional tax, report it on line 63 and write "FTB 3805P" to the left of the amount.

California conforms to federal law for income received under IRC Section 409A on a nonqualified deferred compensation (NQDC) plan and discounted stock options and stock appreciation rights. Income received under IRC Section 409A is subject to an additional 5% tax of the amount required to be included in income plus interest. Include the additional tax, if any, on line 63. Write "NQDC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount.

- FTB 3540, Credit Carryover and Recapture Summary
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Credit Summary
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

Include the additional tax for credit recapture, if any, on line 63. Write the form number on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 63.

If you are required to recapture any prior year New Home Credit, include the additional tax on line 63. Write "FTB 3549-A" on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 63. Get FTB Pub. 3549, New Home/First-Time Buyer Credit, for more information.

Payments

If you used form(s)

To avoid a delay in the processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 71 through line 74.

Line 71 – California Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total California income tax withheld from your:

- Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, box 17
- Form(s) W-2G, Certain Gambling Winnings, box 15
- Form(s) 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions, box 14
- Form(s) 1099-INT, Interest Income, box 13
- Form(s) 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, box 16
- Form(s) 1099-OID, Original Issue Discount, box 10
- Form(s) 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement, or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc., box 12

Do not include city, local, or county tax withheld, tax withheld by other states, or nonconsenting nonresident (NCNR) member's tax from Schedule K-1 (568), line 15e. Do not include withholding from Forms 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, or Form 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, on this line. For more details, see instructions for line 73 on page 12.

Generally, tax should not be withheld on federal Form 1099-MISC. If you want to pre-pay tax on income reported on federal Form 1099-MISC, use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Line 72 – 2013 CA Estimated Tax and Other Payments

Enter the total of any:

- California estimated tax payments you made using 2013 Form 540-ES, electronic funds withdrawal, Web Pay, or credit card.
- Overpayment from your 2012 California income tax return that you applied to your 2013 estimated tax.
- Payment you sent with form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals.
- California estimated tax payments made on your behalf by an estate, trust, or S corporation on Schedule K-1 (541) or Schedule K-1 (100S).

Instructions: Form 540 e-file at ftb.ca.gov



To view payments made or get your current account balance, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **myftb account**.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated taxes but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim the entire amount paid, or each may claim part of the joint estimated tax payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the tax returns so the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court-ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers.

Send statements to:

JOINT ESTIMATED CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225 TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO, CA 94240-0040

If you or your spouse/RDP made separate estimated tax payments, but are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Attach a statement to the front of Form 540 explaining that payments were made under both SSNs.

You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2014 and did not have a California tax liability in 2013.

Line 73 – Real Estate and Other Withholding

Enter the total of California withholding from Form 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, and Form 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement. Attach a copy of Form(s) 593 and 592-B to the lower front of Form 540, Side 1.

Caution: Do not include withholding from federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, or 1099, or NCNR member's tax from Schedule K-1 (568), line 15e on this line.

Line 74 - Excess California SDI (or VPDI) Withheld

You may claim a credit for excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) if you meet **all** of the following conditions:

- You had two or more California employers during 2013.
- You received more than \$100,880 in wages.
- The amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld appear on your Form(s) W-2. Be sure to attach your Form(s) W-2 to the lower front of your Form 540.

If SDI (or VPDI) was withheld from your wages by a single employer, at more than 1.0% of your gross wages, you may not claim excess SDI (or VPDI) on your Form 540. Contact the employer for a refund.

To determine the amount to enter on line 74, complete the Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet below. If married/RDP filing jointly, figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet Use whole dollars only.

Follow the instructions below to figure the amount of income tax to enter on Form 540, line 74. If you are married/RDP and file a joint return, you must figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

1.	Add amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld	You	Your Spouse/RDP
	shown on your Forms W-2. Enter the total here		
2.	2013 SDI (or VPDI) limit2	\$1,008.80	\$1,008.80
3.	Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the results here. Combine the amounts on line 3 and enter the total, in whole dollars only on line 74 3		
	If zero or less, enter -0- on line 74.		

Line 75

For the Claim of Right credit, follow the reporting instructions in Schedule CA (540), line 41 under the Claim of Right.

Claim of Right: If you are claiming the tax credit on your California tax return, include the amount of the credit in the total for this line. Write in "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit to the left of the amount column.

To determine if you are entitled to this credit, refer to your prior year California Form 540, Form 540NR (Long or Short), or Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) to verify the amount was included in your CA taxable income. If the amount repaid under a "Claim of Right" was not originally taxed by California, you are not entitled to claim the credit.

Overpaid Tax or Tax Due

To avoid delay in processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 91 through line 94.

Line 91 – Overpaid Tax

If the amount on line 75 is more than the amount on line 64, your payments and credits are more than your tax. Subtract the amount on line 64 from the amount on line 75. Enter the result on line 91.



Choose e-file and Direct Deposit and get your refund faster.

Line 92 – Amount You Want Applied to Your 2014 Estimated Tax

Apply all or part of the amount on line 91 to your estimated tax for 2014. Enter on line 92 the amount of line 91 that you want applied to your 2014 estimated tax

An election to apply an overpayment to estimated tax is binding. Once the election is made, the overpayment cannot be applied to a deficiency after the due date of the tax return.

Line 93 – Overpaid Tax Available This Year

If you entered an amount on line 92, subtract it from the amount on line 91. Enter the result on line 93. Choose to have this entire amount refunded to you, make contributions to the California Seniors Special Fund (see page 23), or make other voluntary contributions from this amount.

Line 94 – Tax Due

If the amount on line 75 is less than the amount on line 64, subtract the amount on line 75 from the amount on line 64. Enter the result on line 94. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.

There is a penalty for not paying enough tax during the year. You may have to pay a penalty if:

- The tax due on line 94 is \$500 or more (\$250 or more if married/RDP filing separately).
- The amount of state income tax withheld on line 71 is less than 90% of the amount of your total tax on line 64.

If this applies to you, see instructions on line 113.

Increasing your withholding could eliminate the need to make a large payment with your tax return. To increase your withholding, complete EDD Form DE 4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer's appropriate payroll staff. Get this form from your employer or by calling EDD at 888.745.3886. Download the DE 4 at edd.ca.gov or to use the online calculator, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for de 4.

Form DE 4 specifically adjusts your California state withholding and is not the same as the federal Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.

Use Tax

Line 95 – Use Tax. This is not a total line.

You may owe use tax if you make purchases from out of state retailers (for example, purchases made by telephone, over the Internet, by mail, or in person) where sales or use tax was not paid and you use those items in California. If you have questions about whether a purchase is taxable, go to the State Board of Equalization's website at **boe.ca.gov**, or call their Customer Service Center at 800.400.7115 or California Relay Service (CRS) 711 (for hearing and speech disabilities.)

Some taxpayers are required to report business purchases subject to use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization. However, they may report certain personal purchases subject to use tax on the FTB income tax return.

You may not report use tax for business purposes on your income tax return if you:

- Have a California seller's permit.
- Are not required to hold a California seller's permit, but receive at least \$100,000 in gross receipts.
- Are otherwise required to be registered with the State Board of Equalization for sales or use tax purposes.

The Use Tax Worksheet and Use Tax Lookup Table will help you determine how much use tax to report. If you owe use tax but you do not report it on your income tax return, you must report and pay the tax to the State Board of Equalization. For information on how to report use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization, go to their website at boe.ca.gov and type "use tax" into the search box.

Failure to report and pay timely may result in the assessment of interest, penalties and fees.

See page 20 for a general explanation of California use tax.

Use Tax Worksheet

You must use the Use Tax Worksheet to calculate your use tax liability, if any of the following apply:

- You prefer to calculate the amount of use tax due based upon your actual purchases subject to use tax, rather than based on an estimate.
- You owe use tax on any item purchased for use in a trade or business not registered with the State Board of Equalization.
- You owe use tax on purchases of individual items with a purchase price of \$1,000 or more.

Example 1: You purchased a television for \$2,000 from an out-of state retailer that did not collect use tax. You must use the Use Tax Worksheet to calculate the use tax due on the price of the television, since the price of the television is \$1,000 or more.

Example 2: You purchased a computer monitor for \$300, a rare coin for \$500, and designer clothing for \$250 from an out-of-state retailer that did not collect use tax. Although the total price of all the items is \$1,050, the price of each item is less than \$1,000. Since none of these individual items are \$1,000 or more, you are not required to use the Use Tax Worksheet and may choose to use the Estimated Use Tax Lookup Table.

If you have a combination of individual items purchased for \$1,000 or more, and/or items purchased for use in a trade or business not registered with the State Board of Equalization, and individual, non-business items purchased for less than \$1,000, you may either:

- Use the Use Tax Worksheet to compute use tax due on all purchases, or
- Use the Use Tax Worksheet to compute use tax due on all individual items purchased for \$1,000 or more plus items purchased for use in a trade or business, use the Estimated Use Tax Lookup Table to estimate the use tax due on individual, non-business items purchased for less than \$1,000, then add the amounts and report the total use tax on line 95.

Example 3: The total price of the items you purchased from out-of-state retailers that did not collect use tax is \$2,300, which includes a \$1,000 television, a \$900 painting, and a \$400 table for your living room.

- You may choose to calculate the use tax due on the total price of \$2,300 using the Use Tax Worksheet, or
- You may choose to calculate the use tax due on the \$1,000 price of the television using the Use Tax Worksheet and estimate your use tax liability for the painting and table by using the Estimated Use Tax Lookup Table.

Use Tax Worksheet (See Instructions Below) Use whole dollars only.

Instructions: Form 540

.00

.00

1.	Enter purchases from out-of-state sellers made without payment of California sales/use tax. If you choose to estimate the use tax due on individual, non-business items purchased for less than \$1,000 each, only enter purchases of items with a purchase price of \$1,000 or more plus items purchased for use in a trade or business not registered with the State Board of Equalization\$00
2.	Enter the applicable sales and use tax rate
3.	Multiply line 1 by the tax rate on line 2. Enter result here
4.	If you choose to estimate the use tax due on individual, non-business items purchased for less than \$1,000 each, enter the use tax amount due from the Use Tax Lookup Table. If all of your purchases are included in line 1, enter -0
5.	Add lines 3 and 4. This is your total use tax \$00
6.	Enter any sales or use tax you paid to another state for purchases included on line 1.

Worksheet, Line 1, Purchases Subject to Use Tax

Report purchases of items that would have been taxable if purchased from a California retailer unless your receipt shows that California tax was paid directly to the retailer. For example, generally, you would include purchases of clothing, but not purchases of food products or prescription medicine. For more information on nontaxable and exempt purchases, you may visit the State Board of Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov.

. See worksheet instructions below......\$_

than zero, enter -0-.....\$

Subtract line 6 from line 5. This is the total use tax due.

Enter the amount due on line 95. If the amount is less

- Include handling charges.
- Do not include any other state's sales or use tax paid on the purchases.
- Enter only purchases made during the year that corresponds with the tax return you are filing.
- If you traveled to a foreign country and carried items back to California. generally use tax is due on the purchase price of the goods you listed on your U.S. Customs Declaration less the \$800 per-person exemption. For the hand carried items, you should report the amount of purchases in excess of the \$800 per person exemption. This \$800 exemption does not apply to goods sent or shipped to California by mail or other common carrier. For goods sent or shipped, you should report the entire amount of the purchases.
- If your filing status is "married/RDP filing separately," you may elect to report one-half of the use tax due or the entire amount on your income tax return. If you elect to report one-half, your spouse/RDP may report the remaining half on his or her income tax return or on the individual use tax return available from the State Board of Equalization

Note: Report and pay any use tax you owe on the following purchases directly to the State Board of Equalization, not on your income tax return.

- Vehicles, vessels, and trailers that must be registered with the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- Mobile homes or commercial coaches that must be registered annually as required by the Health and Safety Code.
- Vessels documented with the U.S. Coast Guard.
- Aircraft.
- Leases of machinery, equipment, vehicles, and other tangible personal property.
- Cigarettes and tobacco products when the purchaser is registered with the State Board of Equalization as a cigarette and/or tobacco products consumer.

Worksheet, Line 2, Sales and Use Tax Rate

Enter the sales and use tax rate applicable to the place in California where the property was used, stored, or otherwise consumed. If you do not know the applicable city or county sales and use tax rate, using your computer or mobile device please go to the State Board of Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov and click on City and County Tax Rates or call their Customer Service Center at 800.400.7115 or California Relay Service (CRS) 711 (for hearing and speech disabilities.)

Instructions: Form 540 e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Worksheet, Line 6, Credit for Tax Paid to Another State

This is a credit for tax paid to other states on purchases reported on Line
 1. You can claim a credit up to the amount of tax that would have been due if the purchase had been made in California. For example, if you paid
 \$8.00 sales tax to another state for a purchase, and would have paid
 \$6.00 in California, you can claim a credit of only \$6.00 for that purchase.

Estimated Use Tax Lookup Table

You may use the Estimated Use Tax Lookup Table to estimate and report the use tax due on individual non-business items you purchased for less than \$1,000 each. This option is only available if you are permitted to report use tax on your income tax return and you are not required to use the Use Tax Worksheet to calculate the use tax owed on all your purchases. Simply include the use tax liability that corresponds to your California Adjusted Gross Income (found on line 17) and enter it on line 95. You will not be assessed additional use tax on the individual non-business items you purchased for less than \$1,000 each.

You may not use the Estimated Use Tax Lookup Table to estimate and report the use tax due on purchases of items for use in your business or on purchases of individual non-business items you purchased for \$1,000 or more each. See the instructions for the Use Tax Worksheet if you have a combination of purchases of individual non-business items for less than \$1,000 each and purchases of individual non-business items for \$1,000 or more.

Adjusted G	ross In	come (AGI) Range	Use Tax Liability	
Less Than S	Less Than \$10,000		\$2	
\$10,000	to	\$19,999	\$5	
\$20,000	to	\$29,999	\$8	
\$30,000	to	\$39,999	\$11	
\$40,000	to	\$49,999	\$15	
\$50,000	to	\$59,999	\$18	
\$60,000	to	\$69,999	\$21	
\$70,000	to	\$79,999	\$25	
\$80,000	to	\$89,999	\$28	
\$90,000	to	\$99,999	\$31	
\$100,000	to	\$124,999	\$37	
\$125,000	to	\$149,999	\$45	
\$150,000	to	\$174,999	\$53	
\$175,000	to	\$199,999	\$61	
More than \$199,999 – Multiply AGI by 0.033% (.00033)				

Enter your use tax liability on Line 4 of the worksheet or if you have no single purchase over \$999.99 then enter the amount on Line 95 of your income tax return

Contributions

You can make voluntary contributions to the funds listed on Side 4. See page 23 for a description of the funds.

You may also contribute any amount to the **State Parks Protection Fund/ Parks Pass Purchase**. To receive a single annual park pass, your contribution must equal or exceed \$150. When applicable, FTB will forward your name and address from your tax return to the Department of Parks and Recreation (DPR) who will issue a single Vehicle Day Use Annual Pass to you. Only one pass will be provided per tax return. You may contact DPR directly to purchase additional passes. If there is an error on your tax return in the computation of total contributions or if we disallow the contribution you requested because there is no credit available for the tax year, your name and address will **not** be forwarded to DPR. Any contribution less than \$150 will be treated as a voluntary contribution and may be deducted as a charitable contribution. For more information go to **parks.ca.gov/annualpass/** or email info@parks.ca.gov.

Amount You Owe

Add or subtract correctly to figure the amount you owe.

Line 111 – Amount You Owe

If you have an amount on line 94, add the amount on line 94, line 95, and line 110, if any. Enter the result on line 111.

If you have an amount on line 93, subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 93. If the combined amount of line 95 and line 110 is more than line 93, enter the difference on line 111.

To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Form 540 by the extended due date even if you cannot pay the amount you owe.

Mandatory Electronic Payments. You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a 1% noncompliance penalty.

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**.

Payment Options

- Electronic Funds Withdrawal Instead of paying by check or money order, use this convenient option if you e-file. Simply provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and the date you want the balance due to be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer this option.
- Web Pay Pay the amount you owe using our secure online payment service. Go to ftb.ca.gov for more information.
- Credit Card Use your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express
 card to pay your tax. If you pay by credit card, do not mail form FTB 3519
 to us. Call 800.272.9829 or go to the Official Payments Corp. website
 at officialpayments.com, and use the jurisdiction code 1555. Official
 Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service.
- Check or Money Order Using black or blue ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Do not send cash.
 Write your SSN or ITIN and "2013 Form 540" as applicable on the check or money order. Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your tax return.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution. **Do not** combine your 2013 tax payment and any 2014 estimated tax payment in the same check. Prepare two separate checks and mail each in a separate envelope.

If you e-filed your tax return, mail your check or money order with form FTB 3582, Payment Voucher for Individual e-filed Returns. **Do not** mail a copy of your e-filed tax return.

A penalty may be imposed if your check is returned by your bank for insufficient funds

Paying by Credit Card — Whether you e-file or file by mail, use your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes (tax return balance due, extension payment, estimated tax payment, or tax due with bill notice). There is a convenience fee for this service. This fee is paid directly to Official Payments Corp. based on the amount of your tax payment.

Convenience Fee

- 2.30% of the tax amount charged (rounded to the nearest cent)
- . Minimum fee: \$1

Example:

Tax Payment = \$753.56 Convenience Fee = \$17.33

When will my payments be effective?

Your payment is effective on the date you charge it.

What if I change my mind?

If you pay your tax liability by credit card and later reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest, and other fees imposed by the FTB for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.

How do I use my credit card to pay my income tax bill?

Once you have determined the type of payment and how much you owe, have the following ready:

- Your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card
- Credit card number
- Expiration date

e-file is fast, easy, and secure!

- Amount you are paying
- Your and your spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN
- First 4 letters of your and your spouse's/RDP's last name
- Taxable year
- Home phone number (including area code)
- ZIP Code for address where your monthly credit card bill is sent
- FTB Jurisdiction Code: 1555

Go to the Official Payments Corp. online payment center at officialpayments.com or call 800.2PAY.TAX or 800.272.9829 and follow the recorded instructions. Official Payments Corp. provides customer assistance at 877.297.7457 Monday through Friday, 5:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. PST.

Payment Date:	
Confirmation Number:	

If you cannot pay the full amount or can only make a partial payment for the amount shown on Form 540, line 114, see the information regarding Installment Payments on page 21.

Interest and Penalties

If you file your tax return or pay your tax after the due date, you may owe interest and penalties on the tax due.

Do not reduce the amount on line 91 or increase the amount on line 94 by any penalty or interest amounts. Enter on Form 540, line 112 the amount of interest and penalties.

Line 112 – Interest and Penalties

Interest. Interest will be charged on any late filing or late payment penalty from the original due date of the return to the date paid. In addition, if other penalties are not paid within **15** days, interest will be charged from the date of the billing notice until the date of payment. Interest compounds daily and the interest rate is adjusted twice a year. The FTB website has a chart of interest rates in effect since 1976. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for interest

Late Filing of Tax Return. If you do not file your tax return by October 15, 2014, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the tax return. The maximum total penalty is 25% of the tax not paid if the tax return is filed after October 15, 2014. The minimum penalty for filing a tax return more than 60 days late is \$135 or 100% of the balance due, whichever is less.

Late Payment of Tax. If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2014, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. The penalty is 5% of the tax not paid when due plus 1/2% for each month, or part of a month, the tax remains unpaid. We may waive the late payment penalty based on reasonable cause. Reasonable cause is presumed when 90% of the tax shown on the return is paid by the original due date of the return. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2014, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest.

Penalties. To avoid late payment penalties for use tax, you must report and pay the use tax with a timely filed income tax return, or California Individual Use Tax return.

Other Penalties. We may impose other penalties if a payment is returned for insufficient funds. We may also impose penalties for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud.

Line 113 - Underpayment of Estimated Tax

You may be subject to an estimated tax penalty if any of the following is true:

- Your withholding and credits are less than 90% of your current tax year
- Your withholding and credits are less than 100% of your prior year tax liability (110% if AGI is more than \$150,000 or \$75,000 if married/RDP filing separately).
- You did not pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately).

The FTB can figure the penalty for you when you file your tax return and send you a bill.

Is line 94 less than \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately)?

Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty. Continue. You may be subject to an estimated payment penalty.

Is line 94 less than 10% of the amount on line 48? Form 540 filers: this excludes the tax on lump-sum distributions on Form 540, line 34.

Instructions: Form 540

Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty. You may be subject to an estimated payment penalty; get form No FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries (or form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen).

The underpayment of estimated tax penalty shall not apply to the extent the underpayment of an installment was created or increased by any provision of law that is chaptered during and operative for the taxable year of the underpayment. To request a waiver of the underpayment of estimated tax penalty, get form FTB 5805 or form FTB 5805F. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66.

If you complete one of these forms, attach it to the back of your Form 540. Enter the amount of the penalty on line 113 and check the correct box on line 113. Complete and attach the form if you claim a waiver, use the annualized income installment method, or pay tax according to the schedule for farmers and fishermen, even if you do not owe a penalty.

See "Important Dates" on page 2, for more information on estimated tax payments and how to avoid the underpayment penalty.

See the instructions for Form 540, line 114 for information about figuring your payment, if any.

Line 114 – Total Amount Due

Is there an amount on line 111?

Add line 111, line 112, and line 113. Enter the result on line 114, For payment options, see line 111 instructions.

Go to line 115.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Refund or No Amount Due

Line 115 – Refund or No Amount Due

Did you report amounts on line 95, line 110, line 112, or line 113?

Enter the amount from line 93 on line 115. This is your refund amount. If it is less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Form 540 requesting the refund.

Combine the amounts from line 95, line 110, line 112, and line 113. Yes If the result is:

- More than line 93, subtract line 93 from the sum of line 95, line 110, line 112, and line 113 and enter the result on line 114. This is your total amount due. For payment options, see line 111 instructions.
- Less than line 93, subtract the sum of line 95, line 110, line 112, and line 113 from line 93 and enter on line 115. This is your refund

Want a fast refund? Get your refund in 10 days or less when you e-file your tax return.

Direct Deposit (Refund Only)

Line 116 and Line 117 – Direct Deposit of Refund

Direct deposit is fast, safe, and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on line 116 and line 117. Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. Verify routing and account numbers with your financial institution. **Do not** attach a voided check or deposit slip. See the illustration on page 16.

Individual taxpavers may request that their refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.

The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025. The account number can be up to 17 characters and can include numbers and letters. Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. On the sample check, the account number is 202020.

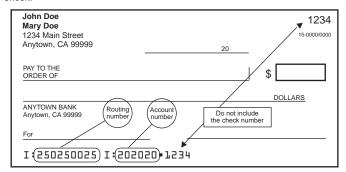
Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.

Instructions: Form 540 e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 116 and line 117 must equal the total amount of your refund on line 115. If line 116 and line 117 do not equal line 115, the FTB will issue a paper check.

Caution: Check with your financial institution to make sure your deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The FTB is not responsible for a lost refund due to incorrect account information entered by you or your representative.

Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, the FTB will issue a paper check.



Sign Your Tax Return

You must sign your tax return in the space provided on Form 540, Side 5. If you file a joint tax return, your spouse/RDP must sign the tax return also.

Include your phone number and email address in case the FTB needs to contact you for information needed to process your tax return. By providing this information the FTB will be able to process your tax return or issue your

Joint Tax Return. If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. This means that if one spouse/RDP does not pay the tax due, the other may be liable. See "Innocent Joint Filer Relief," on page 20.

Paid Preparer's Information. If you pay a person to prepare your Form 540, that person signs and completes the area at the bottom of Side 5 including an identification number. Effective January 1, 2011, the IRS requires a paid tax preparer to get and use a preparer tax identification number (PTIN). If the preparer has a federal employer identification number (FEIN), it should be entered only in the space provided. A paid preparer must give you a copy of your tax return to keep for your records.

Third Party Designee. If you want to allow your preparer, a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2013 tax return with the FTB, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of your tax return. Also print the designee's name and telephone number.

If you check the "Yes" box you, and your spouse/RDP, if filing a joint tax return, are authorizing the FTB to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your tax return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the FTB any information that is missing from your tax return.
- Call the FTB for information about the processing of your tax return or the status of your refund or payments
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your tax return, upon request
- Respond to certain FTB notices about math errors, offsets, and tax return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the FTB. If you want to expand or change the designee's authorization, get form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration for the Franchise Tax

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2014 tax return. This is April 15, 2015, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, notify us by telephone at 800.852.5711 or by writing to Franchise Tax Board, PO Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240-0040, include your name, SSN, and the designee's name.

Power of Attorney. If another person prepared your tax return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to this tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" (POA) authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records

For more information, get form FTB 3520, available at ftb.ca.gov. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66.

Filing Your Tax Return

Attachments to your tax return.

Do I need to attach a copy of federal Form 1040?

Other than Schedule A (Form 1040) or Schedule B (Form 1040), did you attach any federal forms or schedules to your federal Form 1040?

If **No**, do not attach a copy of your federal Form 1040 return to Form 540. If Yes, attach a copy of your federal Form 1040 return and all supporting federal forms and schedules to Form 540.

Exception: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, complete and attach a copy of the federal Schedule A (Form 1040) to Form 540.

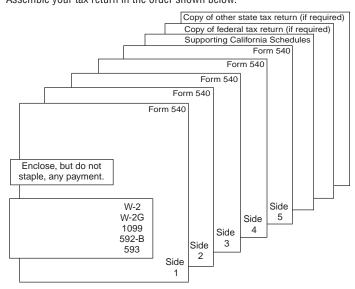
Do not attach any documents to your tax return unless specifically instructed. This will help us reduce government processing and storage

Federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, and 1099, and CA Form(s) 592-B and 593. Attach all the Form(s) W-2 and W-2G you received to the lower front of your tax return. Also, attach any Forms(s) 1099, 592-B, and 593 showing California income tax withheld.

If you do not receive your Form(s) W-2 by January 31, 2014, contact your employer or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account. Only your employer can issue or correct a Form W-2. If you cannot get a copy of your Form W-2, you must complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67 or go to ftb.ca.gov.

If you forget to send your Form(s) W-2 or other withholding forms with your income tax return, do not send them separately, or with another copy of your tax return. Wait until the FTB requests them from you.

Assemble your tax return in the order shown below.



Caution: Form 540 has five sides. When filing Form 540, you must send all five sides to the FTB.

Mailing Your Tax Return

If your tax return shows a refund or no amount due, mail your tax return to the following address:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0001

If your tax return has an amount due, mail your tax return to the following address:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001 Instructions: Form 540

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Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record



e-file and skip this page! The tax software product you use to e-file will help you find out if you qualify for this credit and will figure the correct amount of the credit automatically. Go to ftb.ca.gov to check your e-file options. You can claim the nonrefundable renter's credit using CalFile and ReadyReturn.

If you were a resident of California and paid rent on property in California, which was your principal residence, you may qualify for a credit that you can use to reduce your tax. Answer the questions below to see if you qualify. For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California Registered Domestic Partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737. Do not mail this record. Keep with your tax records.

1. Were you a resident of California for the entire year in 2013?

Military personnel. If you are not a legal resident of California, you do not qualify for this credit. However, your spouse/RDP may claim this credit if he or she was a resident, did not live in military housing during 2013, and is otherwise qualified

YES. Go to question 2.

NO. Stop. File the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

2. Is your California adjusted gross income the amount on line 17:

- \$36,955 or less if single or married/RDP filing separately; or
- \$73,910 or less if married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)?

YES. Go to question 3.

NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

3. Did you pay rent, for at least half of 2013, on property (including a mobile home that you owned on rented land) in California, which was your principal residence?

YES. Go to guestion 4.

NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

4. Can you be claimed as a dependent by a parent, foster parent, legal quardian, or any other person in 2013? NO. Go to guestion 6. YES. Go to question 5.

5. For more than half the year in 2013, did you live in the home of the person who can claim you as a dependent?

NO. Go to question 6. YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

6. Was the property you rented exempt from property tax in 2013?

You do not qualify for this credit if, for more than half of the year, you rented property that was exempt from property taxes. Exempt property includes most government-owned buildings, church-owned parsonages, college dormitories, and military barracks. However, if you or your landlord paid possessory interest taxes for the property you rented, then you may claim this credit.

NO. Go to guestion 7.

YES. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

7. Did you claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2013?

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified.

NO. Go to question 8.

YES. If your filing status is single or married/RDP filing separately, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. If your filing status is married/RDP filing jointly, go to guestion 9.

8. Were you single in 2013?

YES. Go to question 11.

NO. Go to guestion 9.

Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2013?

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if vou are otherwise qualified.

NO. Go to guestion 11.

YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. Otherwise, go to question 10.

10. Did you and your spouse/RDP maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2013?

YES. Go to question 11.

NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

11. If you are:

- Single, enter \$60 on line 46.
- Head of household or qualifying widow(er), enter \$120 on line 46.
- Married/RDP filing separately: if you and your spouse/RDP lived in the same rental property and both qualify for this credit, one spouse/RDP may claim the full amount of the credit (\$120), or each spouse/RDP may claim half the amount (\$60 each). If you and your spouse/RDP lived apart for the entire year and you qualify for this credit, you may claim half the amount of the credit (\$60). Enter your credit amount on line 46.
- Married/RDP filing jointly, enter \$120 on line 46. (Exception: If one spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's tax exemption and you lived apart from your spouse/ RDP for the entire year, enter \$60 on line 46.)

Fill in the street address(es) and landlord information below for the residence(s) you rented in California during 2013, which qualified you for this credit.

Street Address	City, State, and ZIP Code	Dates Rented in 2013 (Fromto)
a		
b		
Enter the name, address, and telephone number of your landlord	f(s) or the person(s) to whom you paid rent f	for the residence(s) listed above.
Name	Street Address	City, State, ZIP Code, and Telephone Number
a		
b		

Additional Information

California Use Tax General Information

The use tax has been in effect in California since July 1, 1935. It applies to purchases from out-of-state sellers and is similar to the sales tax paid on purchases you make in California. If you have not already paid all use tax due to the State Board of Equalization, you may report and pay the use tax due on your state income tax return. See the information below and the instructions for line 95 of your income tax return.

In general, you should pay California use tax on purchases made from out-of-state (for example, by telephone, over the Internet, by mail, or in person). However, not all purchases require you to pay use tax. For example, you would include purchases of clothing, but not purchases of food products or prescription medicine. For more information on nontaxable and exempt purchases, you may visit the State Board of Equalizations website at boe.ca.gov.

You should pay California use tax on taxable items if:

- The seller does not collect California sales or use tax.
- You use, give away, store, or consume the item in this state.

Example: You live in California and purchase a dining table from a company in North Carolina. The company ships the table from North Carolina to your home for your use and does not charge California sales or use tax. You owe use tax on the purchase.

Complete the Use Tax Worksheet or use the Use Tax Lookup Table on page 13 and 14 respectively, to calculate the amount due.

Extensions to File. If you request an extension to file your income tax return, wait until you file your tax return to report your purchases subject to use tax and make your use tax payment.

Penalty. Failure to timely report and pay the use tax due may result in the assessment of penalties.

Changes in Use Tax Reported. Do not file an Amended Income Tax Return (Form 540X) to revise the use tax previously reported. If you have changes to the amount of use tax previously reported on the original return contact the State Board of Equalization.

For assistance with your use tax questions, go to the State Board of Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov or call their Customer Service Center at 800.400.7115 or California Relay Service (CRS) 711 (for hearing and speech disabilities). For California income tax information, contact the Franchise Tax Board at ftb.ca.gov.

Collection Fees

The FTB is required to assess collection and filing enforcement cost recovery fees on delinquent accounts.

Deceased Taxpayers

A final return must be filed for a person who died in 2013 if a tax return normally would be required. The administrator or executor, if one is appointed, or beneficiary must file the tax return. Print "deceased" and the date of death next to the taxpayer's name at the top of the tax return.

If you are a surviving spouse/RDP and no administrator or executor has been appointed, file a joint tax return if you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership during 2013. Indicate next to your signature that you are the surviving spouse/RDP.

You may also file a joint tax return with an administrator or executor acting on behalf of the deceased taxpayer.

If you file a tax return and claim a refund due to a deceased taxpayer, you are certifying under penalty of perjury either that you are the legal representative of the deceased taxpayer's estate (in this case, attach certified copies of the letters of administration or letters testamentary) or that you are entitled to the refund as the deceased's surviving relative or sole beneficiary under the provisions of the California Probate Code. You must also attach a copy of federal Form 1310, Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpaver, or a copy of the death certificate when you file a tax return and claim a refund due.

Innocent Joint Filer Relief

If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for paying the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. However, you may qualify for relief of payment on all or part of the balance as an innocent joint filer. For more information, get FTB Pub. 705, Innocent Joint Filer - Relief From Paying California Income Taxes, at ftb.ca.gov or call 916.845.7072, Monday - Friday between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. except holidays.

Military Personnel

If you are a member of the military and need additional information on how to file your tax return, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

Requesting a Copy of Your Tax Return

The FTB keeps personal income tax returns for three and one-half years from the original due date. To get a copy of your tax return, write a letter or complete form FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return. In most cases, a \$20 fee is charged for each taxable year you request. However, no charge applies for victims of a designated California or federal disaster; or you request copies from a field office that assisted you in completing your tax return. See "Where To Get Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66 to download or order form FTB 3516.

Local Benefits

You cannot deduct the amounts you pay for local benefits that apply to property in a limited area (construction of streets, sidewalks, or water and sewer systems). You must look at your real estate tax bill to determine if any nondeductible itemized charges are included in your bill. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for real estate tax or get federal Publication 17, Your Federal Income Tax-For Individuals, Chapter 22.

Vehicle License Fees for Federal Schedule A

On your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you may deduct the California motor vehicle license fee listed on your Vehicle Registration Billing Notice from the Department of Motor Vehicles. The other fees listed on your billing notice such as registration fee, weight fee, and county fees are not deductible.

Voting Is Everybody's Business

You may register to vote if you meet these requirements:

- You are a United States citizen.
- You are a resident of California.
- You will be 18 years old by the date of the next election.
- You are not in prison or on parole for the conviction of a felony.

You need to re-register every time you move, change your name, or wish to change political parties. In order to vote in an election, you must be registered to vote at least 15 days before that election. If you need to get a Voter Registration Card, call the California Secretary of State's voter hotline at 800.345.VOTE or go to sos.ca.gov.

It's Your Right . . . Register and Vote

If You File Electronically

If you e-file your tax return, make sure all the amounts entered on the paper copy of your California return are correct before you sign form FTB 8453, California e-file Return Authorization for Individuals, or form FTB 8879, California e-file Signature Authorization for Individuals. If you are requesting direct deposit of a refund, make sure your account and routing information is correct. Your tax return can be transmitted to FTB by your preparer or electronic e-file service only after you sign form FTB 8453 or form FTB 8879. The preparer or electronic e-file service must provide you with:

- A copy of form FTB 8453 or FTB 8879.
- Any original Form(s) W-2, 592-B, 593, 1099-G, and other Form(s) 1099 that you provided.
- A paper copy of your California tax return showing the data transmitted to the FTB.

You cannot retransmit an e-filed tax return once we've accepted the original. You can correct an error only by completing Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, and mailing the paper copy to us. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66.

Frequently Asked Questions

(Go to ftb.ca.gov for more frequently asked questions.)

1. What if I can't file by April 15, 2014, and I think I owe tax?

You must pay 100% of the amount you owe by April 15, 2014, to avoid interest and penalties. If you cannot file because you have not received all your Form(s) W-2, estimate the amount of tax you owe by completing form FTB 3519. Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, on page 47. Mail it to the FTB with your payment by April 15, 2014 or pay online at ftb.ca.gov. Then, when you receive all your Form(s) W-2, complete and mail your tax return by October 15, 2014 (you must use Form 540).

2. I never received a Form W-2. What should I do?



If all of your Form(s) W-2 were not received by January 31, 2014, contact your employer. Only an employer issues or corrects a Form W-2. For more information, call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code 204 when instructed.

If you cannot get a copy of your Form(s) W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66. For online wage and withhold information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

3. How can I get help?

Throughout California more than 1,200 sites provide trained volunteers offering free help during the tax filing season to persons who need to file simple federal and state income tax returns. Many military bases also provide this service for members of the U.S. Armed Forces. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for **vita** to find a list of participating locations or call the FTB at 800.852.5711 to find a location near you.

4. What do I do if I can't pay what I owe with my 2013 tax return?

Pay as much as possible when you file your tax return. If unable to pay your tax in full with your tax return, make a request for monthly payments. However, interest accrues and an underpayment penalty may be charged on the tax not paid by April 15, 2014, even if your request for monthly payments is approved. To make monthly payments, complete form FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request, online or mail it to the address on the form. Do not mail it with your tax return.

The Installment Agreement Request might not be processed and approved until after your tax return is processed, and you may receive a bill before you receive approval of your request.



To order this form, go to ftb.ca.gov or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Forms and Publications," and enter code 949 when instructed.



For information on how to pay by credit card, go to ftb.ca.gov. or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code **610** when instructed.

5. How long will it take to get my refund?



If you e-file, you get the fastest possible refund. Your refund check is mailed within seven to ten calendar days (or if you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your checking or savings account within five to seven banking days) from the time the FTB receives your e-filed return. For more information about e-filing, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code 112 when instructed.

If you do not e-file your tax return, you will receive your refund check within six to eight weeks after you file your tax return. If you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your account within six to eight weeks after you file your tax return.

6. I expected my refund by now. How can I check on the status?

Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for refund status. You will need your social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and the refund amount from your tax return.

You can also call our automated phone service. See page 67 for more information

7. I discovered an error on my tax return. What should I do?



If you discover that you made an error on your California income tax return after you filed it (paper or e-filed), use Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, to correct your return. Get Form 540X at ftb.ca.gov or call 800.338.0505 and enter code 908. You cannot e-file an amended return.

8. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) made changes to my federal tax return. What should I do?

If your federal income tax return is examined and changed by the IRS and you owe additional tax, report these changes to the FTB within six months of the date of the final federal determination. If the changes the IRS made result in a refund due for California, claim a refund within two years of the date of the final federal determination. Either use Form 540X to correct the California income tax return you already filed, or send a copy of the federal changes to:

ATTN RAR/VOL MS F310 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1998 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-1998

or Fax the information to 916.843.2269.

If you have a question relating to the IRS audit adjustment call 916.845.4028.

For general tax information or questions, call 800.852.5711.

Regardless of which method you use to notify the FTB, you must include a copy of the final federal determination along with all data and schedules on which the federal adjustment was based. Get FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities to California, for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 67.

File Form 540X only if the change affected your California tax liability.

9. How long should I keep my tax information?

Requests for information regarding your California income tax return usually occurs within the California statute of limitations period, which is usually the later of four years from the due date of the tax return or four years from the file date of the tax return. (Exception: An extended statute of limitations period applies for California or federal tax returns related or subject to a federal audit.)

Keep a copy of your tax return and the records that verify the income, deductions, adjustments, or credits reported on your return. Some records should be kept longer. For example, keep property records as long as needed to figure the basis of the property or records needed to verify carryover items (i.e., net operating losses) or records needed to track deferred gains on a 1031 exchange.

10. I will be moving after I file my tax return. How do I notify the FTB of my new address?

Notify the FTB of your new address by using form FTB 3533, Change of Address. This form is available at **ftb.ca.gov**. You may also go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account or call 800.852.5711, select "Personal Income Tax," then select option 6 to report a change of address. If you change your address online or by phone, you do not need to file form FTB 3533.

After filing your tax return, report a change of address to us for up to four years, especially if you leave the state and no longer have a requirement to file a California tax return.

11. Are all domestic partners required to file joint or separate tax returns?

No, only domestic partners who are registered with the California Secretary of State are required to file using the married/RDP filing jointly or married/ RDP filing separately filing status.

CREDIT CHART

Credit Name	Code	Description		
California Motion Picture and Television Production – FTB 3541	223	The credit, which is allocated and certified by the California Film Commission, is 20% of expenditures attributable to a qualified motion picture and 25% of production expenditures attributable to an independent film or a TV series that relocates to California.		
Child Adoption Costs – Worksheet on page 11	197	50% of qualified costs in the year an adoption is ordered		
Child and Dependent Care Expenses – FTB 3506 See the instructions on page 55	232	Similar to the federal credit except that the California credit amount is based on a specified percentage of the federal credit.		
Community Development Financial Institutions Investments – Certification Required	209	300 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600, Sacramento CA	d Investment Network (COIN), Department of Insurance, § 95814. Website: insurance.ca.gov.	
Dependent Parent – See page 10	173	Must use married/RDP filing separately statu		
Disabled Access for Eligible Small Business – FTB 3548	205	Similar to the federal credit but limited to \$12 that do not exceed \$250	· · ·	
Donated Agricultural Products Transportation – FTB 3547	204	50% of the costs paid or incurred for the tran to nonprofit charitable organizations		
Donated Fresh Fruits or Vegetables – FTB 3811	224	10% of the donation's costs for qualified taxy California food bank	payers who donate fresh fruits or fresh vegetables to a	
Enhanced Oil Recovery – FTB 3546	203	One third of the similar federal credit and lim within California.	ited to qualified enhanced oil recovery projects located	
Enterprise Zone Employee – FTB 3553	169	5% of wages from work in an enterprise zone	е	
Enterprise Zone Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3805Z	176	Business incentives for enterprise zone busin		
Environmental Tax – FTB 3511	218	Five cents (\$.05) for each gallon of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel produced during the taxable year by a small refiner at any facility located in this state		
Joint Custody Head of Household – Worksheet on page 10	170	30% of tax up to \$416 for taxpayers who are single or married/RDP filing separately, who have a child and meet the support test		
Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA) Hiring & Sales or Use Tax – FTB 3807	198	Business incentives for LAMBRAs		
Low-Income Housing – FTB 3521	172	Similar to the federal credit but limited to low-income housing in California		
Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA) Hiring – FTB 3808	211	Percentage of qualified wages paid to qualified disadvantaged individuals		
Natural Heritage Preservation – FTB 3503	213	55% of the fair market value of any qualified contribution of property donated to the state, any local government, or any nonprofit organization designated by a local government		
New Home (2010) - Pub. 3549	221	taken equally over three years.	ualified principal residence or \$10,000. The credit is	
New Jobs – FTB 3527	220	the current taxable year.	ach increase in qualified full-time employees hired in	
Nonrefundable Renter's – See page 19	None	whose AGI does not exceed a certain limit	ir principal residence for at least 6 months in 2013 and	
Other State Tax – Schedule S	187	·	5. possession on income also taxed by California	
Prior Year Alternative Minimum Tax – FTB 3510	188	in 2013	prior year and have no alternative minimum tax liability	
Prison Inmate Labor – FTB 3507	162	10% of wages paid to prison inmates		
Research – FTB 3523	183	Similar to the federal credit but limited to cos		
Senior Head of Household – Worksheet on page 10	163	and whose qualifying individual died during 2	rs who qualified for head of household in 2011 or 2012	
Targeted Tax Area (TTA) Hiring – FTB 3809	210	Business incentive for TTA business	2011 01 2012	
Repealed Credits: The expiration dates for these cre- carryover available from prior yea	rs. If you ar edit Carryov	e not required to complete Schedule P (540),	ovisions. You may claim these credits only if there is a Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations – edit carryover to future years. See "Where To Get Income	
Agricultural Products	Joint Strik Los Angel Hiring 8	re Fighter Wages	Ridesharing	
Employer Childcare Program		sion Vehicles	Solar Pump	
Employee Ridesharing		urers' Investment	Solar or Wind Energy System	
Employer Ridesharing: Large employer		rug	Targeted Tax Area Sales or Use Tax	
Small employer192		ontributions	Water Conservation	

Owe Money? Web Pay lets you pay online, so you can schedule it and forget it! Go to ftb.ca.gov for more information.

Transit passes 193

Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions

Make voluntary contributions of \$1 or more in whole dollar amounts to the funds listed below. To contribute to the California Seniors Special Fund, use the instructions for code 400 below. The amount you contribute either reduces your overpaid tax or increases your tax due. You may contribute only to the funds listed and cannot change the amount you contribute after you file your tax return. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for voluntary contributions.

Code 400, California Seniors Special Fund - If you and/or your spouse/RDP are 65 years of age or older as of January 1, 2014, and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 7, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$212 or \$106 per spouse/RDP. Contributions made to this fund will be distributed to the Area Agency on Aging Councils (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizens issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.

Code 401, Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund – Contributions will be used to provide grants to California scientists to study Alzheimer's disease and related disorders. This research includes basic science, diagnosis, treatment, prevention, behavioral problems, and caregiving. With almost 600,000 Californians living with the disease and another 2 million providing care to a loved one with Alzheimer's, our state is in the early stages of a major public health crisis. Your contribution will ensure that Alzheimer's disease receives the attention, research, and resources it deserves. For more information go to cdph.ca.gov and search for

Code 402, California Fund for Senior Citizens (CSL) - Contributions will provide support to the California Senior Legislature (CSL). The CSL is made up of volunteers who develop statewide senior related legislative proposals in areas of health, housing, transportation, and community services to be presented to the State Legislature. For more information go to 4csl.org.

Code 403, Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program -Contributions will be used to help protect and conserve California's many threatened and endangered species and the wild lands that they need to survive, for the enjoyment and benefit of you and future generations of Californians.

Code 404, State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse - Contributions will be used to fund programs for the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect.

Code 405, California Breast Cancer Research Fund - Contributions will fund research toward preventing and curing breast cancer. Breast cancer is the most common cancer to strike women in California. It kills 4,000 California women each year. Contributions also fund research on prevention and better treatment, and keep doctors up-to-date on research progress. For more about the research your contributions support, go to chcrp.org. Your contribution can help make breast cancer a disease of the past.

Code 406, California Firefighters' Memorial Fund – Contributions will be used for the repair and maintenance of the California Firefighters' Memorial on the grounds of the State Capitol, ceremonies to honor the memory of fallen firefighters and to assist surviving loved ones, and for an informational guide detailing survivor benefits to assist the spouses/ RDPs and children of fallen firefighters.

Code 407, Emergency Food for Families Fund – Contributions will be used to help local food banks feed California's hungry. Your contribution will fund the purchase of much-needed food for delivery to food banks, pantries, and soup kitchens throughout the state. The State Department of Social Services will monitor its distribution to ensure the food is given to those most in need.

Code 408, California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund -Contributions will be used to preserve the memory of California's fallen peace officers and assist the families they left behind. Since statehood, over 1.300 courageous California peace officers have made the ultimate sacrifice while protecting law-abiding citizens. The non-profit charitable organization, California Peace Officers' Memorial Foundation, has accepted the privilege and responsibility of maintaining a memorial for fallen officers on the State Capitol grounds. Each May, the Memorial Foundation conducts a dignified ceremony honoring fallen officers and their surviving families by offering moral support, crisis counseling, and

financial support that includes academic scholarships for the children of those officers who have made the supreme sacrifice. On behalf of all of us and the law-abiding citizens of California, thank you for your participation.

Code 410, California Sea Otter Fund - The California Coastal Conservancy and the Department of Fish and Wildlife will each be allocated 50% of the contributions. Contributions allocated to the California Coastal Conservancy will be used for research, science, protection, projects, or programs related to the Federal Sea Otter Recovery Plan or improving the nearshore ocean ecosystem, including, program activities to reduce sea otter mortality. Contributions allocated to the Department of Fish and Wildlife will be used to establish a sea otter fund within the department's index coding system for increased investigation, prevention, and enforcement action.

Code 412. Municipal Shelter Spay-Neuter Fund – Contributions will be used to provide grants to eligible municipal shelters to provide low cost or free spay-neuter services for dogs and cats.

Code 413. California Cancer Research Fund – Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the causes, detection, and prevention of cancer and to expand community-based education on cancer, and to provide prevention and awareness activities for communities that are disproportionately at risk or afflicted by cancer.

Code 419. Child Victims of Human Trafficking Fund - Contributions will be used to fund, through grants, eligible community-based organizations that agree to provide services to minors who are victims of human trafficking.

Code 420, California YMCA Youth and Government Fund -Contributions will be used to support civic education programs operated by the YMCA Youth and Government Program, the African American Leaders for Tomorrow Program, the Asian Pacific Youth Leadership Project, and the Chicano Latino Youth Leadership Project.

Code 421, California Youth Leadership Fund - Contributions will be used to support the activities of the California Youth Leadership Project for the purpose of promoting youth civic engagement.

Code 422, School Supplies for Homeless Children Fund -Contributions will be used to provide school supplies and health-related products to homeless children.

Code 423, State Parks Protection Fund/Parks Pass Purchase -Contributions will be used for the protection and preservation of California's state parks and for the cost of a Vehicle Day Use Annual Pass valid at most park units where day use fees are collected. The pass is not valid at off-highway vehicle units, or for camping, oversized vehicle, extra vehicle, per-person, or supplemental fees. If a taxpayer's contribution equals or exceeds \$150 the taxpayer will receive a single Vehicle Day Use Annual Pass. Amounts contributed in excess of the parks pass cost may be deducted as a charitable contribution for the year in which the voluntary contribution is made. Any contribution less than \$150 will be treated as a voluntary contribution and may be deducted as a charitable contribution. For more information go to parks.ca.gov/annualpass/ or email info@parks.ca.gov.

Code 424, Protect Our Coast and Oceans Fund - Contributions will be used for grants and programs that preserve, protect, or enhance coastal resources and promote coastal and marine educational activities for underserved communities.

Code 425, Keep Arts in Schools Fund - Contributions will be used by the Arts Council for the allocation of grants to individuals or organizations administering arts programs for children in preschool through 12th grade.

Code 426, American Red Cross, California Chapters Fund -Contributions will be used by the American Red Cross, California Chapters for planning and implementing programs for disaster relief in California.

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Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

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FORM California Resident Income Tax Return 2013 540 C1 Side 1 Fiscal year filers only: Enter month of year end: month Your first name Last name Your SSN or ITIN If joint tax return, spouse's/RDP's first name Initial Last name Spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN Additional information (See instructions) PBA Code Street address (Number and street or PO Box) Apt. no/Ste. no. PMB/Private Mailbox City (If you have a foreign address, see instructions) ZIP Code Foreign Country Name Foreign Postal Code Foreign Province/State/County Date of Birth Your DOB (mm/dd/yyyy) Spouse's/RDP's DOB (mm/dd/yyyy) If you filed your 2012 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2012 tax return. Spouse/RDP **Taxpayer** Head of household (with qualifying person). See instructions. 1 Single Filing Status 5 2 Married/RDP filing jointly. See inst. Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. Enter year spouse/RDP died Married/RDP filing separately. Enter spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN above and full name here If your California filing status is different from your federal filing status, check the box here • ► For line 7, line 8, line 9, and line 10: Multiply the amount you enter in the box by the pre-printed dollar amount for that line. Whole dollars only 7 **Personal:** If you checked box 1, 3, or 4 above, enter 1 in the box. If you checked X \$106 =box 2 or 5, enter 2, in the box. If you checked the box on line 6, see instructions.... 7 **8 Blind:** If you (or your spouse/RDP) are visually impaired, enter 1; X \$106 =**9 Senior:** If you (or your spouse/RDP) are 65 or older, enter 1; X \$106 = •\$ 10 Dependents: Do not include yourself or your spouse/RDP. First name Dependent's relationship to you Last name ledow \odot \odot lacksquare

 \odot

X \$326 = • \$

lacksquare

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Total dependent exemptions.....

Your	name	Your SSN or ITIN:	
	12	State wages from your Form(s) W-2, box 16	
		Enter federal adjusted gross income from Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; or 1040EZ, line 4 • 13	00
			\Box
		California adjustments – subtractions. Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B • 14	00
ше	15	Subtract line 14 from line 13. If less than zero, enter the result in parentheses. See instructions	00
Inco	16	California adjustments – additions. Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C ● 16	- 00
Taxable Income	18	California adjusted gross income. Combine line 15 and line 16	00
			$\overline{\Box}$
	19	Subtract line 18 from line 17. This is your taxable income . If less than zero, enter -0 • 19	00
	31	Tax. Check the box if from: Tax Table Tax Rate Schedule	
		● ☐ FTB 3800 ● ☐ FTB 3803 ● 31	00
		Exemption credits. Enter the amount from line 11. If your federal AGI is more than \$172,615, see instructions.	00
Тах		Subtract line 32 from line 31. If less than zero, enter -0	00
			\Box
		Tax. See instructions. Check the box if from: Schedule G-1 FTB 5870A 34	00
	35	Add line 33 and line 34 35	00
	40	Nonrefundable Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. See instructions	00
	41	New jobs credit, amount generated. See instructions ● 41	1 [
ts	42	New jobs credit, amount claimed. See instructions	00
Credi	43	Enter credit name code ● and amount ● 43	00
Special Credits	44	Enter credit name code ● and amount ● 44	00
Spe	45	To claim more than two credits, see instructions. Attach Schedule P (540) 45	<u>.</u> 00
	46	Nonrefundable renter's credit. See instructions	. 00
	47	Add line 40 and line 42 through line 46. These are your total credits	00
	48	Subtract line 47 from line 35. If less than zero, enter -0	. 00

Your	nam	e: Your SSN or ITIN:	
S	61	Alternative minimum tax. Attach Schedule P (540)	.00
Other Taxes	62	Mental Health Services Tax. See instructions	6200
Other	63	Other taxes and credit recapture. See instructions	.00
	64	Add line 48, line 61, line 62, and line 63. This is your total tax	.00
	71	California income tax withheld. See instructions	71
ıts	72	2013 CA estimated tax and other payments. See instructions	72
Payments	73	Real estate and other withholding. See instructions	7300
G	74	Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. See instructions	74
	75	Add line 71, line 72, line 73, and line 74. These are your total payments. See instructions	75
ax/	91	Overpaid tax. If line 75 is more than line 64, subtract line 64 from line 75	91
aid T	92	Amount of line 91 you want applied to your 2014 estimated tax	9200
Overpaid Tax/ Tax Due	93	Overpaid tax available this year. Subtract line 92 from line 91	9300
0	94	Tax due. If line 75 is less than line 64, subtract line 75 from line 64.	94

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Your name:	Your SSN or ITIN:	

	Code	Amount
	California Seniors Special Fund. See instructions	_ 00
	Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund	_ 00
	California Fund for Senior Citizens	_ 00
	Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program	_ 00
	State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse	_ 00
	California Breast Cancer Research Fund 405	_ 00
	California Firefighters' Memorial Fund	_ 00
	Emergency Food for Families Fund 407	_ 00
suc	California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund 408	_ 00
Contributions	California Sea Otter Fund	_ 00
Contr	Municipal Shelter Spay-Neuter Fund 412	_ 00
	California Cancer Research Fund • 413	_ 00
	Child Victims of Human Trafficking Fund	_ 00
	California YMCA Youth and Government Fund	_ 00
	California Youth Leadership Fund • 421	_ 00
	School Supplies for Homeless Children Fund 422	_ 00
	State Parks Protection Fund/Parks Pass Purchase	_ 00
	Protect Our Coast and Oceans Fund 424	_ 00
	Keep Arts in Schools Fund	_ 00
	American Red Cross, California Chapters Fund 426	_ 00
	110 Add code 400 through code 426. This is your total contribution ● 110	00

Your	name:	Your SSN	or ITIN:
Amount You Owe	Mail to:	NT YOU OWE. Add line 94, line 95, and line 110. See instructions: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001 line – Go to ftb.ca.gov for more information.	
Interest and Penalties	113 Underpa	t, late return penalties, and late payment penalties ayment of estimated tax. Check the box: FTB 5805 at mount due. See instructions. Enclose, but do not staple, any	tached ● ☐ FTB 5805F attached ● 11300
osiť	Mail to:	ID OR NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line 95 and line 110 from: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0001 Dormation to authorize direct deposit of your refund into one or two perified the routing and account numbers? Use whole dollar	
Refund and Direct Deposit	All or the fol	lowing amount of my refund (line 115) is authorized for dir Type Checking Account number	ect deposit into the account shown below: • 116 Direct deposit amount • 00
	Routing	number Checking Account number Savings the instructions to find out if you should attach a copy of you	● 117 Direct deposit amount
Unde	r penalties of	, , , ,	ding accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my Spouse's/RDP's signature (if a joint tax return, both must sign) X
to for	re nlawful	Your email address (optional). Enter only one email address. Paid preparer's signature (declaration of preparer is based on a	Daytime phone number (optional) all information of which preparer has any knowledge) PTIN
signati Joint		Firm's address Do you want to allow another person to discuss this tax re	● FEIN
		Print Third Party Designee's Name	Telephone Number

3105133 Form 540 c1 2013 **Side 5**

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Visit our website:

2013 California Adjustments — Residents

CA (540)

	ortant: Attach this schedule behind Form 540, Side 5 as a supporting Californ (s) as shown on tax return	nia schedule.	SN or ITIN	_
	t I Income Adjustment Schedule ion A – Income	A (taxable amounts from your federal tax return)	B Subtractions See instructions	C Additions See instructions
7	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. See instructions before making an entry in column B or C 7	,	•	•
8	Taxable interest (b)8(a)		•	•
9	Ordinary dividends. See instructions. (b)9(a)		<u> </u>	•
10	Taxable refunds, credits, offsets of state and local income taxes		•	
11	Alimony received		Ü	•
12	Business income or (loss)		•	<u> </u>
13	Capital gain or (loss). See instructions		<u> </u>	•
14	Other gains or (losses)		<u> </u>	•
15	IRA distributions. See instructions. (a)	_	<u> </u>	•
16	Pensions and annuities. See instructions. (a)		•	•
17	Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc	_	•	•
18	Farm income or (loss)	_	•	•
19	Unemployment compensation		•	
20	Social security benefits (a) 20(b)		•	
21	Other income.		(a •	a
	a California lottery winnings e NOL from FTB 3805D, 3805Z,		b 🖲	b
	b Disaster loss carryover from FTB 3805V 3806, 3807, or 3809 21	•	_ c] c
	c Federal NOL (Form 1040, line 21) f Other (describe):) d (d
	d NOL carryover from FTB 3805V		e	е
	<u></u>		(f	f 💿
22	Total. Combine line 7 through line 21 in column A. Add line 7 through line 21f in			
	column B and column C. Go to Section B	<u> </u>	•	•
Sect	ion B – Adjustments to Income			
23	Educator expenses	•	•	
24	Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis			
	government officials	•	•	•
25	Health savings account deduction	•	•	
26	Moving expenses	•		
27	Deductible part of self-employment tax	lacktriangle		
28	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans	lacktriangle		
29	Self-employed health insurance deduction	•		
30	Penalty on early withdrawal of savings	•		
31a	Alimony paid. (b) Recipient's: SSN •			
	Last name • 31a	O		•
32	IRA deduction	O		
33	Student loan interest deduction			•
34	Tuition and fees		•	
35	Domestic production activities deduction	•	•	
36	Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in columns A, B, and C.			
	See instructions	•	•	•
37	Total. Subtract line 36 from line 22 in columns A, B, and C. See instructions	•	lacktriangle	<u> </u>

Part II Adjustments to Federal Itemized Deductions

38	Federal itemized deductions. Enter the amount from federal Schedule A (Form 1040), lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28	
39	Enter total of federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 5 (State Disability Insurance, and state and local income tax, or General Sales Tax), and line 8 (foreign income taxes only). See instructions	
40	Subtract line 39 from line 38	
41	Other adjustments including California lottery losses. See instructions. Specify • 41	
42	Combine line 40 and line 41	
43	Is your federal AGI (Form 540, line 13) more than the amount shown below for your filing status? Single or married/RDP filing separately	
	No. Transfer the amount on line 42 to line 43.	
	Yes. Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet in the instructions for Schedule CA (540), line 43	
44	Enter the larger of the amount on line 43 or your standard deduction listed below Single or married/RDP filing separately	
	Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) \$7,812	
	Transfer the amount on line 44 to Form 540, line 18	

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Instructions for Schedule CA (540)

References to these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Conformity

For updates regarding federal acts, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - RDPs will compute their limitations based on the combined federal adjusted gross income (AGI) of each spouse's or partner's individual tax return filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

For column A, line 7 through line 21, and line 23 through line 35, combine your federal amounts from each spouse's or partner's individual federal tax return. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

The combined federal AGI used to compute limitations is different from the recalculated federal AGI used on Form 540, California Resident Income Tax Return, line 13. In situations where RDPs have no RDP adjustments, these amounts may be the same.

Military Personnel - Servicemembers domiciled outside of California, and their spouses/RDPs, may exclude the servicemember's military compensation from gross income when computing the tax rate on nonmilitary income. Requirements for military servicemembers domiciled in California remain unchanged. Military servicemembers domiciled in California must include their military pay in total income. In addition, they must include their military pay as California source income when stationed in California. However, military pay is not California source income when a servicemember is permanently stationed outside of California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the California income tax filing requirements for spouses of military personnel. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032. Tax Information for Military Personnel.

Purpose

Use Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments – Residents, to make adjustments to your federal adjusted gross income and to your federal itemized deductions using California law.

Specific Line Instructions

Part I Income Adjustment Schedule

Column A — Federal Amounts

Line 7 through Line 21

Enter on line 7 through line 21 the same amounts you entered on your federal Form 1040, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, line 7 through line 21; Form 1040A, U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, line 7 through line 14b; or Form 1040EZ, Income Tax Return for Single and Joint Filers With No Dependents, line 1, line 2, and line 3.

Line 22 - Total

Combine the amounts on line 7 through line 21.

Line 23 through Line 30 and Line 32 through Line 35

Enter the same amounts entered on your federal Form 1040, line 23 through line 30 and line 32 through line 35 or Form 1040A, line 16 through line 19.

Line 31a and Line 31b

Enter on line 31a the same amount entered on your federal Form 1040. line 31a. Enter on line 31b the social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.

Line 36

Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35. However, if you made any of the adjustments described in the instructions for federal Form 1040, line 36 or if you claimed the foreign housing deduction from federal Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion, enter the amount from Form 1040, line 36 on this line.

Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22.

Column B and Column C — Subtractions and Additions

Use these columns to enter subtractions and additions to the federal amounts in column A that are necessary because of differences between California and federal law. Enter all amounts as positive numbers unless instructed otherwise.

You may need one or more of the following FTB publications to complete column B and column C:

- 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
- 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency

To get forms and publications, go to ftb.ca.gov.

Line 7 - Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Generally, you will not make any adjustments on this line. If you did not receive any of the following types of income, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.

Active duty military pay. Special rules apply to active duty military taxpayers. Get FTB Pub. 1032 for more information.

Sick pay received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and Railroad Retirement Act. California excludes this item from income. Enter in column B the amount of these benefits included in the amount in column A.

Ridesharing fringe benefit differences. Under federal law, qualified transportation benefits are excluded from gross income. Under the R&TC, there are no monthly limits for the exclusion of these benefits and California's definitions are more expansive. Enter the amount of ridesharing benefits received and included in federal income on line 7, column B.

Exclusion for compensation from exercising a California Qualified Stock Option (CQSO). To claim this exclusion:

- Your earned income is \$40,000 or less from the corporation granting the CQSO.
- The market value of the options granted to you must be less than \$100,000.
- The total number of shares must be 1,000 or less.
- The corporation issuing the stock must designate that the stock issued is a CQSO at the time the option is granted.

If you included an amount qualifying for this exclusion in federal income, enter that amount in column B.

Employer health savings account (HSA) contribution. Enter the amount of any employer HSA contribution from federal Form W-2, box 12, code W on line 7, column C.

Income exclusion for In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) supplementary payments - If you are an IHSS provider who received IHSS supplementary payments that was included in federal wages, enter the IHSS supplementary payments on line 7, column B. IHSS providers only receive a supplementary payment if they paid a sales tax on the IHSS services they provide. The supplementary payment is equal to the sales tax paid plus any increase in the federal payroll withholding paid due to the supplementary payment.

Line 8 - Taxable Interest

If you did not receive any of the kinds of income listed below, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.

Enter in column B the interest you received from:

- U.S. savings bonds (except for interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 that qualified for the Education Savings Bond Program exclusion).
- U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.
- Any other bonds or obligations of the United States and its territories.
- Interest from Ottoman Turkish Empire Settlement Payments.
- Interest income from children under age 19 or students under age 24 included on the child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the parent. For more information, get form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends

Certain mutual funds pay "exempt-interest dividends." If the mutual fund has at least 50% of its assets invested in tax-exempt U.S. obligations and/or in California or its municipal obligations, that amount of dividend is exempt from California tax. The proportion of dividends that are tax-exempt will be shown on your annual statement or statement issued with Form 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions.

Enter in column C the interest you identified as tax-exempt interest on your federal Form 1040 (or Form 1040A), line 8b, and which you received from:

- The federally exempt interest dividends from other states, or their municipal obligations and/or from mutual funds that do not meet the 50% rule above.
- Non-California state bonds.
- Non-California municipal bonds issued by a county, city, town, or other local government unit.
- Obligations of the District of Columbia issued after December 27, 1973.
- Non-California bonds if the interest was passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, partnerships, or Limited Liability Companies (LLCs).
- Interest or other earnings earned from a Health Savings Account (HSA) are not treated as taxed deferred. Interest or earnings in a HSA are taxable in the year earned.
- Interest on any bond or other obligation issued by the Government of American Samoa.
- Interest income from children under age 19 or students under age 24 included on the parent's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the child.

Make no entries in either column B or column C for interest you earned on Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Bonds, Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) Bonds, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporations (FHLMC) securities, or grants paid to low income individuals.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 if you received interest income from the following sources:

- Loans made in an enterprise zone (EZ) or the former Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ).
- Items listed above passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, estates, partnerships, or LLCs.

Line 9 - Ordinary Dividends

Generally, no difference exists between the amount of dividends reported in column A and the amount reported using California law. However, California taxes dividends derived from other states and their municipal obligations.

Add dividends received from the following and enter in column B:

Dividend income from children under age 19 or students under age 24 included on the parent's or child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the opposite taxpayer. For more information, get form FTB 3803.

Add dividends received from the following and enter in column C:

- Controlled foreign corporation (CFC) dividends in the year distributed.
- Regulated investment company (RIC) capital gains in the year distributed.
- · Distributions of pre-1987 earnings from an S corporation.
- Dividend income from children under age 19 or students under age 24
 excluded on the parent's or child's federal tax return and reported on the
 California tax return by the opposite taxpayer. For more information, get
 form FTB 3803.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 if you received dividends from:

- Non-cash patronage dividends from farmers' cooperatives or mutual associations.
- A CFC.
- Distributions of pre-1987 earnings from S corporations.
- · Undistributed capital gains for RIC shareholders.

Line 10 – Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local Income Taxes

California does not tax the state income tax refund received in 2013. Enter in column B the amount of state tax refund entered in column A.

Line 11 - Alimony Received

If you are a nonresident alien and received alimony not included in your federal income, enter the alimony on this line in column C. Otherwise, make no entry on this line.

Line 12 - Business Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal business income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes.

Adjustments are figured on form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, and are most commonly necessary because of the following:

- Before January 1, 1987, California did not allow depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system. Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as prior years.
- On or after January 1, 1987, California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. Refer to the bulleted list below.

Use form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business.

Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- · Passive activities that produce gains.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

Income related to:

- Business, trade, or profession carried on within California that is an integral part of a unitary business carried on both within and outside California.
- Pro-rata share of income received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.

Basis adjustments related to:

- · Property acquired prior to becoming a California resident.
- Sales or use tax credit for property used in an EZ, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA), Targeted Tax Area (TTA), or former LARZ.
- Reduced recovery periods for fruit-bearing grapevines replaced in a California vineyard on or after January 1, 1992, as a result of phylloxera infestation; or on or after January 1, 1997, as a result of Pierce's disease.
- Expenditures for tertiary injectants.
- Property placed in service on an Indian reservation after January 1, 1994, and before January 1, 2014.
- Amortization of pollution control facilities.
- Discharge of real property business indebtedness.
- Vehicles used in an employer-sponsored ridesharing program.
- An enhanced oil recovery system.
- Joint Strike Fighter property costs.
- The cost of making a business accessible to disabled individuals.
- Property for which you received an energy conservation subsidy from a public utility on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 1997.
- Research and experimental expenditures.

Business expense deductions related to:

- Wages paid in an EZ, LAMBRA, Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA), or TTA.
- Certain employer costs for employees who are also enrolled members of Indian tribes.
- Abandonment or tax recoupment fees for open-space easements and timberland preserves.
- Business located in an EZ, LAMBRA, or TTA.
- Research expense.
- Employer wage expense for the Work Opportunity Credit and Welfare-to-Work Credit.
- Pro-rata share of deductions received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- Interest paid on indebtedness in connection with company-owned life insurance policies.
- Premiums paid on life insurance policies, annuities, or endowment contracts issued after June 8, 1997, where the owner of the business is directly or indirectly a policy beneficiary.
- Commercial Revitalization Deductions for Renewal Communities.
- Small Employer Health Insurance Credit

Line 13 - Capital Gain or (Loss)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. California taxes long and short term capital gains as regular income. No special rate for long term capital gains exists. However, the California basis of the assets listed below may be different from the federal basis due to differences between California and federal laws. If there are differences, use Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, to calculate the amount to enter on line 13.

- Gain on sale of qualified small business stock under IRC Section 1045 and IRC Section 1202.
- Basis amounts resulting from differences between California and federal law in prior years.
- Gain or loss on stock and bond transactions.
- Installment sale gain reported on form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income.
- Gain on the sale of personal residence where depreciation was allowable.
- Pass-through gain or loss from partnerships, fiduciaries, S corporations,
- Capital loss carryover from your 2012 California Schedule D (540).
- Capital gain from children under age 19 or students under age 24 included on the parent's or child's federal tax return and reported on the California tax return by the opposite taxpayer. For more information, get form FTB 3803.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

- Disposition of S corporation stock acquired before 1987.
- Capital gain exclusion for sale of principal residence by a surviving spouse.
- Gain on sale or disposition of qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specified entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- Undistributed capital gain for RIC shareholders.
- Gain or loss on the sale of property inherited before January 1, 1987.
- Capital loss carrybacks.

Line 14 - Other Gains or (Losses)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, the California basis of your other assets may differ from your federal basis due to differences between California and federal law. Therefore, you may have to adjust the amount of other gains or losses. Get Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property.

Line 15 - IRA Distributions

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, there may be significant differences in the taxable amount of a distribution (including a distribution from conversion of a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA), depending on when you made your contributions to the IRA. Differences also occur if your California IRA deductions were different from your federal deductions because of differences between California and federal self-employment income.

If the taxable amount using California law is:

- Less than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column B.
- More than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column C.

Get FTB Pub. 1005 for more information and worksheets for figuring the adjustment to enter on line 15, if any.

If you have an IRA basis and were a nonresident in prior years, you may need to restate your California IRA basis. Get FTB Pub. 1100 for more information.

Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA) formerly known as Education (ED) IRA - If column A includes a taxable distribution from an ED IRA, you may owe additional tax on that amount. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. Report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21f.

Line 16 - Pensions and Annuities

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, if you received Tier 2 railroad retirement benefits or partially taxable distributions from a pension plan, you may need to make the following adjustments.

If you received a federal Form RRB-1099-R, Annuities or Pensions by the Railroad Retirement Board, for railroad retirement benefits and included all or part of these benefits in taxable income in column A, enter the taxable benefit amount in column B.

If you began receiving a retirement annuity between July 1, 1986, and January 1, 1987, and elected to use the three-year rule for California purposes and the annuity rules for federal purposes, enter in column C the amount of the annuity payments you excluded for federal purposes.

You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a qualified retirement plan before reaching age 59½ and the distribution was not rolled over into another qualified plan. See Form 540, line 63 instructions; or form FTB 3805P.

The cost of group term life insurance for retirees funded by the transfer of excess pension assets is taxable for California purposes. Enter in column C the amount of the cost excluded for federal purposes.

Line 17 - Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Trusts, etc.

Adjustments to federal income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the recovery period or amount used for federal. For more information, see the instructions for column B and column C, line 12.

California law does not conform to federal law for material participation in rental real estate activities. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities conducted by persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.

Use form FTB 3801 to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss.

Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

LLCs that are classified as partnerships for California purposes and limited liability partnerships (LLPs) are subject to the same rules as other partnerships. LLCs report distributive items to members on Schedule K-1 (568), Member's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. LLPs report to partners on Schedule K-1 (565), Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about accumulation distributions. to beneficiaries for which the trust was not required to pay California tax because the beneficiary's interest was contingent.

Line 18 - Farm Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal income or loss you report in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis you use to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes, and you may need to make an adjustment to your farm income or loss. For more information, see the instructions for column B and column C, line 12.

Use form FTB 3801 to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming.

Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

Line 19 - Unemployment Compensation

California excludes unemployment compensation from taxable income. Enter on line 19, column B the amount of unemployment compensation shown in column A.

Paid Family Leave Insurance (PFL) benefits, also known as Family Temporary Disability Insurance. Payments received from the PFL Program are reported on Form 1099-G, Certain Government Payments. Enter on line 19, column B the amount of PFL payments shown in column A. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

Line 20 - Social Security Benefits

California excludes U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of taxable U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits shown in column A, line 20(b).

Line 21 - Other Income

a. California Lottery Winnings. California excludes California lottery winnings from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of California lottery winnings included in the federal amount on line 21 in column A.

Make no adjustment for lottery winnings from other states. They are taxable by California. California and federal laws allow gambling losses only to the extent of reported gambling income. If you reduced gambling income for California lottery income, you may need to reduce the losses included in the federal itemized deductions on line 38. Enter these losses on line 41 as a negative number.

- b. Disaster Loss Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 6. If you have a California disaster loss carryover from your 2012 form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, enter that amount as a positive number in column B.
- **c. Federal NOL from Form 1040, line 21.** If the amount on line 21 in column A includes a federal NOL, enter the amount of the federal NOL as a positive number in column C. Get form FTB 3805V, to figure the allowable California NOL.
- d. NOL Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 5. The allowable NOL carryover under California law is different from the allowable NOL carryover under federal law. If you have a California NOL carryover from your 2012 form FTB 3805V, enter it as a positive number in column B.
- e. NOL from Forms FTB 3805D, FTB 3805Z, FTB 3806, FTB 3807, or FTB 3809. Enter in column B the total NOL figured on the following forms.
- FTB 3805D, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover Computation and Limitation – Pierce's Disease, line 7, column C
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b
- FTB 3806, Los Angeles Revitalization Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 3b
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 4b

f. Other (describe).

Identify the type of income reported in the space provided. If there is more than one item to report on line 21f, attach a statement that lists each item and enter the total of all individual items in column B or column C as instructed below.

Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. California conforms to federal law for elections made by parents reporting their child's interest and dividends. Parents may elect to report their child's income on their California income tax return by completing form FTB 3803. If you make this election, the child will not have to file a tax return. You may report your child's income on your California income tax return even if you do not do so on your federal income tax return.

If the amount of your child's income you are reporting on your California income tax return is different than the amount you reported on your federal income tax return, enter the difference on line 21f, column B or column C and write "FTB 3803" on line 21f. Get form FTB 3803 for more information.

Reward from a crime hotline. Enter in column B the amount of a reward authorized by a government agency received from a crime hotline established by a government agency or nonprofit organization and that is included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

You may not make this adjustment if you are an employee of the hotline or someone who sponsors rewards for the hotline.

Federal foreign earned income or housing exclusion. Enter in column C the amount deducted from federal income on Form 1040, line 21.

Beverage container recycling income. Enter in column B the amount of recycling income included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

Rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier. California law allows an income exclusion for rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier for the purchase and installation of water conservation appliances and devices. Enter in column B the amount of this type of income included in the amount on line 21 in column A.

Original issue discount (OID) for debt instruments issued in 1985 and 1986. In the year of sale or other disposition, you must recognize the difference between the amount reported on your federal tax return and the amount reported for California purposes. Issuers: Enter the difference between the federal deductible amount and the California deductible amount on line 21f in column B. Holders: Enter the difference between the amount included in federal gross income and the amount included for California purposes on line 21f in column C.

Foreign income of nonresident aliens. Adjust federal income to reflect worldwide income computed under California law. Enter losses from foreign sources in column B. Enter foreign source income in column C.

Cost-share payments received by forest landowners. Enter in column B the cost-share payments received from the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection under the California Forest Improvement Act of 1978 or from the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, under the Forest Stewardship Program and the Stewardship Incentives Program, pursuant to the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act.

Foreign income. If you excluded income exempted by U.S. tax treaties on your federal Form 1040 (unless specifically exempt for state purposes), enter the excluded amount in column C. If you claimed foreign earned income or housing cost exclusion on your federal Form 1040 (under IRC Section 911), see the instructions for line 21.

Compensation for false imprisonment. California excludes compensation for false imprisonment from income. Enter the amount of compensation on line 21f, column B.

Coverdell ESA distributions. If you received a distribution from a Coverdell ESA, report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21f.

Grants paid to low-income individuals. California excludes grants paid to low-income individuals to construct or retrofit buildings to make them more energy efficient. Federal has no similar exclusion. Enter on line 21f, column B the amount of this type of income.

Health savings account (HSA) distributions for unqualified medical **expense.** Distributions from an HSA not used for qualified medical expenses. and included in federal income, are not taxable for California purposes. Enter the distribution not used for qualified medical expenses on line 21f, column B.

California National Guard Surviving Spouse & Children Relief Act of 2004. Death benefits received from the State of California by a surviving spouse/RDP or member-designated beneficiary of certain military personnel killed in the performance of duty is excluded from gross income. Military personnel include the California National Guard, State Military Reserve, or the Naval Militia. If you reported a death benefit on line 21, column A, enter the death benefit amount in column B.

Ottoman Turkish Empire settlement payments. If you received settlement payments as a person persecuted by the regime that was in control of the Ottoman Turkish Empire from 1915 until 1923 your gross income does not include those excludable settlement payments, or interest, received by you, your heirs, or your estate for payments received on or after January 1, 2005. If you reported settlement payments on line 21, column A, enter the amount of settlement payments in column B.

Mortgage forgiveness debt relief. California law does not conform to federal law regarding the discharge of indebtedness from the disposition of your principal residence occurring on or after January 1, 2013. Enter the amount of discharge on line 21f, column C.

Line 22 - Total

Add line 7 through line 21f in column B and column C. Enter the totals on line 22.

Line 23 through Line 31a and Line 32 through Line 35 - California law is the same as federal law with the exception of the following:

- Line 23 (Educator Expenses) California does not conform to federal law regarding educator expenses. Enter the amount from column A, line 23 to column B, line 23.
- Line 24 (Certain Business Expense of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee Basis Government Officials) – If claiming a depreciation deduction as an unreimbursed employee business expense on federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, or Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses, you may have an adjustment in column B or column C. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.
- Line 25 (Health Savings Account (HSA) Deduction) Federal law allows a deduction for contributions to an HSA account. California does not conform to this provision. Transfer the amount from column A, line 25, to column B, line 25.
- Line 31a (Alimony Paid) Enter the SSN or ITIN and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.
 - If you are a nonresident alien and did not deduct alimony on your federal tax return, enter the amount you paid in column C.
- Line 32 (IRA Deduction) If you are an active duty military servicemember domiciled outside of California, you may have an adjustment. See line 36.
- Line 33 (Student Loan Interest Deduction) California conforms to federal law regarding student loan interest deduction except for a spouse/RDP of a non-California domiciled military taxpayer residing in a community property state. Use the Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet to compute the amount to enter on line 33. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032.

Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet
1 Enter the total amount from Schedule CA (540),
line 33, column A. If the amount on line 1 is zero,
STOP. You are not allowed a deduction for California 1
2 Enter the total interest you paid in 2013
on qualified student loans but not more than \$2,500 here2
3 From Form 1040, add line 33
(student loan interest deduction) to line 37 (AGI). Enter the result here 3
4 Enter the total military income
included in federal adjusted gross
income (get FTB Pub. 1032)
5 Subtract line 4 from line 3 5
6 Enter the amount shown below for
your filing status.
 Single, head of household, or
qualifying widow(er) – \$60,000
• Married/RDP filing jointly – \$120,000 J 6
7 Is the amount on line 5 more than the amount on line 6?
\square No. Skip lines 7 and 8, enter -0- on
line 9, and go to line 10.
☐ Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 7
8 Divide line 7 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married/RDP filing
jointly). Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least
three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.0008
9 Multiply line 2 by line 8
O Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 9
from line 2
1 Student loan interest adjustment. If line 1 is less than
line 10, enter the difference here and on Schedule CA (540), line 33, column C11

- Line 34 (Tuition and Fees) California does not conform to federal law regarding the tuition and fees deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 34 to column B. line 34.
- Line 35 (Domestic Production Activities Deduction) California does not conform to the federal law regarding the domestic production activities deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 35, to column B, line 35.

Line 36 - Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in column B and column C.

If you claimed the foreign housing deduction, include that amount in the total you enter in column B, line 36. Enter the amount and "Form 2555" or "Form 2555-EZ" on the dotted line next to line 36.

If you are active duty military and not domiciled in California and your IRA deduction was limited because of a federal AGI limitation, recalculate your deduction excluding your active duty military pay. If the recalculated amount is larger than the amount on line 32, column A, enter the difference between the two amounts in column C, line 36. Enter the amount and "MPA Adjustment" on the dotted line next to line 36.

Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22 in column B and column C.

Also, transfer the amount from:

• Line 37, column B to Form 540, line 14

If column B is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to Form 540, line 16.

• Line 37, column C to Form 540, line 16

If column C is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to Form 540, line 14.

Part II Adjustments to Federal Itemized Deductions

Line 38 - Federal Itemized Deductions

Enter the total amount of itemized deductions from your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions, lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28.

Important: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, first complete and attach federal Schedule A (Form 1040). Then complete Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44.

Line 39 – State, Local, and Foreign Income Taxes; General Sales Tax Add the following amounts from federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and enter on line 39:

- Line 5, state and local income tax (including limited partnership tax and income or franchise tax paid by corporations), and State Disability Insurance (SDI) or state and local general sales tax.
- · Line 8, foreign income taxes.

Line 41 - Other Adjustments

Medical and Dental Expense Deduction – Federal has changed the allowable medical and dental expense deduction amount. For federal purposes, a deduction is allowed for unreimbursed allowable medical and dental expenses that exceeds 10% of federal AGI. California allows a deduction for medical and dental expenses that exceed 7.5% of federal AGI. To determine the amount of the itemized deduction adjustment:

- Calculate the medical and dental expense deduction for California.
- Calculate the medical and dental expense deduction for federal.
- Subtract the federal amount from the California amount. Enter the amount on line 41, as a positive number.

Adoption-Related Expenses – If you deducted adoption-related expenses on your federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and are claiming the adoption cost credit for the same amounts on your Form 540, enter the amount of the adoption cost credit claimed as a negative number on line 41.

Mortgage Interest Credit – If you reduced your federal mortgage interest deduction by the amount of your mortgage interest credit (from federal Form 8396, Mortgage Interest Credit), increase your California itemized deductions by the same amount. Enter the amount of your federal mortgage interest credit as a positive number on line 41.

Nontaxable Income Expenses – If, on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you claim expenses related to producing income taxed under federal law but not taxed by California, enter the amount as a negative number on line 41.

You may claim expenses related to producing income taxed by California law but not taxed under federal law by entering the amount as a positive number on line 41.

Employee Business Expense – If you completed federal Form 2106 or Form 2106-EZ, prepare a second set of forms reflecting your employee business expense using California amounts (i.e., following California law).

Generally, California law conforms with federal law and no adjustment is needed. However, differences occur when:

- Assets (requiring depreciation) were placed in service before January 1, 1987. Figure the depreciation based on California law.
- Federal employees were on temporary duty status. California does not
 conform to the federal provision that expanded temporary duties to
 include prosecution duties, in addition to investigative duties. Therefore,
 travel expenses paid or incurred in connection with temporary duty
 status (exceeding one year), involving the prosecution (or support of the
 prosecution) of a federal crime, should not be included in the California
 amount.

Compare federal Form 2106, line 10 or Form 2106-EZ, line 6 and the form completed using California amounts. If the federal amount is larger, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41. If the California amount is larger, enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.

Investment Interest Expense – Your California deduction for investment interest expense may be different from your federal deduction. Use form FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction, to figure the amount to enter on line 41.

Gambling Losses – California lottery losses are not deductible for California. Enter the amount of California lottery losses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

Federal Estate Tax – Federal estate tax paid on income in respect of a decedent is not deductible for California. Enter the amount of federal estate tax shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

Generation Skipping Transfer Tax – Tax paid on generation skipping transfers is not deductible under California law. Enter the amount of expenses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

State Legislator's Travel Expenses – Under California law, deductible travel expenses for state legislators include only those incurred while away from their place of residence overnight. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Qualified Charitable Contributions – Your California deduction may be different from your federal deduction. California limits the amount of your deduction to 50% of your federal adjusted gross income. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Charitable Contribution Carryover Deduction – If deducting a prior year charitable contribution carryover, and the California carryover is larger than the federal carryover, enter the additional amount as a positive number on line 41

Health Savings Account (HSA) Distributions – If you received a tax-free HSA distribution for qualified medical expenses, enter the qualified expenses paid that exceed 7.5% of federal AGI as an adjustment to itemized deductions. To determine the amount of the itemized deduction adjustment:

- Calculate the medical expense deduction for California.
- Calculate the medical expense deduction for federal.
- Subtract the federal amount from the California amount. Enter the amount on line 41, as a positive amount.

Carryover Deduction of Appreciated Stock Contributed to a Private Foundation prior to January 1, 2002 – If deducting a charitable contribution carryover of appreciated stock donated to a private operating foundation prior to January 1, 2002, and the fair market value allowed for federal purposes is larger than the basis allowed for California purposes, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Interest on Loans from Utility Companies – Taxpayers are allowed a tax deduction for interest paid or incurred on a public utility company financed loan that is used to purchase and install energy efficient equipment or products, including zone-heating products for a qualified residence located in California. Federal law has no equivalent deduction. Enter the amount as a positive number on line 41.

Private Mortgage Insurance (PMI) – If you took the deduction on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 13, then subtract the same amount on line 41.

Claim of Right – If you had to repay an amount that you included in your income in an earlier year, because at the time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to deduct the amount repaid from your income for the year in which you repaid it. Or, if the amount you repaid is more than \$3,000, you may take a credit against your tax for the year in which you repaid it, whichever results in the least tax.

If the amount repaid was not taxed by California, then no deduction or credit is allowed.

If you claimed a credit for the repayment on your federal tax return and are deducting the repayment for California, enter the allowable deduction as a positive amount on Schedule CA (540), line 41. Deductions of \$3,000 or less are subject to the 2% federal AGI limit.

If you deducted the repayment on your federal tax return and are taking a credit for California, enter the amount of the federal deduction as a negative amount on Schedule CA (540), line 41. To help you determine whether to take a credit or deduction, see the Repayment section of federal Publication 525, Taxable and Nontaxable Income. Remember to use the California tax rate in your computations. If you choose to take the credit instead of the deduction for California, add the credit amount on line 75, the total payment line, of the Form 540. To the left of the total, write "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit

Line 43 – California Itemized Deductions

Is the amount on Form 540, line 13 more than the amount shown below for your filing status?

Single or married/RDP filing separately	.\$172,615
Head of household	.\$258,927
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	.\$345,235

NO Transfer the amount from line 42 to line 43. Do not complete the

YES Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet below.

Note:

- If married or an RDP and filing a separate tax return, you and your spouse/RDP must either both itemize your deductions (even if the itemized deductions of one spouse/RDP are less than the standard deduction) or both take the standard deduction.
- · Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. See the instructions for "California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" on page 9 of the Form 540 Personal Income Tax Booklet to figure your standard deduction.

	Itemized Deductions Worksheet
	Amount from Schedule CA (540), line 42
	Subtract line 2 from line 1
5.	Amount from Form 540, line 13 5
6.	Enter the amount shown above for your filing status 6
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 5
8.	Multiply line 7 by 6% (.06)
	Compare line 4 and line 8. Enter the smaller amount here
10.	Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter here and on Schedule CA (540), line 43

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Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

Do not complete this schedule if all of your California gains (losses) are the same as your federal gains (losses). Name(s) as shown on return SSN or ITIN (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) Description of property Sales price Cost or other basis Gain Loss If (b) is more than (c), Identify S corporation stock Example: 100 shares of "Z" (S stock) If (c) is more than (b), subtract (b) from (c) subtract (c) from (b) 1 (**•**) ledownleft(lacksquareа \odot b (**•**) (**•**) lacksquarelacksquareC • \odot \odot \odot left(\odot (**•**) lacksquarelacksquareе • (**•**) (**•**) (**•**) ledowlacksquareg left \odot • \odot leftonh (**•**) • (•) lacksquare(**•**) \odot (•) (**•**) lacksquare \odot • (ullet)m (•) (**•**) \odot n (**•**) (**•**) \odot lacksquare0 (**•**) (**•**) (**•**) lacksquare \odot \odot \odot (**•**) \odot q (**•**) (**•**) \odot lacksquare(**•**) lacksquareS (**•**) (**•**) \odot lacksquare \odot u (**•**) (**•**) • \odot 3

6	California capital loss carryover from 2012, if any. See instructions	6	()	

ŏ	Combine line 4 and line 7. It a loss, go to line 9. It a gain, go to line 10	
9	If line 8 is a loss, enter the smaller of: (a) the loss on line 8.	
	(b) \$3,000 (\$1,500 if married/RDP filing separate). See instructions	9 ()
10	Enter the gain or (loss) from federal Form 1040, line 13	10
11	Enter the California gain from line 8 or (loss) from line 9	11
12	a If line 10 is more than line 11, enter the difference here and on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column B	. · • 12a
	b If line 10 is less than line 11, enter the difference here and on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column C	• 12b

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Instructions for California Schedule D (540)

California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP). unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

Purpose

Use California Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, only if there is a difference between your California and federal capital gains and losses.

Get FTB Pub. 1001, for more information about the following:

- Disposition of property inherited before 1987.
- Gain on the sale or disposition of a qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specific entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- Capital loss carryback.

Installment Sales. If you sold property at a gain (other than publicly traded stocks or securities) and you will receive a payment in a tax year after the year of sale, report the sale on the installment method unless you elect not to do so. Get form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income. Also, use that form if you received a payment in 2013, for an installment sale made in an earlier year.

You may elect not to use the installment sale method for California by reporting the entire gain on Schedule D (540) (or Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property, for business assets) in the year of the sale and filing your return on or before the due date.

At-Risk Rules and Passive Activity Limitations. If you dispose of (1) an asset used in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, or (2) any part of your interest in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, and the amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, get and complete federal Form 6198, At-Risk Limitations, using California amounts to figure your California deductible loss under the at-risk rules. Once a loss becomes allowable under the at-risk rules, it becomes subject to the passive activity rules. Get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations.

Specific Line Instructions

Line 1 – List each capital asset transaction.

Column (a) - Description of Property. Describe the asset you sold or exchanged.

Column (b) – Sales Price. Enter in this column either the gross sales price or the net sales price. If you received a Form 1099-B, Proceeds From Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions; Form 1099-S, Proceeds From Real Estate Transactions; or similar statement showing the gross sales price, enter that amount in column (b). However, if box 2a of Form 1099-B indicates that gross proceeds less commissions and option premiums were reported to the IRS, enter that net amount in column (b). If you entered the net amount in column (b), do not include the commissions and option premiums in column (c).

Column (c) - Cost or Other Basis. In general, the cost or other basis represents the cost of the property plus purchase commissions and improvements, minus depreciation, amortization, and depletion. Enter the cost or adjusted basis of the asset for California purposes. Use your records and California tax returns for years before 1987 to determine the California amount to enter in column (c). If you used an amount other than cost as the original basis, your federal basis may be different from your California basis. Other reasons for differences include:

- Depreciation Methods and Property Expensing Before 1987, California law disallowed the use of accelerated cost recovery system and disallowed the use of an asset depreciation range 20% above or below the standard rate. Before 1999, California had different limits on the expensing of property under IRC Section 179. California law permits rapid write-off of certain property such as solar energy systems, pollution control devices, and property used in an Enterprise Zone, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area, Targeted Tax Area, or Los Angeles Revitalization Zone.
- Inherited Property The California basis of property inherited from a decedent is generally the fair market value at the time of death.
- S Corporation Stock Prior to 1987, California law did not recognize S corporations; therefore, your California basis in S corporation stock may differ from your federal basis. In general, your California basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received after 1986, while your stock was California S corporation stock. Your federal basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received during the time your stock qualified for federal S corporation treatment. Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, any corporation with a valid federal S corporation election is considered an S corporation for California purposes. Existing law already requires federal C corporations to be treated as C corporations for California purposes.
- Special Credits California law authorizes special tax credits not allowed under federal law or computed differently under federal law. In many instances if you claimed special credits related to capital assets, you must reduce your basis in the assets by the amount of credit.
- Qualfied Small Business Stock California does not conform to the qualified small business stock deferral and gain exclusion under IRC Section 1045 and IRC Section 1202. Enter the entire gain realized in column (e).

Other adjustments may apply differently to the federal and California basis of your capital assets. Figure the original basis of your asset using the California law in effect when the asset was acquired, and adjust it according to provisions of California law in effect during the period of your ownership.

Line 2 – Net Gain or (Loss) Shown on California Schedule(s) K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568). Combine gain(s) and loss(es) from all California Schedule(s) K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568), Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. See California Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568) instructions for more information on capital gains and losses. Enter the net loss on line 2, column (d), or the net gain on line 2, column (e).

Line 3 – Capital Gain Distributions. If you receive federal Form 2439, Notice to Shareholder of Undistributed Long-Term Capital Gains, from a mutual fund, do not include the **undistributed** capital gain dividends on Schedule D (540). If you receive federal Form 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions, enter the amount of **distributed** capital gain dividends.

Line 6 – 2012 California Capital Loss Carryover. If you were a resident of California for all prior years, enter your California capital loss carryover from 2012. However, if you were a nonresident of California during any taxable year that generated a portion of your 2012 capital loss carryover, recalculate your 2012 capital loss carryover as if you resided in California for all prior years. Get FTB Pub. 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency, for more information. Enter your California capital loss carryover amount from 2012 on line 6.

Line 8 – Net Gain or Loss. If the amount on line 4 is more than the amount on line 7, subtract line 7 from line 4. Enter the difference as a gain on line 8.

If the amount on line 7 is more than the amount on line 4, subtract line 4 from line 7 and enter the difference as a negative amount on line 8.

Use the worksheet on this page to figure your capital loss carryover to 2013.

Line 9 – If line 8 is a net capital loss, enter the smaller of the loss on line 8 or \$3,000 (\$1,500 if you are married or an RDP filing a separate return).

Line 12a – Compare the amounts entered on line 10 and line 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column B.

For example:

Loss on line 10 is less than loss on line 11.

2000 011 11110 10 10 1000 111411 1000 011 11110 111	
Federal loss on line 10 is	(\$1,000)
California loss on line 11 is	(\$2,000)
Difference between line 10 and line 11	
Gain on line 10 and loss on line 11.	
Federal gain on line 10 is	\$3,000
California loss on line 11 is	(\$3,000)
Difference between line 10 and line 11	\$6,000

Line 12b – Compare the amounts on line 10 and 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column C.

For example: Loss on line 10 is more than loss on line 11. Difference between line 11 and line 10 \$1,000 Loss on line 10 and gain on line 11. Difference between line 10 and line 11 \$7,000 California Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet 1. Loss from Schedule D (540), line 11, stated as a 4. Subtract line 3 from line 2. If less than zero, enter as a negative amount......4 5. Combine line 1 and line 4. If less than zero, enter -0-.....5 _____

8. Subtract line 7 from line 6. This is your capital loss

TAXABLE YEAR

2013

CALIFORNIA FORM

Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments

3885A

Do not complete this form if your California depreciation amounts are the same as federal amounts.

		omplete this form it your Calif	ornia depreclation amou	ints are the same as te	derai amounts.		
Nam	e(s) as shown on tax return					SSN o	r ITIN
Par	t I Identify the Activity	as Passive or Nonpassive. (See instructions.)	Business or ac	ctivity to which form	FTB 3885A rel	lates
1	☐ This form is being cor	mpleted for a passive activity.					
	☐ This form is being cor	mpleted for a nonpassive acti	vity.				
Par	t II Election to Expense	Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179).				
2	Enter the amount from lin	ne 12 of the Tangible Property	/ Expense Worksheet in	the instructions		• 2	2
Par	t III Depreciation	(a) Description of property placed in service	(b) Date placed in service mm/dd/yyyy	(c) California basis for depreciation	(d) Method	(e) Life or rate	(f) California depreciation deduction
3							
5 6 7 8	Total California depreciati Total federal depreciation a If line 6 is more than b If line 6 is less than li	r assets placed in service price on from this activity. Add the from this activity. Enter depriline 7, enter the difference here 7, enter the difference here.	amounts on line 2, line eciation from federal Fo ere and see instructions e and see instructions.	4, and line 5		8a	6 7 a b
Par	t IV Amortization	(a) Description of cost	(b) Date amortization begins mm/dd/yyyy	(c) California basis for amortization		(e) Period or percentage	(f) California amortization deduction
9							
10	Total California amortizat	ion from this activity. Add the	amounts on line 9, colu	ımn (f)		10	D
11		costs that began before 201					
12	Total California amortizat	ion from this activity. Add the	amounts on line 10 and	d line 11		12	2
13	Total federal amortization	from this activity. Enter amo	rtization from federal Fo	orm 4562, line 44		13	3
14	a If line 12 is more than	n line 13, enter the difference	here and see instruction	18		148	a
	b If line 12 is less than	line 13, enter the difference h	nere and see instructions	3		141	

Instructions for Form FTB 3885A

Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2009, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

General Information

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The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Purpose

Use form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, **only** if there is a difference between the amount of depreciation and amortization allowed as a deduction using California law and the amount allowed using federal law. California law and federal law have not always allowed the same depreciation methods, special credits, or accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery periods or the basis on which the depreciation is figured for California may be different from the amounts used for federal purposes. You will probably have reportable differences if all or part of your assets were placed in service:

- Before January 1, 1987. California disallowed depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS). Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as in prior years for those assets.
- On or after January 1, 1987. California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. California did not conform to all changes to federal law enacted in 1993; therefore, the California basis or recovery periods may be different for some assets.
- On or after September 11, 2001. If you claimed the 30% additional depreciation for federal purposes, California has not conformed to the

federal Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 which allows taxpayers to take an additional first year depreciation deduction and Alternative Minimum Tax depreciation adjustment for property placed in service after September 10, 2001.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information on differences between California and federal law for the following items:

- Amortization of certain intangibles (IRC Section 197)
- Qualified Indian Reservation property
- Grapevines subject to Phylloxera or Pierce's disease
- Additional depreciation (IRC Section 168(k))
- Startup expenses (IRC Section 195)
- Asset expense election (IRC Section 179)

California generally conforms to the federal 2003 increase (IRC Section 280F) for the limitation on luxury automobile depreciation. In addition, SUVs and minivans built on a truck chassis are included in the definition of trucks and vans when applying the 6,000 pound gross weight limit. However, California does not conform to the federal increase to first-year depreciation for qualified vehicles placed in service in 2010.

Differences may also occur for other less common reasons, and the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) list them on the line for the type of income likely to be affected. Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about figuring and reporting these adjustments.

If reporting a difference for assets related to a passive activity, get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, for more information about passive activities.

Do not use form FTB 3885A to report depreciation expense from federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses. Instead, see the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 41.

Specific Line Instructions

Prepare and file a separate form FTB 3885A for each business or activity on your tax return that has a difference between California and federal depreciation or amortization. Enter the name of the business or activity in the space provided at the top of the form. If you need more space, attach additional sheets. However, complete Part II, Election to Expense Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179), only once.

Part I Identify the Activity as Passive or Nonpassive

Line 1 – Check the box to identify the activity as passive or nonpassive. A passive activity is any activity involving the conduct of any trade or business in which you did not materially participate. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.

If the activity is passive, use this form as a worksheet to figure the depreciation adjustment to carry to form FTB 3801. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities of persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. California did not conform to this provision.

Part II Election To Expense Certain Tangible Property

If you qualify, you may elect to expense part of the cost of depreciable personal property used in your trade or business and certain other property described in federal Publication 946, How to Depreciate Property. To qualify, you must have purchased property, as defined in the IRC Section 179(d)(2), and placed it in service during 2013, or have a carryover of unused cost from 2012. If you elect this deduction, you must reduce your California depreciable basis by the IRC Section 179 expense.

Federal limitation amounts are different than California limitation amounts. For California purposes, the maximum IRC Section 179 expense deduction allowed for 2013 is \$25,000.

Complete the worksheet in the next column to figure IRC Section 179 expense for California. Include all assets qualifying for the deduction because the limit applies to all qualifying assets as a group rather than to each asset individually. Refer to federal Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, for more information.

Ta	ingible Property Expense	Worksheet									
	 Maximum dollar limitation Total cost of Section 179 p Threshold cost of Section reduction in limitation 	2	\$25,000 \$200,000								
	 Reduction in limitation. Sulf zero or less, enter -0 Dollar limitation for tax yelf zero or less, enter -0 	4									
\vdash	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			J .							
H	(a) Description of property	(II) GUSI	(c) Elected cost								
\vdash	U										
-											
	7 Listed property (elected Set8 Total elected cost of Section		•								
	Add line 6 column (c) and 9 Tentative deduction. Enter										
- 1	O Carryover of disallowed de										
	1 Enter the smaller of busine or line 5										
1	12 Section 179 expense deduction for California. Add line 9 and line 10, but do not enter more than										
1	Add line 9 and line 10.	line 11. Also, enter the result on form FTB 3885A, line 2 12 _ Carryover of disallowed deduction to 2014. Add line 9 and line 10. Subtract line 12 from the result 13									

Part III Depreciation

Line 3 – Complete column (a) through column (f) for each tangible asset or group of assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis for assets on which you elected to take the Section 179 deduction. It will be the difference between line 6, column (b) and line 6, column (c) of the Tangible Property Expense Worksheet in Part II.

Line 8a and Line 8b – Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

Yes Enter the amount from line 8a or line 8b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).

No Include the amount from line 8a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business, activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss, activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming, activities.

Include the amount from line 8b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Part IV Amortization

Line 9 – Complete column (a) through column (f) for intangible assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis and the California recovery period.

Line 14a and Line 14b – Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

Yes Enter the amount from line 14a or line 14b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).

No Include the amount from line 14a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Include the amount from line 14b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

Instructions for Form FTB 3519

Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals

General Information

Mandatory Electronic Payments — You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original tax return with a total tax liability over \$80,000. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals who do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a 1% noncompliance penalty. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on the Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file tax return, or your credit card.

Use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, **only** if both of the following apply:

- You cannot file your 2013 tax return by April 15, 2014.
 Note: Fiscal Year Filers, your tax return is due the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of your fiscal year.
- You owe tax for 2013.

When you file your 2013 tax return, you can **e-file** or **CalFile**. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **e-file options**. If you use form FTB 3519, you **may not** file Form 540 2EZ or Short Form 540NR.

Use the worksheet below to determine if you owe tax. If you **do not** owe tax, **do not** complete or mail form FTB 3519. However, file your tax return by October 15, 2014. If you owe tax, choose one of the following payment options:

Web Pay: Individuals can make payments online using Web Pay for Individuals.
 After a one-time online registration, taxpayers can make an immediate payment or schedule payments up to a year in advance. Go to ftb.ca.gov for more information. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.

- Credit Card: Use your major credit card. Call 800.272.9829 or go to
 officialpayments.com, use code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a
 convenience fee for using this service. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.
- Check or Money Order: Using black or blue ink, complete your check or money order and the payment form below, mail both to the "Franchise Tax Board." Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Penalties and Interest

If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2014, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. We may waive the late payment penalty based on reasonable cause. Reasonable cause is presumed when 90% of the tax is paid by the original due date of the tax return. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2014, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest. Pay your additional tax with another TB 3519. If you do not file your tax return by October 15, 2014, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the tax return. For Fiscal Year Filers, your tax return is due the 15th day of the 10th month following the close of your fiscal year.

Taxpayers Residing or Traveling Outside the USA

If you are residing or traveling outside the USA on April 15, 2014, the deadline to file your tax return and pay the tax is June 16, 2014. Interest will accrue from the original due date until the date of payment. If you need additional time to file, you will be allowed a six-month extension without filing a request. To qualify for the extension, file your tax return by December 15, 2014. To avoid any late-payment penalties, pay your tax liability by June 16, 2014. When filing your tax return, write "Outside the USA on April 15, 2014" at the top of your tax return in RED INK, or include it according to your software's instructions.

	TAX F	PAYI	MENT WC	DRKSHEET KEEP FOR YO	OUR RECORE	S		
	Total tax you expect to owe. This is the amo	unt you	ı expect to enter	r on Form 540, line 64; or Long Form 540NR,	line 74	1		00
	a California income tax withheld (includ	ing rea	l estate and nor	nresident withholding)		00_		
	b California estimated tax payments and (To check your estimated tax payment			your 2012 tax return		00_		
						00_		ı
3	Total tax payments and credits. Add line 2	2a, line	2b, and line 2c			3		00
~	No. Stop here. You have no tax due. I extension will apply. Yes. Subtract line 3 from line 1 and en schedule your payment. If you meet th amount. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for FTB 3519 below, enter the tax due amount. The section is the "For" section. Enclose DETACH HERE DETACH HERE	ter on I e requi or man ount fro se, but	mail form FTB 3 ine 4. This is yo rements of the I datory epay. Fo m line 4 as the do not staple it Save IF NO PAYI	3519. If you file your tax return by October our tax due. For online payments, do not mai Mandatory e-Pay program, you must make a or check or money order payments, using ble "Amount of payment." Make it payable to the to the form and mail to: FRANCHISE TAX BO the stamp — pay online with Web Payment IS DUE, DO NOT MAIL THIS	15, 2014 (fiscal year fil- il the form, go to ftb.ca. all payments electronica ack or blue ink, complet he "Franchise Tax Board, DARD, PO BOX 942867, by!	gov and search to ly, regardless of e your check or a write your SSN SACRAMENTO	for web pay, and the tax year or money order and or ITIN and "20" CA 94267-0008.	form 13
				iscal year filers – see instructions)		0.4	ALIFORNIA FOR	
	One note not may be req		, ,					
	2013 Payment f	tor	Automa	atic Extension for I	ndividuals	3	519 (PI1	Γ)
For	r calendar year 2013 or fiscal year begir	nning (mm/dd/yyyy) _.	, and ending (mm/dd/	[/] yyyy)		-	
Υοι	ur first name	Initial	Last name			Your SSN or I	TIN	
lf jc	oint payment, spouse's/RDP's first name	Initial	Last name			Spouse's/RDF	P's SSN or ITIN	1
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	FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0008			If amount of payment is zero, do not mail this form	m } >	-	9	00
	For Privacy Notice get FTR 1131 F	NG/SE		1221133		FTR 3	519 2013	

2014 Estimated Tax for Individuals

File and Pay by April 15, 2014 **540-ES**

Fiscal year filers, enter year ending mo	onth:	Year 2015				
Your first name	Initial	Last name			Your SSN or ITIN	
If joint payment, spouse's/RDP's first name	Initial	Last name			Spouse's/RDP's SSN	or ITIN
Address (number and street, PO Box, or PMB no	.)				Apt no./Ste. no.	Payment
						l <u>-</u> *
City (If you have a foreign address, see instruction	ns)		State	ZIP Code		Form
						1
to the "Franchise Tax Board." Write your social security	numbe	for 2013. Using black or blue ink, make your check or more or individual taxpayer identification number and "2014 For AX BOARD, PO BOX 942867, SACRAMENTO CA 94267-	m 540-ES" o		unt of payment	
If no payment is due, do not mail this form.						00
See Section A of the instructions for an alternative to	using	this form.				00
For Privacy Notice, get FTB 1131 ENG	S/SP.	1201143		-	Form 540-ES	2013
	IF	NO PAYMENT IS DUE, DO NOT MAIL	THIS F	ORM	DETAC	CH HERE —

ONLINE SERVICES: Use

Use Web Pay and enjoy the ease of our free online payment service.

Go to $\ensuremath{\textit{ftb.ca.gov}}$ for more information. You can schedule your payments

up to one year in advance.

Do not mail this form if you use Web Pay.

2014 Estimated Tax for Individuals File and Pay by June 16, 2014 540-ES

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	ilers, enter year ending				Year 2015					
Your first name		Ini	tial Las	t name					Your SSN or ITIN	_
If joint payment,	spouse's/RDP's first name	Ini	tial Las	t name					Spouse's/RDP's S	SN or ITIN
Address (numbe	er and street, PO Box, or PM	IB no.)							Apt no./Ste. no.	Payment
City (If you have	a foreign address, see instr	uctions)					State	ZIP Code		Form 2
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	lue, do not mail this form. the instructions for an alternati	ive to usi	ng this f	orm.				_	,	00
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TAXABLE YEAR	CAUTION: You may be	required	d to pay	electronic	ally. See instruct	ions.			CAL	LIFORNIA FORM
2014	Estimated	Tax	fo	· Indi	viduals	File a	and Pay	by Jan. 1	5, 2015	540-ES
Fiscal year fi Your first name	ilers, enter year ending			t name	Year 2015				Your SSN or ITIN	
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Visit our website:

ftb.ca.gov

2014 Instructions for Form 540-ES Estimated Tax For Individuals

General Information

Installment Payments – Installments due shall be 30% of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, 40% of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and 30% of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.

You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original tax return with a total tax liability over \$80,000. Once you meet the threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. Individuals who do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a 1% noncompliance penalty. For more information go to ftb.ca.gov and search for **mandatory epay**. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on the Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file tax return, or your credit card.

Use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals, and the 2014 CA Estimated Tax Worksheet, to determine if you owe estimated tax for 2014 and to figure the required amounts. Estimated tax is the tax you expect to owe in 2014 after subtracting the credits you plan to take and tax you expect to have withheld.

If you need to make a payment for your 2013 tax liability or make a separate payment for any balance due on your 2013 tax return, use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals.

Certain taxpayers are limited in their use of the prior year's tax as a basis for figuring their estimated tax. See Section C below for more information. Check for estimated payments we've received at ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

Increasing your withholding could eliminate the need to make a large payment with your tax return. To increase your withholding, complete Employment Development Department (EDD) Form DE 4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer's appropriate payroll staff. You can get this form from your employer, or by calling EDD at 888.745.3886. You can download the Form DE 4 from EDD's website at edd.ca.gov or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for de 4

Form DE 4 specifically adjusts your California state withholding and is not the same as the federal Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.

Who Must Make Estimated Tax Payments

Generally, you must make estimated tax payments if you expect to owe at least \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately) in tax for 2014 (after subtracting withholding and credits) and you expect your withholding and credits to be less than the smaller of:

- 90% of the tax shown on your 2014 tax return. The tax shown on your 2013 tax return including Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT).

Note:

- You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2014 and did not have a California tax liability in 2013, see Section C for more information.
- If you are a military servicemember not domiciled in California, do not include your military pay in your computation of estimated tax payments. If you are the nonmilitary spouse of a servicemember you may or may not need to include your pay in your computation of estimated tax payments. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated tax payments, but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim all of the amount paid, or you may each claim part of the joint estimated payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the income tax returns so that the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpavers. The statements should be sent to:

JOINT ESTIMATE CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225 TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 **SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040**

Limit on the Use of Prior Year's Tax

Individuals who are required to make estimated tax payments, and whose 2013 California adjusted gross income is more than \$150,000 (or \$75,000 if married/ RDP filing separately), must figure estimated tax based on the lesser of 90% of their tax for 2014 or 110% of their tax for 2013 including AMT. This rule does not apply to farmers or fishermen.

Taxpayers with 2014 California adjusted gross income equal to or greater than 1,000,000 (or 0,000 if married/RDP filing separately), must figure estimated tax based on their tax for 2014.

D When to Make Your Estimated Tax Payments

Pay your estimated payments by the dates shown below:

1st payment April 15, 2014 3rd payment September 15, 2014 2nd payment June 16, 2014 4th payment . . . January 15, 2015 Filing an Early Tax Return In Place of the 4th Installment. If you file your 2014 tax return by January 31, 2015, and pay the entire balance due, you do not have to make your last estimated tax payment. In addition, you will not owe a penalty for the fourth installment.

Annualization Option. If you do not receive your taxable income evenly during the year, it may be to your advantage to annualize your income. This method allows you to match your estimated tax payments to the actual period when you earned the income. You may use the annualization schedule included with the 2013 form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries

Farmers and Fishermen. If you are a farmer or fisherman, and at least two-thirds of your 2013 and 2014 gross income is from farming or fishing, you may do either of the following:

Pay all of your estimated tax by January 15, 2015. File your tax return for 2014 on or before March 3, 2015, and pay the total tax due. In this case, you need not make estimated tax payments for 2014. Use the 2013 form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen, to determine if you paid the required estimated tax. If the estimated tax is underpaid, attach the completed form FTB 5805F to the back of your

Fiscal Year. If you file your tax return on a fiscal year basis, your due dates will be the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your fiscal year and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. If the due date falls on a weekend, or legal holiday, use the next business day.

Mental Health Services Tax. If your taxable income or nonresident CA source taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, complete the worksheet below.

A. Taxable income from Form 540, line 19, or Long Form 540NR, line 35	
B. Less: . C. Subtotal	\$(1,000,000)
D. Tax rate – 1%. E. Mental Health Services Tax – Multiply line C by line D.	
Enter this amount here and on line 17 of the 2014 CA Estimated Tax Worksheet, on the next page.	

How to Use Form 540-ES Payment Form

Use the CA Estimated Tax Worksheet and your 2013 California income tax return as a guide for figuring your 2014 estimated tax. Be sure that the amount shown on line 21 of the CA Estimated Tax Worksheet has been reduced by any overpaid tax on your 2013 tax return which you chose to apply toward your 2014 estimated tax payment.

- If you filed Form 540 2EZ for 2013, do not use the Form 540 2EZ instructions to figure amounts on this worksheet. Instead, get the 2013 California 540 Personal Income Tax Booklet
- Complete the Record of Estimated Tax Payments on the next page for your files.
- Paying your tax:
 - Web Pay Make a payment online or schedule a future payment (up to one year in advance), go to **ftb.ca.gov** for more information. **Do not mail** Forms 540-ES to us.
 - Credit card Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for pay by credit card or call 800.272.9829. You will be charged a fee for this service.

Do not mail Forms 540-ES if you pay by credit card.

Check or money order – There is a separate payment form for each due date. Be sure you use the form with the correct due date shown in the top margin of the form.

Fiscal year filers: Enter the month of your fiscal year end (located directly below the form's title).

Print your name, address, and social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) in the space provided on Form 540-ES. If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

Complete the amount of payment line of the form by entering the amount of the payment that you are sending. Using black or blue ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Write your SSN or ITIN and "2014 Form 540-ES" on it and mail to the address on the form.

Make all checks and money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

Failure to Make Estimated Tax Payments

If you do not make the required estimate payments, if you pay an installment after the date it is due, or if you underpay any installment, a penalty may be assessed on the portion of estimated tax that was underpaid from the due date of the installment to the date of payment or the due date of your tax return, whichever is earlier. Get the 2013 form FTB 5805 for more information

20 ⁻	14 California Estimated Tax Worksheet Keep this worksheet f	or your recor	ds.		
	Residents: Enter your estimated 2014 California AGI. Nonresidents and part-			014	
	total AGI from all sources. Military servicemember/spouses, get FTB Pub. 10				1
2	a If you plan to itemize deductions, enter the estimated total of your itemized	•	•		
	b If you do not plan to itemize deductions, enter the standard deduction for y				
	\$3,906 single or married/RDP filing separately		-		
	\$7,812 married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(6	er)	2h		
	c Enter the amount from line 2a or line 2b, whichever applies				2c
2	Subtract line 2c from line 1				3
	Tax. Figure your tax on the amount on line 3 using the 2013 tax table for Forn				·
7	Also include any tax from form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Child			ETB 3803	
	Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends				4
_	Residents: Skip to line 6a. Nonresidents and part-year residents:				4
J	a Enter your estimated California taxable income from Schedule CA (540NR)	Dort IV line 4	n		Eo.
					5a
	b Compute the CA Tax Rate: <u>Tax on total taxable income from line 4</u> Total taxable income from line 3				5b
					Fo
	c Multiply the amount on line 5a by the CA Tax Rate on line 5b				5c
b	a Residents: Enter the exemption credit amount from the 2013 instructions				6a
_	b Nonresidents or part-year residents: Enter the CA credit proration percentage.				6b
	Nonresidents: CA prorated exemption credits. Multiply the total exemption cr				
	Residents: Subtract line 6a from line 4. Nonresidents or part-year residents				
	Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts. See instructions for form FTB 587				
	Add line 8 and line 9				
11	Credits for joint custody head of household, dependent parent, senior head o				11
	Nonresidents and part-year residents: For the child and dependent care exp		•		
	Long Form 540NR, line 50. For the other credits listed on line 11, multiply the		-		40
	Subtract line 11 from line 10.				
	Other credits (such as other state tax credit). See the 2013 instructions for Fo				
	Subtract line 13 from line 12.				
	Interest on deferred tax from installment obligations under IRC Sections 453				
	Alternative Minimum Tax. See Schedule P (540 or 540NR)				
	Mental Health Services Tax Worksheet, line E (on page 1 of these instructions	•			
	2014 Estimated Tax. Add line 14 through line 17. Enter the result, but not less				18
19	a Multiply line 18 by 90% (.90). Farmers and fishermen multiply line 18 by 6	0 2/3% (.0007)	19a		
	b Enter the sum of line 48, line 61, and line 62 from your 2013 Form 540		10h		
	or the sum of line 63, line 71, and line 72 from your Long Form 540NR				100
	c Enter the amount from your 2013 Form 540 line 17; or Long Form 540NR, d Is the amount on line 19c more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 if married/RDP fili				196
	Yes. Go to line 19e. No. Enter the lesser of line 19a or line 19b. Skip line				104
	e Multiply 110% (1.10) by the sum of line 48, line 61, and line 62 from your		•		19u
	sum of line 63, line 71, and line 72 from your Long Form 540NR				100
	f Enter the lesser of line 19a or line 19e and go to line 20 (If your California				196
	\$1,000,000/\$500,000 for married filing separately, use line 19a.)	•	•		10f
	Caution: Generally, if you do not prepay at least the amount on line 19d (or 1)				191
	penalty for not paying enough estimated tax. To avoid a penalty, make sure yo		, , ,		
	possible. If you prefer, you may pay 100% of your 2014 estimated tax (line 18			. 410 40	
20	California income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2014 (inc		a on pensions, annuiti	es. etc.)	20
	Balance . Subtract line 20 from line 19d (or line 19f if no amount on line 19d)				
	if married/RDF filing separately), you do not have to make a payment at this t		•		21
22	Installment amount . Multiply the amount on line 21 by 30%. Enter the result				
	Multiply the amount on line 21 by 40%. Enter the result on the 2nd installment				
	installment payment. If you will earn your income at an uneven rate during th	•		•	der paragraph D.
Re	ecord of Estimated Tax Payments	· · ·			
		nount paid (d) 2	2013 overpayment applied	(e) Total amount pa	nid and credited add (c) and (d)
1	\$	\$		\$	
2					
3					
4					
Tot	al	\$		\$	

CALIFORNIA FORM

2013 Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit

3506

	ach to your California Form 540 or Long Fone(s) as shown on tax return	orm 540NR.		Iss	N or ITIN				
						_			
	rt I Unearned Income and Other Funds Red URCE OF INCOME/FUNDS	AMOUNT	SOURCE OF INCOME/	FUNDS			AMO	DUNT	
•		•	•						
_		•	•						
_	II Deverse or Organizations M/ha Dravida	d the Care in California Var.	nuet commiste this next	Caa inatuu	otiono				
1	rt II Persons or Organizations Who Provide Enter the following information for each person If you need more space, attach a separate specific provided in the control of th	ı or organization that provided ca t.					-	e credit.	
_	Cana avaidar'a nama	Provider				Pro	ovider		
	Care provider's name			•					
	Care provider's address (number, street, apt. no., city, state, and ZIP Code)			•					
C.	Care provider's telephone number	()		• ()				
_	Is provider a person or organization?	🗌 Person 🔲 Organizatio	n	● □	Person	Org	ganization		
	Identification number (SSN, ITIN, or FEIN)			•					
	Address where care was provided (number, street, apt. no., city, state, and ZIP Code) PO Box not acceptable.)		•					
g.	Amount paid for care provided			•					
Dic	you receive dependent care benefits?	▶▶▶▶ No. Compl	ete Part III below.						
_		<u>.</u>	ete Part IV on Side 2	before yo	u comple	ete Par	t III.		
	rt III Credit for Child and Dependent Care Ex								
2 1	nformation about your <mark>qualifying person(s).</mark> S (a)	ee instructions. (b)	(c)		(d)		(6	e)	
Firs	Qualifying person's name	Qualifying persor social security number (See instructions	n's Qualifying p r (SSN) date of t	oirth (dd/yyyy)	Percenta physical o (See instr	age of custody	Qualified ex incurred and pa the qualifyin care in C	penses you aid in 2013 ng person's	for
•	•	•	DOB: Disabled		•		•	amornia .	
			DOB: Disabled	lVoo					
_			DISABIEU DOB:	1162	•				
•	•	•	● Disabled □		•		•		
3	Add the amounts in column (e) of line 2. Do not or more qualifying persons. If you completed 5				two	3			00
4	Enter YOUR earned income. See instructions.					4			00
	Nonresidents: Enter only your earned income fro California sources, stop , you do not qualify for the Part-year residents: Enter the total of (1) your ea nonresident and (2) all earned income received w	e credit. Military servicemembers, ırned income from California sour rhile you were a resident. Military s	see instructions. rces received while you w servicemembers, see instr	ere a ructions.					
5	If married or an RDP filing a joint return, enter		, , ,		1				
	student or was disabled, see the instructions.) Nonresidents: Enter only your spouse's/RDP's ea earned income from California sources, stop, you Part-year residents: Enter the total of (1) your sp she was a nonresident and (2) all earned income to the control of the control	rned income from California sour I do not qualify for the credit. Milita bouse's/RDP's earned income from	rces. If your spouse/RDP ary servicemembers, see a California sources recei	does not ha line 4 instri ved while h	ave uctions.	5			00
e	servicemembers, see line 4 instructions. Enter the smallest of line 3, line 4, or line 5					6			00
	Enter the decimal amount shown in the chart of					7		X	100
	Multiply line 6 by the decimal amount on line 7					8		Λ	00
9	Enter the decimal amount listed in the chart of					9		X	
	Multiply the amount on line 8 by the decimal at					10			00
	Credit for prior year expenses paid in 2013. Se					11			00
12	Add line 10 and line 11. Enter the amount here ar	nd on Form 540, line 40; or Long I	Form 540NR, line 50		●[12			00

	rt IV Dependent Care Benefits					
13	Enter the total amount of dependent care benefits you received for 2013. This amoun					
	your Form(s) W-2. Do not include amounts that were reported to you as wages in bo	٠,,	-			
	self-employed or a partner, include amounts you received under a dependent care as		•			
	sole proprietorship or partnership			13		0(
	Enter the amount, if any, you carried over from 2012 and used in 2013 during the gra			14		0
	Enter the amount, if any, you forfeited or carried forward to 2014			15	() 00
	Combine line 13 through line 15			16		00
17	Enter the total amount of qualified expenses incurred in 2013 for the					
	care of the qualifying person(s) . See instructions	17	00	-		
	Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17	18	00			
	Enter YOUR earned income.	19	00			
20	If married or an RDP filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S/RDP's earned					
	income (if your spouse/RDP was a student or was disabled, see the instructions					
	for line 5); if married or an RDP filling a separate tax return, see the instructions					
	for the amount to enter; all others , enter the amount from line 19	20	00			
	Enter the smallest of line 18, line 19, or line 20	21	00			
22	Enter \$5,000 (\$2,500 if married or an RDP filing separately and you were required					
	to enter your spouse's/RDP's earned income on line 20)	22	00			
23	Enter the amount from line 13 that you received from your sole proprietorship or par					
	any amounts, enter -0-			23		00
	Subtract line 23 from line 16		00			
	Deductible benefits. Enter the smallest of line 21, line 22, or line 23			25		0(
	Excluded benefits. Subtract line 25 from the smaller of line 21 or line 22. If zero or le			26		0(
	Taxable benefits. Subtract line 26 from line 24. If zero or less, enter -0			27		0(
	Enter \$3,000 (\$6,000 if two or more qualifying persons)			28		0
	Add line 25 and line 26			29		0(
30	Subtract the amount on line 29 from the amount on line 28. If zero or less, stop . You					
	Exception – If you paid 2012 expenses in 2013, see instructions for line 11			30		0(
	Complete Side 1, Part III, line 2. Add the amounts in column (e) and enter the total he			31		0(
	Enter the amount from your federal Form 2441, Part III, line 31			32		0(
33	Enter the smaller of line 30, line 31, or line 32. Also, enter this amount on Side 1, Pa					
147-	complete line 4 through line 12			33		0
	rksheet – Credit for 2012 Expenses Paid in 2013	basa symanasa s				
١.	Enter your 2012 qualified expenses paid in 2012. If you did not claim the credit for t				4	
0	tax return, get and complete a 2012 form FTB 3506 for these expenses. You may ne					
2.						
3.						
4.					. 4	
5.	, . , . , . ,				E	
6	(from your 2012 form FTB 3506, Part IV, line 26)					
6. 7						
7. 8.					. 1	
0.	a joint tax return, enter your earned income		-		Ω	
Ω	Enter the amount from your 2012 form FTB 3506, Side 1, Part III, line 6					
	Subtract amount on line 9 from amount on line 8 and enter the result. If zero or less				. J	
ı U.	Captiant amount on the 5 from amount of fill of and offer the foods. If 2610 of 1655	, στορ ποιο. του	ournior moledae			

12.

11. Enter your 2012 federal adjusted gross income (AGI) (from your 2012 Form 540, line13;

Instructions for Form FTB 3506

Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit

General Information

Attach the completed form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, to your Form 540. California Resident Income Tax Return, or Long Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return, if you claim the child and dependent care expenses credit.

For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2011 the child and dependent care expenses credit is nonrefundable.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California RDP, unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP, they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

A Purpose

You may qualify to claim the 2013 credit for child and dependent care expenses, if you (and your spouse/RDP) paid someone in California to care for your child or other qualifying person while you worked or looked for employment. You must have earned income to do so. If you qualify to claim the credit, use form FTB 3506 to figure the amount of your credit.

If you received dependent care benefits for 2013 but do not qualify to claim the credit, you are not required to complete form FTB 3506. For additional definitions, requirements, and instructions, get federal Form 2441, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.

Differences in California and Federal Law

The differences between California and federal law are as follows:

- California allows this credit only for care provided in California.
- If you were a nonresident, you must have earned wages from working in California or earned self-employment income from California business activities.
- The California credit is a percentage of the federal credit.
- RDPs may file a joint California return and claim this credit. For more information, get FTB Pub. 737.

Qualifications

You may take the credit if all eight of the following apply.

- 1. If you are married or an RDP, you must file a joint tax return. For an exception, see Section E, Married Persons or RDPs Filing Separate
- 2. Care must be provided in California for one or more qualifying persons. See Section D, Qualifying Person Defined.
- 3. You paid for care so you (and your spouse/RDP) could work or look for work. However, if you did not find a job and have no earned income, you do not qualify for the credit. If your spouse/RDP was a student or disabled, see the instructions for Part III, line 5.
- 4. You (and your spouse/RDP) must have earned income (wages or selfemployment income) during the year. See the instructions for Part III, line 4, for more information on earned income.
- 5. You and the qualifying person(s) live in the same home for more than
- 6. The person who provided care was not your spouse/RDP, the parent of your qualifying child, or a person for whom you can claim a dependent exemption. If your child provided the care, the child must have been age 19 or older by the end of 2013.
- You report the required information about the care provider(s) in Part II, line 1, and the information about the qualifying person(s) in Part III, line 2.
- Your federal adjusted gross income is \$100,000 or less.

Qualifying Person Defined

Rules for Most People

A qualifying person is:

- 1. A child under age 13 who meets the requirements to be your dependent as a Qualifying Child. A child who turned 13 during the year qualifies only for the part of the year when he or she was 12 years old.
- Your spouse/RDP who was physically or mentally incapable of self-care.
- Any person who was physically or mentally incapable of self-care and either:
 - a. Was your dependent.
 - b. Would have been your dependent except that:
 - i. He or she received gross income of \$3,900 or more.
 - ii. He or she filed a joint tax return.
 - iii. You, or your spouse/RDP if filing a joint tax return, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2013 tax return.

Qualifying Child

A Qualifying Child is a child who meets all of the following tests:

- Relationship Test The child must be your son, daughter, stepchild, adopted child, eligible foster child, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of one of these. An adopted child includes a child who has been lawfully placed with you for legal adoption even if the adoption is not yet final. An eligible foster child must be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by a court.
- Age Test For the purposes of qualifying for the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, the child must be under 13.
- Residency Test The child must live with you for more than half the
- Support Test The child must not have provided more than half of his or her own support.
- Joint Return Test The child must not have filed a joint federal or state income tax return with his or her spouse/RDP.
- **Citizenship Test** The child must be a citizen or national of the U.S. or a resident of the U.S., Canada, or Mexico.

Tie-Breaker Rul	es: Qualifying Child of More Than One Person*						
	e claimed as a qualifying child by two or more e taxable year, the following rules apply:						
If	Then the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the						
Only one of the persons is the child's parent	Parent.						
Both of the persons are the child's parent	Parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time during the year.						
but they do not file a joint return	If the child lived with both parents for the same amount of time, the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income for the year.						
The child's parents can claim the child as a qualifying person but neither parent does	Person with the highest adjusted gross income (AGI) of all persons claiming the child, but only if that person's AGI is higher than the highest AGI of any of the child's parents.						
No parent can claim the child as a qualifying child	Person with the highest adjusted gross income of all persons claiming the child.						

^{*}These rules assume all other qualifying child requirements are satisfied.

Divorced, RDP Terminated, Separated, or Never-Married Parents For divorced, RDP terminated, separated, or never-married parents, special rules apply in determining if your child meets the requirements to be your qualifying person. When parents file separate returns, only one parent qualifies to claim a child as a qualifying person.

Even if both parents pay for child care for the same child, both parents cannot qualify for the credit. Some custody agreements designate which parent is entitled to the credit. However, the designated parent must meet all the qualifications in Section C, Qualifications, to claim the credit. To verify that your child meets the requirements to be your qualifying person, use the table below.

RULES FOR DIVORCED, RD NEVER-MA	P TERMINATED, SEPARA RRIED PARENTS	ATED, OR
IF	AND	THEN
ALL four of the following apply: 1. Your child was under 13 and/or physically or mentally incapable of self-care when the care was provided.	You were the custodial parent and you can claim the dependent exemption credit for the child.	The child is your qualifying person.
children turning 13 during the year qualify only for the part of the year they were 12 years old. 2. One of the following applies a. You are divorced, legally separated, or have terminated a registered domestic partnership. b. You are separated under a written separation agreement. c. You and the other parent lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of the year. (This includes parents never married to each other.) 3. One or both parents had	You were the custodial parent and under the provisions of a decree of divorce, legal separation, termination of registered domestic partnership, or a written separation agreement, the noncustodial parent claimed the dependent exemption credit, or you signed a statement releasing the dependent exemption credit to the noncustodial parent.	The child is your qualifying person.
custody of the child for more than half the year. 4. One or both parents provided more than half the child's support for the year.	You are not the custodial parent.	The child is not your qualifying person.
One or more of the four statements above do not apply.		Use the "Rules for Most People" in Section D.

Custodial Parent and Noncustodial Parent. The custodial parent is the parent with whom the child lived for the greater number of nights during the year. The other parent is the noncustodial parent. If the child lived with each parent for an equal number of nights during the year, the custodial parent is the parent with the higher adjusted gross income.

Parent Works at Night. If, due to a parent's night-time work schedule, a child lives for a greater number of days, but not nights, with the parent who works at night, that parent is treated as the custodial parent. On a school day, the child is treated as living at the primary residence registered with the school.

E Married Persons or RDPs Filing Separate Tax Returns

Generally, if you are married or an RDP, you must file a joint tax return to claim the credit. However, you can take the credit on your separate tax return if:

- 1. You meet all three requirements below:
 - You lived apart from your spouse/RDP at all times during the last six months of 2013.
 - The qualifying person(s) lived in your home more than half of 2013.
 - You provided over half the cost of keeping up your home.
- 2. You meet all the other qualifications in Section C, Qualifications.

F Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

 You must complete and attach Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, to your tax return, Long Form 540NR. If Part I of Schedule CA (540NR) is not fully completed, we may disallow your credit.

- Nonresidents must have earned income from California sources to qualify for the credit. A nonresident servicemember's military wages are considered earned income from a California source for the purpose of qualifying for the credit.
- Part-year residents must have earned income while a California resident or earned income from California sources while a nonresident to qualify for the credit.

G Military Personnel

For the purposes of this credit, active duty pay is considered earned income from California sources, regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in California. The federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the credit requirements for spouses of military servicemembers. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel

Specific Line Instructions

Part I, Unearned Income and Other Funds Received in 2013

List the source and amount of **any** money you received in 2013 that is not included in your earned income (Part III, line 4 and line 5) but that was used to support your household. Include child support, property settlements, public assistance benefits, court awards, inheritances, insurance proceeds, pensions and annuities, social security payments, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, interest, and dividends.

Part II, Persons or Organizations Who Provided the Care in California

Line 1

Complete line 1a through line 1g for each person or organization that provided the care in California. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit. Use federal Form W-10, Dependent Care Provider's Identification and Certification, or any other source listed in the instructions for federal Form W-10 to get the information from your care provider. If your provider does not give you the information, complete as much of the information as possible and explain that your provider did not give you the information you requested.

If you do not give correct and complete information, we may disallow your credit unless you can show you used due diligence in trying to get the required information.

Lines 1a through Line 1c

Enter your California care provider's complete name (or business name), address, and telephone number (including the area code). If you do not give complete information, we may disallow your credit. We may contact your care provider to verify the information you provide.

If you were covered by your employer's dependent care plan and your employer furnished the care (either at your workplace or by hiring a care provider), enter your employer's name on line 1a. Next, enter "See W-2" on line 1b. Complete line 1c through line 1f. Then leave line 1g blank. But, if your employer paid a third party (not hired by your employer) on your behalf to provide care, you must provide information on the third party on line 1a through line 1g.

Line 1d

For each care provider, check one box indicating whether the care provider is a person or organization.

Line 1e

If your care provider is	Then enter on line 1e
An individual	The provider's social security number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN).
Not an individual	The provider's federal employer identification number (FEIN).
A tax-exempt organization	"Tax-exempt."

Line 1f

Enter the complete physical address where the care was provided. A post office box is not acceptable. If you do not provide correct or complete information, your credit may be disallowed. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit.

Line 1g

Enter the total amount you actually paid in 2013 to your care provider for care provided in California. Also include amounts your employer paid to a third party on your behalf. It does not matter when the expenses were incurred. **Do not** reduce this amount by any reimbursement you received.

We may ask you to provide proof of payment. Cash payments without verifiable documentation may not be accepted.

Part III, Credit for Child and Dependent Care **Expenses**

Line 2

Complete column (a) through column (e) for each qualifying person for whom care was provided in California. If claiming more than three qualifying persons, attach a sheet of paper to your tax return with the required information and write "see attached." Write your name and SSN or ITIN on the sheet.

Column (a)

Enter each qualifying person's name.

Enter each qualifying person's SSN. Verify that the name and SSN match the qualifying person's social security card to avoid the reduction or disallowance of your credit. If the person was born in, and later died in, 2013, and does not have a SSN, enter "Deceased" in column (b) and attach a copy of the person's birth and death certificates.

Enter the qualifying person's date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy) in the space provided or if the qualifying person is disabled (physically or mentally incapable of self-care), check the "Yes" box. Incomplete information could result in a delay or disallowance of your credit.

Column (d)

If you shared custody of the qualifying person(s), enter the percentage of time you possessed physical custody during 2013. If you have 50% or less physical custody of your child, you **do not** qualify for the credit.

Column (e)

Enter the qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 2013 for the qualifying person(s). Include only the qualified expenses for care provided in California. If the child turned 13 years old during the year, include only the qualified expenses for the part of the year the child was 12 years old.

Do not include in column (e) qualified expenses:

- You incurred in 2013 but did not pay until 2014. You may be able to use these expenses to increase your 2014 credit.
- You incurred in 2012 but did not pay until 2013. Instead, see instructions
- You prepaid in 2013 for care to be provided in 2014. These expenses may only be used to figure your 2014 credit.

A qualified expense does not include the amount you paid for education (school tuition) or the amount you received through a subsidy program.

Qualified Expenses are amounts paid for the care of your qualifying person while you worked or looked for work.

Qualified expenses include:	Qualified expenses do not include:
The cost of care for the qualifying person's well-being and protection. If care was provided by a dependent care center, the center must meet all applicable state and local regulations. Cost of pre-school or similar program below the kindergarten level. Day camp, even if it specialized in a particular activity, such as soccer.	 Child support payments. Payments made to the parent of your qualifying child. Payments made to your spouse/RDP. Payments made to your child who is under age 19 at the end of the year, even if he or she is not your dependent. Payments made to a dependent for whom you (or your spouse/RDP) can claim a dependent exemption. Expenses paid by or reimbursed through a subsidy program. Cost for education (school tuition) at the kindergarten level and above. Overnight camp.

Line 4

Ea	arned income includes:	Earned income does not include:	
•	Wages, salary, tips, and other taxable employee compensation, as well as, military compensation including compensation for service in a combat zone. Net earnings from self-employment. Strike benefits. Disability payments you report as wages. Active duty pay received by servicemembers of the armed forces is considered earned income regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in this state or elsewhere.	 Dividends Capital gains Unemployment compensation Public assistance California service income excluded under the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act. 	

Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents Only: Earned income from California sources includes:

- Wages, salary, tips, and other taxable employee compensation for working in California, as well as, military compensation including compensation for service in a combat zone.
 - Net earnings from self-employment from California business activities.
- Strike benefits related to California employment.
- Disability payments you report as California wages.
- Active duty pay received by servicemembers of the armed forces is considered earned income regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in this state or elsewhere.

Earned income does not include:

- Pensions or annuities
- Social security payments
- Workers' compensation
- Interest
- Dividends
- Capital gains
- Unemployment compensation
- Public assistance
- California service income excluded under the Military Spouses Residency Relief Act.

Line 5

Spouse/RDP Who Was a Student or Disabled

Your spouse/RDP was a **student** if he or she was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 2013. A school does not include a night school or correspondence school.

Your spouse/RDP was **disabled** if he or she was not capable of self-care. Figure your spouse's/RDP's earned income on a monthly basis.

For each month your spouse/RDP was a full-time student or disabled, enter on line 5 the larger of the following:

- Your spouse's/RDP's actual earned income for that month.
- \$250 (\$500, if you have 2 or more qualifying persons).

If, in the same month, both you and your spouse/RDP qualified as either full-time students or disabled, only one of you receive treatment as having earned income of \$250 (or \$500) in that month. For any month that your spouse/RDP was not a full-time student or disabled, use your spouse's/RDP's actual earned income for that month.

Line 7

Use the chart below to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 7. Your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) is on Form 540, line 13 or Long Form 540NR, line 13. For military personnel domiciled outside of California, use your federal AGI less your military pay to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 7.

lf your Federal AGI is: Over	But not over	The decimal amount on Line 7 is:
\$0	\$15,000	.35
15,000	17,000	.34
17,000	19,000	.33
19,000	21,000	.32
21,000	23,000	.31
23,000	25,000	.30
25,000	27,000	.29
27,000	29,000	.28
29,000	31,000	.27
31,000	33,000	.26
33,000	35,000	.25
35,000	37,000	.24
37,000	39,000	.23
39,000	41,000	.22
41,000	43,000	.21
43,000	No limit	.20

Line 9

Use the chart below to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 9. For military personnel domiciled outside of California, use your federal AGI less your military pay to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 9.

If your federal AGI from Fol line 13 or Long Form 540N	rm 540, R, line 13 is:	The decimal amount to enter on Line 9 is:
\$40,000 or less Over \$40,000 but not ove	r \$70 000	.50 .43
Over \$70,000 but not over		.34
Over \$100,000	Stop. You do not qu	alify for this credit.

Line 11

If you had qualified expenses for care that was provided in 2012 that you paid for in 2013, you may be able to increase your credit for 2013. Complete the Worksheet on Side 2 of form FTB 3506. See Worksheet instructions on this page.

Part IV, Dependent Care Benefits

Line 13

Dependent care benefits are:

- Amounts an employer paid directly to you (or your spouse/RDP), or to your care provider for the care of your qualifying person(s), while you worked.
- A day-care facility provided by your employer.
- · Generally deducted from your salary.
- Shown in box 10 of your 2013 Form(s) W-2.

Line 14

Enter the amount from federal Form 2441, line 13.

Line 15

If you had a flexible spending account, any amount included on line 13 that you did not receive because you did not incur the expense is considered forfeited. **Do not** include amounts you expect to receive at a future date.

Line 17

Enter the total of all qualified expenses incurred in 2013. It does not matter when the expenses were paid.

A qualified expense does not include the amount you paid for education (school tuition) or the amount you received through a subsidy program.

Example: You received \$2,000 cash under your employer's dependent care plan for 2013. The \$2,000 is shown in box 10 of your Form W-2. You incurred \$900 of qualified expenses in 2013 for the care of your 3-year-old dependent child. Enter \$900 on line 17, but report the entire \$2,000 on line 13.

For all other lines, follow specific line instructions on the form. For additional information, get federal Form 2441 or federal Publication 503, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.

Line 20

If you are married or an RDP filing a separate return and you meet the requirements of Section E, Married Persons Filing Separate Returns, item 1, then enter your earned income from line 19. On line 22, enter \$5,000.

If you were married or an RDP and filed a separate return but did not meet the requirements of Section E, Married Persons Filing Separate Returns, item 1, then enter **your spouse's/RDP's earned income**. If your spouse/RDP was a student or disabled in 2013, see the instructions for line 5. On line 22, enter \$2,500.

Worksheet – Credit for 2012 Expenses Paid in 2013

You will need a copy of your 2012 California tax return to complete the worksheet.

Line 12 and line 14

You need the 2012 form FTB 3506 instructions to complete the Credit for 2012 Expenses Paid in 2013 Worksheet, on Side 2. Forms are available at **ttb.ca.gov** or by calling 800.338.0505.

Line 12

Enter the decimal amount from the chart in the line 7 instructions of the **2012** form FTB 3506 that corresponds to your **2012** federal adjusted gross income.

Line 14

Enter the decimal amount from the chart in the line 9 instructions of the **2012** form FTB 3506 that corresponds to your **2012** California adjusted gross income.

2013 California Tax Table

To Find Your Tax:

- Read down the column labeled "If Your Taxable Income Is ..." to find the range that includes your taxable income from Form 540, line 19.
- Read across the columns labeled "The Tax For Filing Status" until you find the tax that applies for your taxable income and filing status.

Filing sta	atus: 1 or 3	(Single; N	/larried/RDP	Filing S	eparately)	2 or 5	(Married/F	RDP Filing J	ointly; Q	ualifying V	Vidow(er))	4 (Hea	d of House	hold)
If Your T			e Tax For ng Status		If Your Ta Income			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta Income I			e Tax Foring Status	
At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is
\$1 51 151 251 351	150 250 350	\$0 1 2 3 4	\$0 1 2 3 4	\$0 1 2 3 4	6,451 6,551 6,651 6,751 6,851	6,550 6,650 6,750 6,850 6,950	65 66 67 68 69	65 66 67 68 69	65 66 67 68 69	12,951 13,051 13,151 13,251 13,351	13,050 13,150 13,250 13,350 13,450	184 186 188 190 192	130 131 132 133 134	130 131 132 133 134
451 551 651 751 851	650 750 850	5 6 7 8 9	5 6 7 8 9	5 6 7 8 9	6,951 7,051 7,151 7,251 7,351	7,050 7,150 7,250 7,350 7,450	70 71 72 73 74	70 71 72 73 74	70 71 72 73 74	13,451 13,551 13,651 13,751 13,851	13,550 13,650 13,750 13,850 13,950	194 196 198 200 202	135 136 137 138 139	135 136 137 138 139
951 1,051 1,151 1,251 1,351	1,150 1,250 1,350	10 11 12 13 14	10 11 12 13 14	10 11 12 13 14	7,451 7,551 7,651 7,751 7,851	7,550 7,650 7,750 7,850 7,950	75 76 78 80 82	75 76 77 78 79	75 76 77 78 79	13,951 14,051 14,151 14,251 14,351	14,050 14,150 14,250 14,350 14,450	204 206 208 210 212	140 141 142 143 144	140 141 142 143 144
1,451 1,551 1,651 1,751 1,851	1,650 1,750 1,850	15 16 17 18 19	15 16 17 18 19	15 16 17 18 19	7,951 8,051 8,151 8,251 8,351	8,050 8,150 8,250 8,350 8,450	84 86 88 90 92	80 81 82 83 84	80 81 82 83 84	14,451 14,551 14,651 14,751 14,851	14,550 14,650 14,750 14,850 14,950	214 216 218 220 222	145 146 147 148 149	145 146 147 148 149
1,951 2,051 2,151 2,251 2,351	2,150 2,250 2,350	20 21 22 23 24	20 21 22 23 24	20 21 22 23 24	8,451 8,551 8,651 8,751 8,851	8,550 8,650 8,750 8,850 8,950	94 96 98 100 102	85 86 87 88 89	85 86 87 88 89	14,951 15,051 15,151 15,251 15,351	15,050 15,150 15,250 15,350 15,450	224 226 228 230 232	150 151 152 154 156	150 151 152 154 156
2,451 2,551 2,651 2,751 2,851	2,650 2,750 2,850	25 26 27 28 29	25 26 27 28 29	25 26 27 28 29	8,951 9,051 9,151 9,251 9,351	9,050 9,150 9,250 9,350 9,450	104 106 108 110 112	90 91 92 93 94	90 91 92 93 94	15,451 15,551 15,651 15,751 15,851	15,550 15,650 15,750 15,850 15,950	234 236 238 240 242	158 160 162 164 166	158 160 162 164 166
2,951 3,051 3,151 3,251 3,351	3,150 3,250 3,350	30 31 32 33 34	30 31 32 33 34	30 31 32 33 34	9,451 9,551 9,651 9,751 9,851	9,550 9,650 9,750 9,850 9,950	114 116 118 120 122	95 96 97 98 99	95 96 97 98 99	15,951 16,051 16,151 16,251 16,351	16,050 16,150 16,250 16,350 16,450	244 246 248 250 252	168 170 172 174 176	168 170 172 174 176
3,451 3,551 3,651 3,751 3,851	3,650 3,750 3,850	35 36 37 38 39	35 36 37 38 39	35 36 37 38 39	9,951 10,051 10,151 10,251 10,351	10,050 10,150 10,250 10,350 10,450	124 126 128 130 132	100 101 102 103 104	100 101 102 103 104	16,451 16,551 16,651 16,751 16,851	16,550 16,650 16,750 16,850 16,950	254 256 258 260 262	178 180 182 184 186	178 180 182 184 186
3,951 4,051 4,151 4,251 4,351	4,350	40 41 42 43 44	40 41 42 43 44	40 41 42 43 44	10,451 10,551 10,651 10,751 10,851	10,550 10,650 10,750 10,850 10,950	134 136 138 140 142	105 106 107 108 109	105 106 107 108 109	16,951 17,051 17,151 17,251 17,351	17,050 17,150 17,250 17,350 17,450	264 266 268 270 272	188 190 192 194 196	188 190 192 194 196
4,451 4,551 4,651 4,751 4,851	4,650 4,750 4,850	45 46 47 48 49	45 46 47 48 49	45 46 47 48 49	10,951 11,051 11,151 11,251 11,351	11,050 11,150 11,250 11,350 11,450	144 146 148 150 152	110 111 112 113 114	110 111 112 113 114	17,451 17,551 17,651 17,751 17,851	17,550 17,650 17,750 17,850 17,950	274 276 278 280 282	198 200 202 204 206	198 200 202 204 206
4,951 5,051 5,151 5,251 5,351	5,150 5,250 5,350	50 51 52 53 54	50 51 52 53 54	50 51 52 53 54	11,451 11,551 11,651 11,751 11,851	11,550 11,650 11,750 11,850 11,950	154 156 158 160 162	115 116 117 118 119	115 116 117 118 119	17,951 18,051 18,151 18,251 18,351	18,050 18,150 18,250 18,350 18,450	285 289 293 297 301	208 210 212 214 216	208 210 212 214 216
5,451 5,551 5,651 5,751 5,851	5,650 5,750 5,850	55 56 57 58 59	55 56 57 58 59	55 56 57 58 59	11,951 12,051 12,151 12,251 12,351	12,050 12,150 12,250 12,350 12,450	164 166 168 170 172	120 121 122 123 124	120 121 122 123 124	18,451 18,551 18,651 18,751 18,851	18,550 18,650 18,750 18,850 18,950	305 309 313 317 321	218 220 222 224 226	218 220 222 224 226
5,951 6,051 6,151 6,251 6,351	6,150 6,250 6,350	60 61 62 63 64	60 61 62 63 64	60 61 62 63 64	12,451 12,551 12,651 12,751 12,851	12,550 12,650 12,750 12,850 12,950	174 176 178 180 182	125 126 127 128 129	125 126 127 128 129	18,951 19,051 19,151 19,251 19,351	19,050 19,150 19,250 19,350 19,450	325 329 333 337 341	228 230 232 234 236	228 230 232 234 236

Continued on next page.

2013 California Tax Table - Continued

			<u>Married/RDF</u>	P Filing S				RDP Filing Jo	ointly; Q				d of House	hold)
Your Ta			e Tax For ng Status		If Your Talencome			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta			e Tax For ng Status	
t east	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4
19,451	19,550	345	238	238	26,451	26,550	625	378	378	33,451	33,550	1,007	518	51
19,551 19,651	19,650 19,750	349 353	240 242	240 242	26,551 26,651	26,650 26,750	629 633	380 382	380 382	33,551 33,651	33,650 33,750	1,013 1,019	520 522	52 52
19,751	19,850	357	244	244	26,751	26,850	637	384	384	33,751	33,850	1,015	524	52
19,851	19,950	361	246	246	26,851	26,950	641	386	386	33,851	33,950	1,031	526	52
19,951	20,050	365	248	248	26,951	27,050	645	388	388	33,951	34,050	1,037	528	52
20,051 20,151	20,150 20,250	369 373	250 252	250 252	27,051 27,151	27,150 27,250	649 653	390 392	390 392	34,051 34,151	34,150 34,250	1,043 1,049	530 532	53 53
20,251	20,350	377	254	254	27,251	27,350	657	394	394	34,251	34,350	1,055	534	53
20,351	20,450	381	256	256	27,351	27,450	661	396	396	34,351	34,450	1,061	536	53
20,451 20,551	20,550 20,650	385 389	258 260	258 260	27,451 27,551	27,550 27,650	665 669	398 400	398 400	34,451	34,550	1,067	538	53
20,551	20,650	393	262	262	27,651	27,750	673	400	400	34,551 34,651	34,650 34,750	1,073 1,079	540 542	54 54
20,751	20,850	397	264	264	27,751	27,850	677	404	404	34,751	34,850	1,085	544	54
20,851	20,950	401	266	266	27,851	27,950	681	406	406	34,851	34,950	1,091	546	54
20,951 21,051	21,050 21,150	405 409	268 270	268 270	27,951 28,051	28,050 28,150	685 689	408 410	408 410	34,951 35,051	35,050 35,150	1,097 1,103	548 550	54 55
21,151	21,250	413	272	272	28,151	28,250	693	412	412	35,151	35,250	1,109	552	55
21,251	21,350	417	274	274	28,251	28,350	697	414	414	35,251	35,350	1,115	554 556	55
21,351	21,450	421	276	276	28,351	28,450	701	416	416	35,351	35,450	1,121	556	55
21,451 21,551	21,550 21,650	425 429	278 280	278 280	28,451 28,551	28,550 28,650	707 713	418 420	418 420	35,451 35,551	35,550 35,650	1,127 1,133	558 560	58 56
21,651	21,750	433	282	282	28,651	28,750	719	422	422	35,651	35,750	1,139	562	56
21,751 21,851	21,850 21,950	437 441	284 286	284 286	28,751 28,851	28,850 28,950	725 731	424 426	424 426	35,751 35,851	35,850 35,950	1,145 1,151	564 566	50 50
21,951	22,050	445	288	288	28,951	29,050	737	428	428	35,951	36,050	1,157	569	56
2,051	22,050	449	290	290	29,051	29,050	743	430	430	36,051	36,150	1,163	573	5
2,151	22,250	453	292	292	29,151	29,250	749	432	432	36,151	36,250	1,169	577	5
2,251 2,351	22,350 22,450	457 461	294 296	294 296	29,251 29,351	29,350 29,450	755 761	434 436	434 436	36,251 36,351	36,350 36,450	1,175 1,181	581 585	58 58
2,451	22,550	465	298	298	29,451	29,550	767	438	438	36,451	36,550	1,187	589	58
22,551	22,650	469	300	300	29,551	29,650	773	440	440	36,551	36,650	1,193	593	59
22,651 22,751	22,750 22,850	473 477	302 304	302 304	29,651 29,751	29,750 29,850	779 785	442 444	442 444	36,651 36,751	36,750 36,850	1,199 1,205	597 601	59 60
22,851	22,950	481	304	304	29,851	29,950	791	446	446	36,851	36,950	1,203	605	60
22,951	23,050	485	308	308	29,951	30,050	797	448	448	36,951	37,050	1,217	609	60
23,051	23,150	489	310	310	30,051	30,150	803	450	450	37,051	37,150	1,223	613	6′
23,151 23,251	23,250 23,350	493 497	312 314	312 314	30,151 30,251	30,250 30,350	809 815	452 454	452 454	37,151 37,251	37,250 37,350	1,229 1,235	617 621	6′ 62
23,351	23,450	501	316	316	30,351	30,450	821	456	456	37,351	37,450	1,241	625	62
23,451	23,550	505	318	318	30,451	30,550	827	458	458	37,451	37,550	1,247	629	62
23,551 23,651	23,650 23,750	509 513	320 322	320 322	30,551 30,651	30,650 30,750	833 839	460 462	460 462	37,551 37,651	37,650 37,750	1,253 1,259	633 637	63 63
23,751	23,850	513	324	324	30,751	30,750	845	462 464	464	37,751	37,750 37,850	1,265	641	64
23,851	23,950	521	326	326	30,851	30,950	851	466	466	37,851	37,950	1,271	645	64
23,951	24,050	525	328	328	30,951	31,050	857	468	468	37,951	38,050	1,277	649	64
24,051 24,151	24,150 24,250	529 533	330 332	330 332	31,051 31,151	31,150 31,250	863 869	470 472	470 472	38,051 38,151	38,150 38,250	1,283 1,289	653 657	65 65
24,251	24,350	537	334	334	31,251	31,350	875	474	474	38,251	38,350	1,295	661	66
4,351	24,450	541	336	336	31,351	31,450	881	476	476	38,351	38,450	1,301	665	66
24,451 24,551	24,550 24,650	545 549	338 340	338 340	31,451 31,551	31,550 31.650	887 893	478 480	478 480	38,451 38,551	38,550 38,650	1,307 1,313	669 673	66 67
24,651	24,750	553	342	342	31,651	31,750	899	482	482	38,651	38,750	1,319	677	67
4,751 4,851	24,850 24,950	557 561	344 346	344 346	31,751 31,851	31,850 31,950	905 911	484 486	484 486	38,751 38,851	38,850 38,950	1,325 1,331	681 685	68 68
4,051	25,050	565	348	348	31,951	32,050	917	488	488	38,951	39,050	1,337	689	68
25,051	25,150	569	350	350	32,051	32,150	923	490	490	39,051	39,150	1,343	693	69
25.151	25,250	573	352	352	32,151	32,250	929	492	492	39,151	39,250	1,349	697	69
25,251 25,351	25,350 25,450	577 581	354 356	354 356	32,251 32,351	32,350 32,450	935 941	494 496	494 496	39,251 39,351	39,350 39,450	1,355 1,362	701 705	70 70
25,451	25,550	585	358	358	32,451	32,550	947	498	498	39.451	39,550	1,370	709	70
25,551	25,650	589	360	360	32,551	32,650	953	500	500	39,551	39,650	1,378	713	7′
25,651 25,751	25,750 25,850	593 597	362 364	362 364	32,651 32,751	32,750 32,850	959 965	502 504	502 504	39,651 39,751	39,750 39,850	1,386 1,394	717 721	7′ 72
25,851	25,950	601	366	366	32,851	32,950	971	506	506	39,851	39,950	1,402	725	72
25,951	26,050	605	368	368	32,951	33,050	977	508	508	39,951	40,050	1,410	729	72
26,051	26,150	609	370	370	33,051	33,150	983	510	510	40,051	40,150	1,418	733	73
26,151	26,250 26,350	613 617	372 374	372 374	33,151 33,251	33,250 33,350	989 995	512 514	512 514	40,151 40,251	40,250 40,350	1,426 1,434	737 741	73 74
26,251		011	J. T	∵ ,	33,351	33,450	1,001	516	516	40,351	40,450	.,		74

Page 60 Personal Income Tax Booklet 2013

2013 California Tax Table - Continued

	atus: 1 or 3			P Filing S				RDP Filing		1			d of House	
f Your T ncome			e Tax For ing Status		If Your T			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta	I		ie Tax Foi ing Statu	
At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4	At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4	At	But Not	1 Or 3	2 Or 5	4
_east	Over	Is	Is	Is	Least	Over	Is	Is	Is	Least	Over	Is	Is	Is
40,451	40,550	1,450	749	749	47,451	47,550	2,010	1,029	1,052	54,451	54,550	2,631	1,309	1,472
40,551	40,650	1,458	753	753	47,551	47,650	2,018	1,033	1,058	54,551	54,650	2,640	1,313	1,478
40,651	40,750	1,466	757	757	47,651	47,750	2,026	1,037	1,064	54,651	54,750	2,650	1,317	1,484
40,751	40,850	1,474	761	761	47,751	47,850	2,034	1,041	1,070	54,751	54,850	2,659	1,321	1,490
40,851	40,950	1,482	765	765	47,851	47,950	2,042	1,045	1,076	54,851	54,950	2,668	1,325	1,496
40,951	41,050	1,490	769	769	47,951	48,050	2,050	1,049	1,082	54,951	55,050	2,677	1,329	1,502
41,051	41,150	1,498	773	773	48,051	48,150	2,058	1,053	1,088	55,051	55,150	2,687	1,333	1,508
41,151	41,250	1,506	777	777	48,151	48,250	2,066	1,057	1,094	55,151	55,250	2,696	1,337	1,514
41,251	41,350	1,514	781	781	48,251	48,350	2,074	1,061	1,100	55,251	55,350	2,705	1,341	1,520
41,351	41,450	1,522	785	785	48,351	48,450	2,082	1,065	1,106	55,351	55,450	2,715	1,345	1,520
41,451	41,550	1,530	789	789	48,451	48,550	2,090	1,069	1,112	55,451	55,550	2,724	1,349	1,53
41,551	41,650	1,538	793	793	48,551	48,650	2,098	1,073	1,118	55,551	55,650	2,733	1,353	1,53
	41,750	1,546	797	797	48,651	48,750	2,106	1,077	1,124	55,651	55,750	2,743	1,357	1,54
41,751	41,850	1,554	801	801	48,751	48,850	2,114	1,081	1,130	55,751	55,850	2,752	1,361	1,55
41,851		1,562	805	805	48,851	48,950	2,122	1,085	1,136	55,851	55,950	2,761	1,365	1,55
41,951	42,050	1,570	809	809	48,951	49,050	2,130	1,089	1,142	55,951	56,050	2,770	1,369	1,56
42,051	42,150	1,578	813	813	49,051	49,150	2,138	1,093	1,148	56,051	56,150	2,780	1,373	1,56
42,151	42,250	1,586	817	817	49,151	49,250	2,146	1,097	1,154	56,151	56,250	2,789	1,377	1,57
42,251	42,350	1,594 1,602	821 825	821 825	49,251	49,350	2,154	1,101	1,160 1,166	56,251	56,350	2,798	1,381	1,58 1,58
42,351 42,451	42,450 42,550	1,610	829	829	49,351 49,451	49,450 49,550	2,162	1,105 1,109	1,172	56,351 56,451	56,450 56,550	2,808	1,385 1,389	1,50
42,551	42,650	1,618	833	833	49,551	49,650	2,178	1,113	1,178	56,551	56,650	2,826	1,393	1,59
42,651	42,750	1,626	837	837	49,651	49,750	2,186	1,117	1,184	56,651	56,750	2,836	1,397	1,60
42,751	42,850	1,634	841	841	49,751	49,850	2,194	1,121	1,190	56,751	56,850	2,845	1,402	1,61
42,851 42,951	42,950 43,050	1,642 1,650	845 849	845 849	49,851 49,951	49,950 50,050	2,203	1,125 1,129	1,196 1,202	56,851 56,951	56,950 57,050	2,854	1,408 1,414	1,61 1,62
43,051	43,150	1,658	853	853	50,051	50,150	2,222	1,133	1,208	57,051	57,150	2,873	1,420	1,62
43,151	43,250	1,666	857	857	50,151	50,250	2,231	1,137	1,214	57,151	57,250	2,882	1,426	1,63
43,251	43,350	1,674	861	861	50,251	50,350	2,240	1,141	1,220	57,251	57,350	2,891	1,432	1,64
43,351	43,450	1,682	865	865	50,351	50,450	2,250	1,145	1,226	57,351	57,450	2,901	1,438	1,64
43,451	43,550	1,690	869	869	50,451	50,550	2,259	1,149	1,232	57,451	57,550		1,444	1,65
43,551	43,650	1,698	873	873	50,551	50,650	2,268	1,153	1.238	57,551	57,650	2,919	1,450	1,66 1,67
43,651	43,750	1,706	877	877	50,651	50,750	2,278	1,157	1,244	57,651	57,750	2,929	1,456	1,67
43,751	43,850	1,714	881	881	50,751	50,850	2,287	1,161	1,250	57,751	57,850	2,938	1,462	
43,851	43,950	1,722	885	885	50,851	50,950	2,296	1,165	1,256	57,851	57,950	2,947	1,468	1,68
43,951	44,050	1,730	889	889	50,951	51,050	2,305	1,169	1,262	57,951	58,050	2,956	1,474	
44,051	44,150	1,738	893	893	51,051	51,150	2,315	1,173	1,268	58,051	58,150	2,966	1,480	1,70
44,151	44,250	1,746	897	897	51,151	51,250	2,324	1,177	1,274	58,151	58,250	2,975	1,486	1,71
44,251	44,350	1,754	901	901	51,251	51,350	2,333	1,181	1,280	58,251	58,350	2,984	1,492	1,71
44,351	44,450	1,762	905	905	51,351 51,451	51,450 51,550	2,343	1,185	1,286	58,351	58,450	2,994	1,498 1,504	1,72
44,451 44,551	44,550 44,650	1,770 1,778	909 913	913	51,551	51,650	2,352 2,361	1,189 1,193	1,292 1,298	58,451 58,551	58,550 58,650	3,003 3,012	1,510	1,73 1,74
44,651	44,850	1,786	917	917	51,651	51,750	2,371	1,197	1,304	58,651	58,750	3,022	1,516	1,75
44,751		1,794	921	921	51,751	51,850	2,380	1,201	1,310	58,751	58,850	3,031	1,522	1,75
44,851		1,802	925	925	51,851	51,950	2,389	1,205	1,316	58,851	58,950	3,040	1,528	1,76
44,951	45,150	1,810	929	929	51,951	52,050	2,398	1,209	1,322	58,951	59,050	3,049	1,534	1,77
45,051		1,818	933	933	52,051	52,150	2,408	1,213	1,328	59,051	59,150	3,059	1,540	1,78
45,151	45,250	1,826	937	937	52,151	52,250	2,417	1,217	1,334	59,151	59,250	3,068	1,546	1,79
45,251	45,350	1,834	941	941	52,251	52,350	2,426	1,221	1,340	59,251	59,350	3,077	1,552	1,79
45,351	45,450	1,842	945	945	52,351	52,450	2,436	1,225	1,346	59,351	59,450	3,087	1,558	1,80
45,451	45,650	1,850	949	949	52,451	52,550	2,445	1,229	1,352	59,451	59,550	3,096	1,564	1,81
45,551		1,858	953	953	52,551	52,650	2,454	1,233	1,358	59,551	59,650	3,105	1,570	1,82
45,651	45.850	1,866	957	957	52,651	52,750	2,464	1,237	1,364	59,651	59,750	3,115	1,576	1,83
45,751		1,874	961	961	52,751	52,850	2,473	1,241	1,370	59,751	59,850	3,124	1,582	1.83
45,851	45,950	1,882	965	965	52,851	52,950	2,482	1,245	1,376	59,851	59,950	3,133	1,588	1,83 1,84
45,951	46,150	1,890	969	969	52,951	53,050	2,491	1,249	1,382	59,951	60,050	3,142	1,594	1,85
46,051		1,898	973	973	53,051	53,150	2,501	1,253	1,388	60,051	60,150	3,152	1,600	1,86
46,151	46,250	1,906	977	977	53,151	53,250	2,510	1,257	1,394	60,151	60,250	3,161	1,606	1,87
46,251		1,914	981	981	53,251	53,350	2,519	1,261	1,400	60,251	60,350	3,170	1,612	1,87
46,351	46,450	1,922	985	986	53,351	53,450	2,529	1,265	1,406	60,351	60,450	3,180	1,618	1,88
46,451	46,550	1,930	989	992	53,451	53,550	2,538	1,269	1,412	60,451	60,550	3,189	1,624	1,89
46,551	46,650	1,938	993	998	53,551	53,650	2,547	1,273	1,418	60,551	60,650	3,198	1,630	1,90
46,651	46,750	1,946	997	1,004	53,651	53,750	2,557	1,277	1,424	60,651	60,750	3,208	1,636	1,91
46,751		1,954	1,001	1,010	53,751	53,850	2,566	1,281	1,430	60,751	60,850	3,217	1,642	1,91
46,851	46,950	1,962	1,005	1,016	53,851	53,950	2,575	1,285	1,436	60,851	60,950	3,226	1,648	1,92
46,951		1,970	1,009	1,022	53,951	54,050	2,584	1,289	1,442	60,951	61,050	3,235	1,654	1,93
47,051		1,978	1,013	1,028	54,051	54,150	2,594	1,293	1,448	61,051	61,150	3,245	1,660	1,94
47,151	47,250	1,986	1,017	1,034	54,151	54,250	2,603	1,297	1,454	61,151	61,250	3,254	1,666	1,95 1,95
47,251	47,350	1,994	1,021	1,040	54,251	54,350	2,612	1,301	1,460	61,251	61,350	3,263	1,672	1,96
47,351	47,450	2,002	1,025	1,046	54,351	54,450	2,622	1,305	1,466	61,351	61,450	3,273	1,678	
												Conti	nued on i	next pa

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2013 California Tax Table - Continued

	atus: 1 or 3			P Filing S	1			RDP Filing J	iointly; Q				d of House	
Your Toome	axable Is		ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta Income			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta Income			e Tax For ing Status	
t east	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	í
61,451	61,550	3,282	1,684	1,975	68,451	68,550	3,933	2,104	2,545	75,451	75,550	4,584	2,524	3,19
61,551 61,651	61,650 61,750	3,291 3,301	1,690 1,696	1,983 1,991	68,551 68,651	68,650 68,750	3,942 3,952	2,110 2,116	2,554 2,563	75,551 75,651	75,650 75,750	4,593 4,603	2,530 2,536	3,20 3,21
61,751 61,851	61,850	3,310 3,319	1,702 1,708	1,999 2,007	68,751	68,850 68,950	3,961 3,970	2,122 2,128	2,573 2,582	75,751 75,851	75,850 75,950	4,612	2,542 2,548	3,22 3,23
61,951	61,950 62.050	3,328	1,714	2,007	68,851 68,951	69,050	3,970	2,126	2,502	75,951	76,050	4,621 4,630	2,554	3,24
32,051	62,150	3,338	1,720	2,023	69,051	69,150	3,989	2,140	2,601	76,051	76,150	4,640	2,560	3,2
52,151 52,251	62,250 62,350	3,347 3,356	1,726 1,732	2,031 2,039	69,151 69,251	69,250 69,350	3,998 4,007	2,146 2,152	2,610 2,619	76,151 76,251	76,250 76,350	4,649 4,658	2,566 2,572	3,26 3,2
52,351	62,450	3,366	1,738	2,047	69,351	69,450	4,017	2,158	2,629	76,351	76,450	4,668	2,578	3,28
62,451 62,551	62,550 62,650	3,375 3,384	1,744 1,750	2,055 2,063	69,451 69,551	69,550 69,650	4,026 4,035	2,164 2,170	2,638 2,647	76,451 76,551	76,550 76,650	4,677 4,686	2,584 2,590	3,25 3,25
32,651	62,750	3,394	1,756	2,071	69,651	69,750	4.045	2,176	2,656	76,651	76,750	4,696	2,596	3,3
32,751 32,851	62,850 62,950	3,403 3,412	1,762 1,768	2,079 2,087	69,751 69,851	69,850 69,950	4,054 4,063	2,182 2,188	2,666 2,675	76,751 76,851	76,850 76,950	4,705 4,714	2,602 2,608	3,3
52,951	63,050	3,421	1,774	2,095	69,951	70,050	4,072	2,194	2,684	76,951	77,050	4,723	2,614	3,33
33,051 33,151	63,150 63,250	3,431 3,440	1,780 1,786	2,103 2,111	70,051 70,151	70,150 70,250	4,082 4,091	2,200 2,206	2,694 2,703	77,051 77,151	77,150 77,250	4,733 4,742	2,620 2,626	3,3 3,3
3,251	63,350	3,449	1,792 1,798	2,119	70,251	70,350	4,100	2,212	2,712	77,251	77,350	4,751	2,632	3,3 3,3
3,351 3,451	63,450 63,550	3,459	1,804	2,127 2,135	70,351 70,451	70,450	4,110 4,119	2,218	2,722	77,351 77,451	77,450 77,550	4,761 4,770	2,638	3,3
3,551	63,650	3,477	1,810	2,143	70,551	70,650	4,128	2,230	2,740	77,551	77,650	4,779	2,650	3,3
3,651 3,751	63,750 63,850	3,487 3,496	1,816 1,822	2,151 2,159	70,651 70,751	70,750 70,850	4,138 4,147	2,236 2,242	2,749 2,759	77,651 77,751	77,750 77,850	4,789 4,798	2,656 2,662	3,4 3,4
3,851	63,950	3,505	1,828	2,167	70,851	70,950	4,156	2,248	2,768	77,851	77,950	4,807	2,668	3,4
3,951 4,051	64,050 64,150	3,514 3,524	1,834 1,840	2,175 2,183	70,951 71,051	71,050 71,150	4,165 4,175	2,254 2,260	2,777 2,787	77,951 78,051	78,050 78,150	4,816 4,826	2,674 2,680	3,42 3,43
4,151	64,250	3,533	1,846	2,191	71,151	71,250	4,184	2,266	2,796	78,151	78,250	4,835	2,686	3.4
4,251 4,351	64,350 64,450	3,542 3,552	1,852 1,858	2,199 2,207	71,251 71,351	71,350 71,450	4,193 4,203	2,272 2,278	2,805 2,815	78,251 78,351	78,350 78,450	4,844 4,854	2,692 2,698	3,4 3,4
4,451	64,550	3,561	1,864	2,215	71,451	71,550	4,212	2,284	2,824	78,451	78,550	4,863	2,704	3,4
4,551 4,651	64,650 64,750	3,570 3,580	1,870 1,876	2,223 2,231	71,551 71,651	71,650 71,750	4,221 4,231	2,290 2,296	2,833 2,842	78,551 78,651	78,650 78,750	4,872 4,882	2,710 2,716	3,4 3,4
4,751	64,850	3,589	1,882	2,239	71,751	71,850	4,240	2,302	2,852	78,751	78,850	4,891	2,723	3,5
4,851 4,951	64,950 65,050	3,598	1,888 1,894	2,247	71,851 71,951	71,950 72,050	4,249 4,258	2,308	2,861	78,851 78,951	78,950 79,050	4,900 4,909	2,731	3,5
5,051	65,150	3,617	1,900	2,263	72,051	72,150	4.268	2,320	2,880	79,051	79,150	4,919	2,747	3.5
5,151 5,251	65,250 65,350	3,626 3,635	1,906 1,912	2,271 2,279	72,151 72,251	72,250 72,350	4,277 4,286	2,326 2,332	2,889 2,898	79,151 79,251	79,250 79,350	4,928 4,937	2,755 2,763	3,5 3,5
5,351	65,450	3,645	1,918	2,287	72,351	72,450	4,296	2,338	2,908	79,351	79,450	4,947	2,771	3,5
65,451 65,551	65,550 65,650	3,654 3,663	1,924 1,930	2,295 2,303	72,451 72,551	72,550 72,650	4,305 4,314	2,344 2,350	2,917 2,926	79,451 79,551	79,550 79,650	4,956 4,965	2,779 2,787	3,50 3,5
65,651		3,673	1,936	2,311	72,651	72,750	4,324	2,356	2,935	79,651	79,750	4,975	2,795	3,5
55,751 55,851		3,682 3,691	1,942 1,948	2,319 2,327	72,751	72,850 72,950	4,333 4,342	2,362 2,368	2,945 2,954	79,751	79,850 79,950	4,984 4,993	2,803 2,811	3,5
55,951	66,050	3,700	1,954	2,335	72,951	73,050	4,351	2,374	2,963	79,951	80,050	5,002	2,819	3,6
6,051 6,151	66,150 66,250	3,710 3,719	1,960 1,966	2,343 2,351	73,051 73,151	73,150 73,250	4,361 4,370	2,380 2,386	2,973 2,982	80,051 80,151	80,150 80,250	5,012 5,021	2,827 2,835	3,6 3,6
6,251	66,350	3,728	1,972	2,359	73,251	73,350	4,379	2,392	2,991	80,251	80,350	5,030	2,843	3,6
6,351 6,451		3,738	1,978 1,984	2,367	73,351 73,451	73,450	4,389 4,398	2,398	3,001	80,351 80,451	80,450 80,550	5,040 5,049	2,851	3,6
6,551	66,650	3,756	1,990	2,383	73,551	73,650	4,407	2,410	3,019	80,551	80,650	5,058	2,867	3,6
6,651 6,751	66,750 66,850	3,766 3,775	1,996 2,002	2,391 2,399	73,651 73,751	73,750 73,850	4,417 4,426	2,416 2,422	3,028 3,038	80,651 80,751	80,750 80,850	5,068 5,077	2,875 2,883	3,6 3,6
6,851	66,950	3,784	2,008	2,407	73,851	73,950	4,435	2,428	3,047	80,851	80,950	5,086	2,891	3,6
6,951 7,051	67,050 67,150	3,793 3,803	2,014 2,020	2,415 2,423	73,951 74,051	74,050 74,150	4,444 4,454	2,434 2,440	3,056 3,066	80,951 81,051	81,050 81,150	5,095 5,105	2,899 2,907	3,7 3,7
7,151	67,250	3,812	2,026	2,431	74,151	74,250	4,463	2,446	3,075	81,151	81,250	5,114	2,915	3.7
7,251 7,351	67,350 67,450	3,821 3,831	2,032 2,038	2,439 2,447	74,251 74,351	74,350 74,450	4,472 4,482	2,452 2,458	3,084 3,094	81,251 81,351	81,350 81,450	5,123 5,133	2,923 2,931	3,7 3,7
7,451	67,550	3,840	2,044	2,455	74,451	74,550	4,491	2,464	3,103	81,451	81,550	5,142	2,939	3.7
7,551 7,651	67,650 67,750	3,849 3,859	2,050 2,056	2,463 2,471	74,551 74,651	74,650 74,750	4,500 4,510	2,470 2,476	3,112 3,121	81,551 81,651	81,650 81,750	5,151 5,161	2,947 2,955	3,7 3,7
7,751	67,850	3,868	2,062	2,480	74,751	74,850	4,519	2,482	3,131	81,751	81,850	5,170	2,963	3,7
67,851 67,951		3,877	2,068	2,489	74,851 74,951	74,950 75,050	4,528 4,537	2,488	3,140	81,851 81,951	81,950 82,050	5,179 5,188	2,971	3,7
8,051	68,150	3,896	2,080	2,508	75,051	75,150	4,547	2,500	3,159	82,051	82,150	5,198	2,987	3,8
8,151 8,251	68,250 68,350	3,905 3,914	2,086 2,092	2,517 2,526	75,151 75,251	75,250 75,350	4,556 4,565	2,506 2,512	3,168 3,177	82,151 82,251	82,250 82,350	5,207 5,216	2,995 3,003	3,8 3,8
8,351	68,450	3,924	2,098	2,536	75,351	75,450	4,575	2,518	3,187	82,351	82,450	5,226	3,011	3,8

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Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing S			eparately) 2 or 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Q				ualifying V	Vidow(er))	4 (Head of Household)					
If Your T	_		e Tax For ng Status		If Your Ta Income			ne Tax For ing Status		If Your Ta	_	The Tax For Filing Status		
At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is	At Least	But Not Over	1 Or 3 Is	2 Or 5 Is	4 Is
82,451 82,551 82,651 82,751 82,851	82,650 82,750 82,850	5,235 5,244 5,254 5,263 5,272	3,019 3,027 3,035 3,043 3,051	3,847 3,856 3,865 3,875 3,884	88,951 89,051 89,151 89,251 89,351	89,050 89,150 89,250 89,350 89,450	5,839 5,849 5,858 5,867 5,877	3,539 3,547 3,555 3,563 3,571	4,451 4,461 4,470 4,479 4,489	95,451 95,551 95,651 95,751 95,851	95,550 95,650 95,750 95,850 95,950	6,444 6,453 6,463 6,472 6,481	4,059 4,067 4,075 4,083 4,091	5,056 5,065 5,074 5,084 5,093
82,951 83,051 83,151 83,251 83,351	83,150 83,250 83,350	5,281 5,291 5,300 5,309 5,319	3,059 3,067 3,075 3,083 3,091	3,893 3,903 3,912 3,921 3,931	89,451 89,551 89,651 89,751 89,851	89,550 89,650 89,750 89,850 89,950	5,886 5,895 5,905 5,914 5,923	3,579 3,587 3,595 3,603 3,611	4,498 4,507 4,516 4,526 4,535	95,951 96,051 96,151 96,251 96,351	96,050 96,150 96,250 96,350 96,450	6,490 6,500 6,509 6,518 6,528	4,099 4,107 4,115 4,123 4,131	5,102 5,112 5,121 5,130 5,140
83,451 83,551 83,651 83,751 83,851	83,650 83,750 83,850	5,328 5,337 5,347 5,356 5,365	3,099 3,107 3,115 3,123 3,131	3,940 3,949 3,958 3,968 3,977	89,951 90,051 90,151 90,251 90,351	90,050 90,150 90,250 90,350 90,450	5,932 5,942 5,951 5,960 5,970	3,619 3,627 3,635 3,643 3,651	4,544 4,554 4,563 4,572 4,582	96,451 96,551 96,651 96,751 96,851	96,550 96,650 96,750 96,850 96,950	6,537 6,546 6,556 6,565 6,574	4,139 4,147 4,155 4,163 4,171	5,149 5,158 5,167 5,177 5,186
83,951 84,051 84,151 84,251 84,351	84,150 84,250 84,350	5,374 5,384 5,393 5,402 5,412	3,139 3,147 3,155 3,163 3,171	3,986 3,996 4,005 4,014 4,024	90,451 90,551 90,651 90,751 90,851	90,550 90,650 90,750 90,850 90,950	5,979 5,988 5,998 6,007 6,016	3,659 3,667 3,675 3,683 3,691	4,591 4,600 4,609 4,619 4,628	96,951 97,051 97,151 97,251 97,351	97,050 97,150 97,250 97,350 97,450	6,583 6,593 6,602 6,611 6,621	4,179 4,187 4,195 4,203 4,211	5,195 5,205 5,214 5,223 5,233
84,451 84,551 84,651 84,751 84,851	84,650 84,750 84,850	5,421 5,430 5,440 5,449 5,458	3,179 3,187 3,195 3,203 3,211	4,033 4,042 4,051 4,061 4,070	90,951 91,051 91,151 91,251 91,351	91,050 91,150 91,250 91,350 91,450	6,025 6,035 6,044 6,053 6,063	3,699 3,707 3,715 3,723 3,731	4,637 4,647 4,656 4,665 4,675	97,451 97,551 97,651 97,751 97,851	97,550 97,650 97,750 97,850 97,950	6,630 6,639 6,649 6,658 6,667	4,219 4,227 4,235 4,243 4,251	5,242 5,251 5,260 5,270 5,279
84,951 85,051 85,151 85,251 85,351	85,150 85,250 85,350	5,467 5,477 5,486 5,495 5,505	3,219 3,227 3,235 3,243 3,251	4,079 4,089 4,098 4,107 4,117	91,451 91,551 91,651 91,751 91,851	91,550 91,650 91,750 91,850 91,950	6,072 6,081 6,091 6,100 6,109	3,739 3,747 3,755 3,763 3,771	4,684 4,693 4,702 4,712 4,721	97,951 98,051 98,151 98,251 98,351	98,050 98,150 98,250 98,350 98,450	6,676 6,686 6,695 6,704 6,714	4,259 4,267 4,275 4,283 4,291	5,288 5,298 5,307 5,316 5,326
85,451 85,551 85,651 85,751 85,851	85,650 85,750 85,850	5,514 5,523 5,533 5,542 5,551	3,259 3,267 3,275 3,283 3,291	4,126 4,135 4,144 4,154 4,163	91,951 92,051 92,151 92,251 92,351	92,050 92,150 92,250 92,350 92,450	6,118 6,128 6,137 6,146 6,156	3,779 3,787 3,795 3,803 3,811	4,730 4,740 4,749 4,758 4,768	98,451 98,551 98,651 98,751 98,851	98,550 98,650 98,750 98,850 98,950	6,723 6,732 6,742 6,751 6,760	4,299 4,307 4,315 4,323 4,331	5,335 5,344 5,353 5,363 5,372
85,951 86,051 86,151 86,251 86,351	86,150 86,250 86,350	5,560 5,570 5,579 5,588 5,598	3,299 3,307 3,315 3,323 3,331	4,172 4,182 4,191 4,200 4,210	92,451 92,551 92,651 92,751 92,851	92,550 92,650 92,750 92,850 92,950	6,165 6,174 6,184 6,193 6,202	3,819 3,827 3,835 3,843 3,851	4,777 4,786 4,795 4,805 4,814	98,951 99,051 99,151 99,251 99,351	99,050 99,150 99,250 99,350 99,450	6,769 6,779 6,788 6,797 6,807	4,339 4,347 4,355 4,363 4,371	5,381 5,391 5,400 5,409 5,419
86,451 86,551 86,651 86,751 86,851	86,650 86,750 86,850	5,607 5,616 5,626 5,635 5,644	3,339 3,347 3,355 3,363 3,371	4,219 4,228 4,237 4,247 4,256	92,951 93,051 93,151 93,251 93,351	93,050 93,150 93,250 93,350 93,450	6,211 6,221 6,230 6,239 6,249	3,859 3,867 3,875 3,883 3,891	4,823 4,833 4,842 4,851 4,861	99,451 99,551 99,651 99,751 99,851	99,550 99,650 99,750 99,850 99,950	6,816 6,825 6,835 6,844 6,853	4,379 4,388 4,397 4,406 4,416	5,428 5,437 5,446 5,456 5,465
86,951 87,051 87,151 87,251 87,351	87,150 87,250 87,350	5,653 5,663 5,672 5,681 5,691	3,379 3,387 3,395 3,403 3,411	4,265 4,275 4,284 4,293 4,303	93,451 93,551 93,651 93,751 93,851	93,550 93,650 93,750 93,850 93,950	6,258 6,267 6,277 6,286 6,295	3,899 3,907 3,915 3,923 3,931	4,870 4,879 4,888 4,898 4,907		100,000 100,000 YO ING THE TA			
87,451 87,551 87,651 87,751 87,851	87,650 87,750 87,850	5,700 5,709 5,719 5,728 5,737	3,419 3,427 3,435 3,443 3,451	4,312 4,321 4,330 4,340 4,349	93,951 94,051 94,151 94,251 94,351	94,050 94,150 94,250 94,350 94,450	6,304 6,314 6,323 6,332 6,342	3,939 3,947 3,955 3,963 3,971	4,916 4,926 4,935 4,944 4,954					
87,951 88,051 88,151 88,251 88,351	88,250 88,350	5,746 5,756 5,765 5,774 5,784	3,459 3,467 3,475 3,483 3,491	4,358 4,368 4,377 4,386 4,396	94,451 94,551 94,651 94,751 94,851	94,550 94,650 94,750 94,850 94,950	6,351 6,360 6,370 6,379 6,388	3,979 3,987 3,995 4,003 4,011	4,963 4,972 4,981 4,991 5,000					
88,451 88,551 88,651 88,751 88,851	88,650 88,750 88,850	5,793 5,802 5,812 5,821 5,830	3,499 3,507 3,515 3,523 3,531	4,405 4,414 4,423 4,433 4,442	94,951 95,051 95,151 95,251 95,351	95,050 95,150 95,250 95,350 95,450	6,397 6,407 6,416 6,425 6,435	4,019 4,027 4,035 4,043 4,051	5,009 5,019 5,028 5,037 5,047					

2013 California Tax Rate Schedules



Go to **ftb.ca.gov** to e-file and eliminate the math. Or search our website for **tax calculator** to figure your tax online.

Use only if your taxable income on Form 540, line 19 is more than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or less, use the Tax Table.

	If the amount on Form 540, line 19 is over – But not over –	Enter on Form 540, line 31	of the amount over –
Schedule X – Use if your filing status is Single or Married/RDP Filing Separately	\$ 0 \$ 7,582	\$ 0.00 + 1.00%	\$ 0
	7,582 17,976	75.82 + 2.00%	7,582
	17,976 28,371	283.70 + 4.00%	17,976
	28,371 39,384	699.50 + 6.00%	28,371
	39,384 49,774	1,360.28 + 8.00%	39,384
	49,774 254,250	2,191.48 + 9.30%	49,774
	254,250 305,100	21,207.75 + 10.30%	254,250
	305,100 508,500	26,445.30 + 11.30%	305,100
	508,500 AND OVER	49,429.50 + 12.30%	508,500
Schedule Y – Use if your filing status is Married/RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child	\$ 0 \$ 15,164	\$ 0.00 + 1.00%	\$ 0
	15,164 35,952	151.64 + 2.00%	15,164
	35,952 56,742	567.40 + 4.00%	35,952
	56,742 78,768	1,399.00 + 6.00%	56,742
	78,768 99,548	2,720.56 + 8.00%	78,768
	99,548 508,500	4,382.96 + 9.30%	99,548
	508,500 610,200	42,415.50 + 10.30%	508,500
	610,200 1,017,000	52,890.60 + 11.30%	610,200
	1,017,000 AND OVER	98,859.00 + 12.30%	1,017,000
Schedule Z – Use if your filing status is Head of Household	\$ 0 \$ 15,174	\$ 0.00 + 1.00%	\$ 0
	15,174 35,952	151.74 + 2.00%	15,174
	35,952 46,346	567.30 + 4.00%	35,952
	46,346 57,359	983.06 + 6.00%	46,346
	57,359 67,751	1,643.84 + 8.00%	57,359
	67,751 345,780	2,475.20 + 9.30%	67,751
	345,780 414,936	28,331.90 + 10.30%	345,780
	414,936 691,560	35,454.97 + 11.30%	414,936

AND OVER

66,713.48 + 12.30%

691,560

How to Figure Tax Using the 2013 California Tax Rate Schedules

691,560

Example: Chris and Pat Smith are filing a joint tax return using Form 540. Their taxable income on Form 540, line 19 is \$125,000.

Step 1: Using Schedule Y, they find the taxable income range that includes their taxable income of \$125,000.

		Example	Your Income
Step 2:	They subtract the amount at the beginning of their range from their taxable income.	\$125,000 - 99,548 \$ 25,452	\$ - \$
Step 3:	They multiply the result from Step 2 by the percentage for their range.	\$ 25,452 x .0930 \$2,367.04	\$ *
Step 4:	They round the amount from Step 3 to two decimals (if necessary) and add it to the tax amount for their income range. After rounding the result, they will enter \$6,750 on Form 540, line 31.	\$4,382.96 + 2,367.04 \$6,750.00	\$ + \$

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Visit our website:

How To Get California Tax Information

Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications

By Internet – You can download, view, and print California income tax forms and publications at ftb.ca.gov or you may have these forms and publications mailed to you. Many of our most frequently used forms may be filed electronically, printed out for submission, and saved for record keeping.

By phone – To order California tax forms and publications:

- Refer to the list on page 67 and find the code number for the form you want to order.
- Call 800.338.0505.
- Select "Personal Income Tax."
- Select "Forms and Publications."
- Enter the three-digit form code when you are instructed.

Allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, allow three weeks to receive your order.

In person – Many post offices and libraries provide free California tax booklets during the filing season.

Employees at libraries and post offices cannot provide tax information or assistance.

By mail - Write to:

TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 307 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307

Letters

If you write to us, be sure your letter includes your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number and your daytime and evening telephone numbers. Send your letter to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040

We will respond to your letter within 10 weeks. In some cases, we may call you to respond to your inquiry, or ask you for additional information. Do not attach correspondence to your tax return unless the correspondence relates to an item on the return.

Your Rights As A Taxpayer

The FTB's goals include making certain that your rights are protected so that you have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our state tax system. FTB 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights, includes information on your rights as a California taxpayer, the Taxpayers' Rights Advocate Program, and how to request written advice from the FTB on whether a particular transaction is taxable. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications," on this page.

Privacy Notice

The Franchise Tax Board considers the privacy of your tax information to be of the utmost importance.

Reasons for Information Requests - We ask for tax return information so that we can administer the tax law fairly and correctly.

Rights and Responsibility - You have the right to see our records that contain your personal information. To obtain information about your records, you may write to:

DISCLOSURE OFFICER MS A181 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 1468 SACRAMENTO CA 95812-1468

or call: 800.852.5711 within the United States, or 916.845.6500 outside of the United States.

Your Responsibility - California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 18501 and 18621 require you to file a tax return on the forms we prescribe if you meet certain requirements. It is mandatory that you furnish all requested information. You may be charged penalties and interest, and in certain cases, you may be criminally prosecuted if you do not provide the information we ask for, or you provide fraudulent information.

Information Disclosures – As provided by law, we may give your tax information to other tax officials to determine your tax liability or collect tax amounts you owe. If you owe the Franchise Tax Board money we may also give your information to employers, financial institutions, county recorders, or others who hold assets belonging to you.

For full text of Franchise Tax Board's Privacy Notice, get FTB 1131 ENG/SP.

Need help with your tax return?

We provide free assistance to individuals with limited income and/or over the age of 60 who need help in completing simple federal and state income tax returns. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for vita.



The window to your info ftb.ca.gov

The window to your information . . . MyFTB Account

MyFTB Account is a secure online service allowing you to:

- View estimated tax payments, recent payments made, and the total balance due on your account.
- Look up your California wage and withholding and FTB-issued 1099-G and 1099-INT records.
- Update your mailing address and phone number.
- Pay online with Web Pay.
- Link to additional services offered by the FTB:
 - File your tax return with CalFile or ReadyReturn
 - Apply for an installment agreement
 - Check your refund status

- Request a paper copy of your filed tax return
- Sign-up for estimated tax payment email reminders

Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.



Automated Phone Service

(Keep This Booklet For Future Use)

Automated Phone Service

Use our automated phone service to get recorded answers to many of your questions about California Taxes and to order current year Personal Income Tax Forms and Publications. You can also:

- · Get current year tax refund information.
- Get balance due and payment information.

Have paper and pencil ready to take notes.

Telephone: 800.338.0505 from within the United States 916.845.6500 from outside the United States

Answers To Tax Questions

Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter the 3-digit code.

Code Filing Assistance

- Do I need to file a tax return?
- 111 Which form should I use?
- How do I file electronically and get a fast 112
- 201 How can I get an extension to file?
- 203 What is the nonrefundable renter's credit and how do I qualify?
- I never received a Form W-2. What do I do?
- I have no withholding taken out. What do I do?
- 206 Do I have to attach a copy of my federal tax return?
- 209 I lived in California for part of the year. Do I have to file a tax return?
- I did not live in California. Do I have to file a 210 tax return?
- Who qualifies me to use the head of household filing status?
- How much can I deduct for vehicle license fees?

Penalties

403 What is the estimate penalty rate?

Notices And Bills

- 503 How do I file a protest against a Notice of Proposed Assessment?
- How can I get information about my Form 1099-G?

Tax For Children

601 Can my child take a personal exemption credit when I claim her or him as a dependent on my tax return?

Miscellaneous

- What address do I send my payment to?
- 619 How do I report a change of address?

Order Forms and Publications

If your current address is on file, you can order California tax forms and publications. Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Forms and Publications," and enter the 3-digit code.

Code California Tax Forms and Publications

- California Resident Income Tax Booklet: Form 540, Resident Income Tax Return
- Form 540 2EZ Tax Booklet 965
- Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments

- Residents, FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, and Schedule D, California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment
- 969 Large Print Resident Booklet
- 970 Resident Booklet on Audio CD
- 907 Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals
- Form 540X, Amended Individual Income 908 Tax Return
- 909 Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property
- 910 Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions
- Schedule P (540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations - Residents
- Schedule S, Other State Tax Credit
- 914 California Nonresident Income Tax Booklet: Long and Short Form 540NR, Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return
- Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
- 918 Schedule P (540NR), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
- FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care **Expenses Credit**
- 937 FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Tax Return
- 921 FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals
- FTB 3520, Power of Attorney
- FTB 3525, Substitute for W-2 Wage and Tax 922 Statement
- 923 FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction
- FTB 3540, Credit Carryover and Recapture 940 Summary
- 949 FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request
- 924 FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income
- 929 FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations
- FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income 925
- 928 FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes from Qualified Retirement Plans
- 926 FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) -Individuals
- FTB 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of 943
- 927 FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries
- FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to 919 California Adjustments
- 920 FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- FTB Pub. 1006, California Tax Forms and Related Federal Forms
- 946 FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities
- 941 FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- 942 FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/ RDP Filing Separate Returns
- FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status

Current Year Refund Information

If you file by mail, wait at least 8 weeks after you file your tax return before you call to find out about your refund. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

Balance Due and Payment Information

Wait at least 45 days from the date you mailed your payment before you call to verify receipt. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this

General Phone Service

Telephone assistance is available year-round from 7 a.m. until 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, except holidays. Hours are subject to change.

Telephone: 800.852.5711 from within

the United States

916.845.6500 from outside

the United States

800.829.1040 for federal tax questions, call the IRS

TTY/TDD: 800.822.6268 for persons with

hearing or speech impairments

Large-print forms and instructions - The Resident Booklet is available in large print upon request and is also available on audio CD. See "Order Forms and Publications" on this page or "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 66.

Asistencia bilingüe en español

Asistencia telefónica está disponible todo el año durante las 7 a.m. y las 5 p.m. lunes a viernes, excepto días feriados. Las horas están sujetas a cambios.

Teléfono: 800.852.5711 dentro de los

Estados Unidos

916.845.6500 fuera de los

Estados Unidos

800.829.1040 para preguntas sobre impuestos federales

800.822.6268 personas con TTY/TDD:

discapacidades auditivas y

del habla

ReadvReturn

If you are single and your income is only from wages, you may qualify for this free service. We provide you with a pre-filled 2013 tax return. To see if you qualify:

- Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for readyreturn or
- Call 800.338.0505.